Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, AUGUST 31, 1869. NUMBER 199.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, P. M.

NEWS BY CABLE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, August 30.—The *Times* says there is much anxiety with respect to French intelligence. Napoleon was certainly ill, but none spoke of any imminent danger. There was the utmost uneasiness in Parisian society, and on the bourse the panic was intense on Thursday, and has been so since, though the alarm is now subsiding. The news is still confused and contradictory, and public opinion refuses to be reassured. We have no wish to lay great stress on the Emperor's indisposition, but we hardly believe the rumors are the result of stock strategems, but do not think any good in the end can be served by the stu bborn denial of the fact of the Emperor's sickness. It is not without reason that physicians attend at St. Cloud daily. It is satisfactory to hear that he is able to transact business.

LONDON, August 30.—*Evening.*—The reports from Paris of the Emperor's health continue reassuring. The *Independence Belge* asserts that the Emperor Napoleon is confined to his bed by a chronic malady, but that the present attack is not of an alarming character.

It is reported from Rome that fifty bishops only have declined to attend the Ecumenical Council.

LONDON, August 30.—The *Times* has a leader to-day on the late Anglo American boat race, in the course of which it says the issue of this match is no inapt illustration of the difference between the two nations. The Englishmen were heavier than the Harvards, but it remains doubtful to which side the balance of strength inclined. As for gallantry, energy and pluck the Harvards showed an example we may humbly hope to equal, but cannot excel. The victory was of education. Here the advantage was all on our side. We live a close life; the competition is sharper. The lessons passed are serving and exact. The margin of our lives is so narrow that every possible economy of strength is utilized. Rowing with us is a science, developed by men who make it their business, and knew that in contests the slightest wrinkle told. Thus the Oxford knew precisely where to abstain as well as where as to abound. The advantage is not without drawbacks, for nations, like men, should have a reserve of natural endowments, so as to be better able to meet the days when the progress of others is equalized in the benefits of training.

Excursions were made yesterday by the Irish citizens of London to Hampton Court and Gravesend. At both places the excursionists organized meetings at which appeals were made to the Government for an amnesty to the Fenians now under conviction.

The suspension of a bank in Vienna is announced, name not yet ascertained.

LONDON, August 30.—Mr. Mayo, formerly of Newport, was yesterday shot and killed. The assassination is regarded as an agrarian outrage. The murderer is not yet arrested.

SOUTH AMERICA.

LONDON, August 30.—Authentic details of the war in Paraguay are received No operations have been attempted by the allies against the forces of Lopez in the mountains, nor have the Paraguayans offered any opposition to Gen. Partena's march on Villa Rica. The chief position of Lopez in the Cordilleras commands such a view that no movement of the allies can pass unseen by him.

LONDON, August 30.—Mr. Stuart, British Minister to the Argentine Confederation, in a dispatch dated Buenos Ayres, July 26th, says: Gen. McMahon, late Minister for the United States to Paraguay, had arrived there. He reported he left the British subjects who were in the service of Lopez in good health, well satisfied with their condition and treatment, and not at all anxious to leave the country. He brought with him a considerable sum of money from them for parties in England and the United States, and states that in some cases President Lopez made them advances to enable them to provide for their friends at home.

General McMahon was to leave soon for England, bearing letters and messages he had been commissioned to deliver.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, August 30.—Baron Buest to-dav closed the session of the Austrian and Hungarian delegations. In his speech he announced he was authorized to give the Emperor's sanction to the resolutions they had respectively adopted. He said their proceedings would fix attention upon foreign affairs and contribute to the maintenance of peace.

FRANCE.

PARIS, August 30.—The following is official: "The condition of the Emperor grows more and more satisfactory."

The regulations for the navigation of Suez Canal are published. They state that the canal will be open to vessels of all nationalities, with draught of less than seven and a half metres.

CHINA.

HONG KONG, August 5, *via.* LONDON, August 30.—The reports of the massacre of Christian missionaries in the province of Zeichnen are confirmed. Twenty are known to have been killed by the populace. The Pekin government has instituted inquiries concerning the outrages.

SERVIA.

PESTH, August 30.—The Supreme Court has approved the impeachment of Prince Karageorgewich for the assassination of the late Prince of Servia, but has permitted him, under heavy bail, to leave his prison in order to prepare his defence.

SPAIN.

MADRID, August 30.—Gen. Prim has had no interview with Napoleon, but has been promised an audience as soon as the latter recovers from his illness.

Gen. Isquierdo has resigned the office of Captain General of New Castle.

MARINE NEWS.

LONDON, August 30.—The steamers Union, Colorado, Bellona and Caledonia, from New York, have arrived out.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, August 30.—*Evening.*—Consols 93½; account 93⅛@93¼. Five-twenty bonds: '62s, 83⅞; '65s, 83⅜; '67s, 82½; 10-40s, 76¼; '62s at Frankfort 88⅜; Eries, 22½; Illinois, 74¼. Stocks quiet; French rentes 71f. 92c.

LIVERPOOL, August 30.—Cotton easier; uplands 13½d; Orleands 13⅝@13¾d: sales of 6.000 bales, including 2,000 bales for speculation and export. California white wheat 10s. 8d.@10s. 9d; red western 9s. 5d. Western flour 24s. 6d. Corn 30s. 6d. Oats 3s. 6d. Peas 44s. Pork 107s. 6d. Beef 90s. Lard 77s. Cheese 61s. 6d. Bacon 66s. 6d.

LONDON, August 30.—Tallow 46s. 6d. Spirits Turpentine 26s. 6d.@26s. 9d. Petroleum at Antwerp 55¼f. Cotton at Havre 162½f.

THE CAPITAL.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, August 30, 1869.

The President will return to Washington to-morrow morning and a Cabinet meeting will be held. All the members, excepting Messrs. Hoar, Boutwell and Robeson are expected. Mr. Field will attend as the representative of the Attorney General and Judge Richardson as that of the Treasury Department.

The internal revenue receipts to-day amounted to $937,000.

Secretary Rawlins is much better. He was at the Department to-day.

The base ball match between the Olympics, of Washington, and the Athletics, of Philadelphia, resulted in favor of the Athletics. Score: 30 to 28.

George Peabody passed through Washington to-night on his way to Baltimore.

TENNESSEE.

Negroes Driven from Plantations by Lawless White Men—Planters Seeking Protection.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NASHVILLE, August 30.—Yesterday and to day nearly one hundred negroes have come to this place from the neighborhood of Rutherford county, and they report that they have been driven away from home by lawless white men. These negroes have been working on shares with planters, and they as well as the planters will lose heavily if they are not protected in securing the crops. A well-known planter from that neighborhood, which makes about three hundred bales of cotton, has been threatened by the regulators, and was here to-day to see what can be done to protect himself and the negroes in his employ. Bands of lawless white men are operating also in Sumner county, visiting negro cabins and taking their occupants out and whipping them. The men engaged in this business are wholly irresponsible, will not work themselves and desire to prevent others from enjoying the fruits of their labor. General Senter's proclamation warning them may have some effect, but it is probable the planters will have to form combinations for self protection.

NEW YORK CITY.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, August 30, 1869.

President Grant passed through this afternoon for Washington.

Slightly increased rates of freight have been adopted by the Erie and New York Central routes, viz: to Chicago 43 cents, Cincinnati 40, Louisville 55, and St. Louis 58, all the way by rail.

The skirt and shawl factory of Wm. Hoffman, at Tremont, Westchester county, employing three hundred hands, was burned yesterday. Loss $60,000; insured for $50,000.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* reports that in one large village in Russia seventeen hundred persons, members of a new fanatical sect, burned themselves to death.

The steamship France, from Liverpool, has arrived.

Latest from Cuba.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, August 30.—Letters from the jurisdiction of Colon state that the insurgents have left that quarter, going eastward, and taking with them all the slaves of the San Antoine estate. The Governor of Sagua La Grande surprised the insurgents at Encrucijada and killed twelve of them.

A *te deum* is ordered to be sung in the churches of Puerto Principe for the disappearance of the cholera.

Captain Urcola, with one hundred men, killed ten insurgents and took thirteen prisoners near Cubatas, in the furisdiction of Puerto Principe.

The *Diario*, in its editorial semi-monthly review of the situation for the Spanish steamer, regrets its inability to send flattering notices regarding the suppression of the insurrection, but reiterates the statement that the Spaniards are completely in the ascendancy in seven jurisdictions of the Eastern and Central Departments.

Great Excitement in the Anthracite Coal Regions.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SCRANTON, Pa., August 30.—From one thousand to fifteen hundred men from the coal fields north and south of this city arrived here to-day by rail and wagons. Their avowed purpose is to prevent the coal miners of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company continuing at work. They are now holding a second meeting, but have taken no forcible action thus far. A meeting of citizens has been called by the Mayor to protect the miners, and volunteers are fast enrolling. A meeting of the Select Council is called for this afternoon. Much excitement prevails.

Base Ball at Wheeling.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WHEELING, W. VA., August 30.—The match game of base ball between the Haymakers, of Lansingburgh, and the Baltics, of this city, was witnessed by two thousand people. The game was called at the close of the sixth inning, to enable the Haymakers to leave on the 5 P. M. train, the score standing 50 to 16 in favor of the Haymakers.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

CITY COUNCILS.

Regular Meeting—Petitions—Remonstrances—Resolutions—Reports of Committees and ordinances—Water Extension—Rtrenchment and Reform—&c.

A regular meeting of the Select and Common Councils of the city of Pittsburgh, was held yesterday, (Monday), August 30th, at two o'clock, P. M.

Select Council.

Members present: Messrs. Ahl, Ahlborn, Armstrong, Brown, Burgwin, Coffin, Craig, Edwards, Gallaher, Gross, Hailman, Hartman, Jones, Kane, Kehew, Kirk, Laufman, Littell, Lloyd, Marshall, Morrow, Murray, McClelland, McEwen, McMahon, Phillips, Rafferty, Reese, Rush, Schmidt, Scully Shipton, Torrens, S. J. Wainwright, Z. Wainwright, Watson, White and Zern.

On motion of Mr Brown Mr. Gross was called to the chair

The minutes of the preceeding meeting were read and aproved.

PETITIONS.

Mr. Murray presented a petition for the opening of Roup street, accompanied by an ordinance providing for the same.

The petition was received and the ordinance read three times and passed.

Mr. Brown presented a petition asking for the opening of Federal street from Wylie street to Webster avenue, accompanied by an ordinonce providing for the same. The petition was received.

Mr. Rafferty moved that the ordinance lay over for thirty days. The motion was adopted.

Mr. Coffin presented a petition for grading and paving Diamond street from the Diamond to Liberty street, accompanied by an ordinance authorizing the same. The petition was received and the ordinance read three times end passed under a suspension of the rules.

Also, a petition for a sewer on Diamond street. Referred to Committee on Streets and Sewers.

Mr. Torrens presented a petition for a sewer on Fourth avenue, from Market to Ferry street. Referred to Committee on Streets and Sewers.

Mr. Watson, an ordinance fixing the place of holding elections in the Sixteenth ward.

The ordinance was read three times and passed.

Mr. Scully, an ordinance regulating the sale of petroleum or burning oil.

Passed to a second reading and laid over under the rules.

Mr. Burgwin presented a report from the Ordinance Committee relative to the collecting of vehicle license from residents of the city who reside in the rural districts, and are required to pay toll to reach the central part of the city. Accompanying which was an ordinance relieving said citizens from paying such license.

Mr. Shipton moved to lay the ordinance on the table.

Mr. Burgwin called for the yeas and nays, which resulted as follows: Yeas, 9; nays. 27. So the motion was lost.

Mr. Burgwin moved to suspend the rules in order to pass the ordinance finally, which was adopted.

The ordinance was then passed finally.

Mr. Brown presented a petition for the laying of gas pipe on Crawford street. Referred to the Gas Committee.

SUNDRY ORDINANCES.

Mr. Brown, Chairman of the Ordinance Committee, presented the report of the Committtee, accompanied by the following ordinances:

An ordinance relating to carts and carriages standing on streets. Read three times and passed.

An ordinanco relative to the sale of salt. Laid over under the rules.

An ordinance requiring bill posters to procure a license. Read three times and passed.

An ordinance relating to the construction of awnings. Read three times and passed.

An ordinance creating the office of Milk Inspector and regulating the sale of milk. Read a second time and laid over, and ordered to be published one time.

An ordinance relating to dogs. Laid on the table.

An ordinance relative to the construction of an iron-clad building. Roferred to the Committee on Wooden Buildings.

Mr. White presented a petition for water mains on Miltenberger street. Referred to the Water Committee.

Mr. Phillips presented a report from the Committee on City Property, recommending the opening of Forty-third street, accompanied by a resolution recommending the adoption of the report of viewers on said street.

The report was accepted.

Mr. Kirk opposed the confirmation of the report.

Mr. Phillips substituted an ordinance instead of the resolution to have the street graded and paved from Butler street to the City Station House, a distance of one square.

The ordinance was read three times and passed.

Mr. Morrow presented the report of the Committee on City Printing, relative to the bill of Errett, Anderson & Co., for printing the City Digest, which was accompanied by a resolution instructing the Controller to certify a warrant in favor of the said firm for the sum of $1,925.50. Also that the Controller be instructed to furnish each city officer, not supplied, with a copy of the Digest.

The report was accepted and the resolution adopted.

Mr. Burgwin presented a resolution relative to the election on the Park question, providing that if the citizens decide to have a Park that said Park shall not be situated at a greater distance than two and one half miles from the court house.

Mr. Hailman moved to lay the resolution on the table. Adopted.

CONTROLLER'S REPORT.

Mr. Phillips, from the Finance Committee, presented the report of the Controller, of which the following is a

RECAPITULATION:

Received from regular sources		$473,862 69
" " sales of Water Bonds and accrued laterest		92 792.78
Total		$566,655.47
Paid on warrants	$457,558.60	
" by order of Finance Committee	820.43	$458,379 03
Balance on hand		$108,276.44

The report was received and a resolution authorizing the payment of sundry bills was adopted.

NEW WATER WORKS.

Mr. Coffin presented the report of the Water Committee, relative to the construction of a new water works recommending the adoption of the report of Milner Roberts, Esq., previously published, accompanied by an ordinance providing for the purchase of lands for a basin.

Mr. Phillips moved that the ordinance lay over for one month and that the Committee be instructed to emp oy the best engineer they can find to survey the Monongahela river and make report as to the adaptation of that stream for a water supply.

A lengthy discussion ensued, after which Mr. Burgwin submitted the following:

Resolved, That the report be recommitted to the Committee with instructions to report the reasons for and against the location of the Reservoir on the Monongahela river, with a view to obtaining our supply of water from that river, and that they call in the aid of competent engineers and chemists for the purpose of obtaining information on the subject, and that Councils hold a session at the call of the Committee to hear and consider their report.

After some further discussion the question was called on Mr. Burgwin's resolution.

Before a vote was taken Mr. Wainwright moved to lay the resolution on the table, which motion prevailed.

Mr. Hailman moved the ordinance relative to the purchase of a site for the water works be read three times and passed.

Mr. Phillips objected.

Mr. Hailman then moved a suspension of the rules.

Mr. Hartman called the yeas and nays with the following result:

Yeas—Messrs. Ahlborn, Armstrong, Brown, Coffin, Edwards, Gallaher, Gross, Hailman, Jones, Kehew, Kirk, Littell, Lloyd, Marshall, Morrow, McClelland, McMahon, Rees, Scully, Shipton, S. J. Wainwright, Z. Wainwright, Watson, White, Zern—25.

Nays—Messrs. Ahl. Burgwin, Craig, Hartman, Kane, Laufman, Murray, McEwen, Phillips, Rafferty, Schmidt, Torrens—12.

So the rules were not suspended.

Mr. Phillips offered the following:

Resolved, That the Water Committee be requested to procure the best Engineering ability to examine the Monongahela river as to its supply, and submit the water of all streams to a competent chemist and report the annalysis of the same at the earliest possible date.

Mr. Edwards moved to lay the resolution on the table.

Mr. Phillips called the yeas and nays, with the following result:

Ayes: Messrs. Ahlborn, Armstrong, Brown, Coffin, Edwards, Gross, Hailman, Jones, Kehew, Kirk, Littell. Marshall, Morrow, McClelland, McMahon. Rees' Shipton, Weinwright; S. J.. Wainwright, Z., White, Zern.—21

Nays: Messrs Ahl, Burgwin, Craig, Gallaher, Hartman, Kane, Laufman, Murray, McEwen. Phillips, Rafferty, Schmidt, Scully, Torrens, and Watson. —15.

So the resolution was laid on the table.

Mr. Kirk presented an ordinance relative to the opening of Forty-third street, repealing ordinances providing for the same.

Read three times and passed under a suspension of the rules.

Mr. McMahon presented a remonstrance against the opening of Hatfield street, in the Seventeenth ward, accompanied by an ordinance repealing an ordinance providing for the opening of said street. Read three times and passed under a suspension of the rules.

Mr. Jones presented a petition for the opening of Crescent street, accompanied by an ordinance. The petition was received and the ordinance read three times and passed, under a suspension of the rules.

Also a petition for opening an alley in Reiss & Berger's plan of lots, in the Thirteenth ward. Referred to Committee on Roads.

Mr. Brown presented an ordinance relative to markets, repealing section eighteen of an ordinance regulating markets. Read once and laid over under the rules.

Mr. Gallagher presented a resolution instructing the Mayor to have the Park tickets distributed. Adopted.

Mr. Morrow presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That the City Engineer be instructed to proceed at once to pave Fifth avenue and have it placed in a passable condition. Adopted.

Mr Rafferty moved to reconsider the action of council on the motion to suspend the rules to pass the ordinance providing for the purchase of a site for water works. Adopted.

Mr. M'Clelland then moved a suspension of the rules and the passage of the ordinance.

Mr. Phillips called for yeas and nays. The motion, requiring a three forths vote, to suspend the rules, was defeated by a vote of 23 for to 8 against.

On motion of Mr. Burgwin council adjourned.

Common Council.

Convened at the usual hour. President Tomlinson in the Chair.

Present, Messrs. Albeitz, Anderson, Ardary, Barr, Barton, Batchelor, Bell, Berger, Black, Boggs, Booth, Carroll, Case, Chislett, Dain, Daub, Dunseath, Fleming, Gerner, Gildenfenney, Hare, Houston, Hutchison, Jahn, Jamison, Jones, Lanahan, McCandless, McCarthy, McKelvy, McMasters, Meyer, Moore, Morgan, Morton, Palmer, Pearson, Penney, Potts, Rebman, Reed. Rook, Rosewell, Sims, Scott, Verner, Vick, Waughter, Weisenberger, Weldon, Welsh, Wilson, Tomlinson, President.

Minutes of preceding meeting read and approved

PETITIONS, &C.

Mr. Welsh presented a petition for a gas lamp on Grant street and Strawberry alley. Referred to the Committee on Gas.

Mr. McCarthy, petition from W. Moore and W. H. Ward for exoneration from sewer assessment. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. Case, resolution for laying of water pipe on Miltenberger street, if there was a sufficient number of residents to justify the same for the work. Passed.

Mr. McCandless, a petition for water on Keating's alley, Eleventh Ward. Referred to Water Committee, with power to act.

Also, a petition for gas lamps on Arthurs and Overhill streets. Referred to Committee on Gas.

Also, a petition for flag stone crossing on Wylie street extension, at its intersection with Arthur. Referred to Street Committee with power to act.

Mr. McKelvy, a resolution instructing the Street Committee to advertise for proposals for grading and paving Twenty-seventh street from Penn street to Allegheny river. Adopted.

Mr. Wauchter, a petition for change of grade of Webster avenue, Thirteenth Ward. Referred to Street Committee with power to act.

Mr. Scott, a petition for gas lamp on Forty fifth street. Referred to Gas Committee.

Also, a remonstrance against opening of Spruce alley, Seventeenth Ward. Referred to Committee on Streets.

Also, petition for gas lamp on Fortieth street. Referred to Gas Committee.

Also, petition for numbering houses on Fortieth street. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. Pearson, petition for change of grade on Fortieth street. Referred to Street Committee.

Also, resolution for laying gas main on Forty-third street. Referred to Gas Committee.

Also, for gas lamp on Forty-fifth street, corner of Butler. Referred to Gas Committee.

Also, resolution for water pipe on Forty-third street. Referred to Water Committee.

Mr. Barton, remonstrance against assessments of damages for widening Penn street, late Greensburg pike. Received and filed

THE STREET DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Weldon presented the report of the Street Committee, as follows:

"Your Committee on Streets would report the following ordinances: One in relation to alleys twelve feet wide; one for opening Fifth avenue to its full width between Dinwiddie and Jummonville streets; one for widening the sidewalk on Fortieth street; one for opening Denny street; one for grading and paving Twenty-second street; one relieving the Pittsburgh, Oakland and East Liberty Passenger Railway Company from keeping the streets clean and in repair; one for change of grade of Webster avenue: one for partial grading of Cooper street."

The report was accepted.

The ordinance relative to authorizing the Street Committee to take charge of all alleys twelve feet wide, cleaning, grading, paving and keeping them in proper order, was laid over under the rules, Mr. Penney objecting.

The ordinance releasing the Pittsburgh, Oakland and East Liberty Passenger Railway from keeping the streets along their line in good order for the period of five years was laid on the table.

All the remaining ordinances reported by the Street Committee were read three times and passed, under a suspension of the rules.

Mr. Case offered a resolution instructing the Street Committee to direct the contractor to have repaved that portion of Fifth (late Pennsylvania) avenue torn up by the construction of the sewer in the thoroughfare.

This resolution provoked some discussion, during which Mr. Weldon, Chairman of the Street Committee, stated the object of the proposed ordinance (which had been laid on the table) relieving the passenger railway from the liability to keep the street in repair for a period of five years, was to have the thoroughfare, for the distance torn up by the construction of the sewer, repaved from curb to curb, and placed in good condition, the company expressing a willingness to make the improvement in consideration of the relief extended. Otherwise, the contractor being obliged only to replace the street as he found it, the repaving would amount to nothing more than a patched-up job.

Mr. Case stated it was absolutely necessary the street should be repaired without delay, the construction of the sewer, and also the necessary relaying of the passenger railway track, rendering it in a very bad condition, unsafe for vehicles. He understood the contractor was awaiting instruction from the Street Committee.

The resolution, after verbal amendment, was finally passed.

NEW SURVEYS.

Mr. Chislett, chairman of the Survey Committee, presented the plan for the alteration of Liberty avenue. Laid over. Also plan for Bellfield avenue. Laid over. Also for the adoption of Lang street, Fifteenth ward, accompanied by a petition and ordinance for grading of the same to a width of forty feet, from Greensburg Pike to Pennsylvania Railroad. Plan adopted and ordinance read three times and passed.

Mr. Anderson called up the plan of Bellfield avenue, laying out the same to a width of sixty feet. The plan was then approved.

Mr. Chislett also offered a plan of Kelley's lot near Wilkinsburg. Laid over.

RETRENCHMENT AND REFORM.

The next business in order was reports from the special committees.

Mr. Morgan presented the report of the Committee on Retrenchment and Reform, which he said had been signed by a majority of the members of the Committee. The report was as follows:

GENTLEMEN—Your Committee on Retrenchment and Reform, beg leave, most respectfully, to submit the following as their second report:

From various sources rumors reached your Committee that irregularities had been committed by the contractor to furnish the city with water pipe and miscellaneous castings, and your Committee investigated these rumors. They employed men and horses, and hauled four pipes, twenty inches in diameter, taken indiscriminately from a number that had been delivered to the city, and were lying on Butler street had them weighed by the City Weighmaster, at the Forty-third street scales, and found them to average 2,668 pounds.

They then took the weight of 285 pipes as charged by the contractor upon bills on file in the office of the City Assessor of Water Rents, and ascertained that the contractor had charged each pipe at 2,852 pounds, which is 134 pounds per pipe more than the average of the pipes we weighed.

The Committee then weighed six eight-inch pipes lying on Second avenue, and found them to average 664 pounds, whereas the weight of 147 pipes as per bills on file in the office of the City Assesser, charged by the contractor to the city, averages 720 pounds, making a difference of 56 pounds upon each pipe of eight-inch diameter and twelve feet long.

Your Committee also weighed two twenty inch water pipe on the contractor's private scales, at his works. One of the pipes was marked 2,836 pounds, and weighed 2,820 pounds, a difference of sixteen pounds against the city. One marked 2,850 pounds, weighed 2,850; this is the only pipe that the weight corresponded with the marks. Three fifteen inch pipes, one of them marked 1,665, weighed 1,651, a difference of fourteen pounds against the city. One marked 1,110, weighed 1,070, a difference of forty pounds against the city. One marked 1,620, weighed 1,570, a difference of fifty-six pounds against the city. They also weighed three eight inch pipes on his scales, upon which the marks were in a great measure destroyed; and from his son, who attempted to decipher them, found that they weighed from four to six pounds more than they were marked. These last pipes were not made or marked for delivery to the city.

The Committee learned with pain that an attempt had been made to thwart them in these investigations, the Assessor of Water Rents having been notified that he would be discharged if he gave your Committee any information, or allowed them to examine any books or papars in his office. Examining books or papers was out of the question. The former Assessor of Water Rents had removed all books and papers belonging to the city, and they could not be found until he chose to return them, on the 23d instant.

Your Committee would recommend that in future, every city officer, on retiring, shall be compelled to hand over forthwith all papers and books in his possession belonging to, or in any way pertaining to the business of the city.

Your Committee would also call your attention to the very loose manner in which contracts are made between the city and persons to furnish articles for the use of the city. The contract for pipes does not specify any weight per foot for the various diameters used by the city, and we find that some of the twenty inch pipe vary from 2,940 to 2,575 pounds. This should not be. If the 2,575 pound is good water pipe of twenty inch diameter, then the city is paying three cents per pound for 300 pounds more iron than is necessary, and if 2,940 is the right weight, then the city is paying for pipes that are not good and will not answer the purpose for which they are intended.

It does not appear to be the duty of any person to test or weigh the pipes made and delivered to the city, so that each one shall stand the pressure for which they are intended, and see that the city is not wronged. The contractor sends any and every kind, and no one looks after the interest of the city.

Your Committee would recommend that the further extension of water pipes in the new city districts be discontinued, as the present water supply is inadequate; and it is, we believe, a useless expenditure of money upon which the taxpayers have to pay seven per centum per annum. We therefore offer the following:

Resolved, That the Water Committee be instructed to discontinue the extension of water mains in the new city districts; and the Finance Committee discontinue the sale of Water Loan bonds, assumed by the Water Committee. [illegible] will pay the debts now

To enable your Committee to proceed [illegible] their investigations of various matters [illegible] them, they respectfully ask [illegible] bodies respectfully to delegate to them your power to send for persons and papers and issue subpœnas to compel their atttendance, which you have authority to do by section twenty-sixth of the act of Assembly, approved April 7, 1867. We therefore ask the passage of the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Mayor be requested to issue such subpœnas as may be required by the Committee on Retrenchment and Reform in their investigations of matters pertaining to the business of the city.

A third resolution authorized the Committee to go to the expense necessary to take up water pipe laid in the new districts during the present year, for the purpose of ascertaining the weight thereof.

After reading the report, Mr. Morgan asked that the rules be suspended and the resolutions passed.

Mr. Penney objected to taking them together. They were different in intent, and he thought it better to consider them *seriatim*.

The President suggested that the report must be received before anything else.

On motion, the report was received, and

The rules were accordingly suspended, and a discussion on the passage of the resolutions ensued.

Mr. Barton thought it was a mistake about the insufficient supply of water, and he could see no use of stopping the laying of the pipe. He, however, had no objection to the Committee's investigations, but wished to have the laying of the water pipe continue.

Mr. Chislett said it would cost a great deal more to stop these contracts now, as in many places the trenches were dug and the pipes on the ground ready to be laid.

Mr. Barton moved to amend by referring the resolution to the Water Committee.

Mr. Weldon said the Water Committe had anticipated the intent of the resolution by their action, as mentioned in the report.

Mr. Case said he had been informed that $360,000 had been expended in laying these pipes, which could not be filled with the present water supply. It seemed as if the water was very scarce, judging from its filthy condition.

Mr. Morgan moved the passage of the first resolution. He said thousands and thousands of dollars were being expended in laying water pipes in the new city districts which could not be used for perhaps three or five years, owing to the limited capacity of the present water works. The citizens were compelled to pay on this money seven per cent. which was rather a heavy burden for nothing. The water supply of the basin was insufficient to supply the outer districts, and until new works could be built it was a waste of money to lay the pipes.

Mr Weldon thought by the new arrangement of tapping the water main, all these pipes would be filled hereafter.

Mr Scott said the citizens of Lawrenceville were satisfied to pay their taxes, and he considered this a good evidence that their supply of water, though perhaps not as large as they desired, was still satisfactory, for the present, till the new arrangement would be tried.

Mr. McCandless said it was generally conceded that the present supply of water was too small, and he had thought the laying of new pipes which could not be filled a useless expense. He favored the construction of a new water works before any more new pipe was laid.

Mr. Houston, thought it discourteous to pass a resolution of this kind when the water Committee had stopped laying the pipe. It looked like a censure of them.

Mr. Morgan said the Committee had

(Continued on Eighth Page.)

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PENNSYLVANIA.

OIL CITY has a brass band.

MEADVILLE has an opera house.

THE Westerman Iron Works at Sharon have resumed operations.

HON. HENRY M. WATTS, late Minister to Austria, has arrived at home.

THE State Fair will be at Harrisburg this year, beginning on the 28th of September.

ERIE COUNTY temperance men talk of nominating a ticket for the coming election for county officials.

ERIE is to have a new paper published semi-weekly by Mr. B. F. H. Lynn, late editor of the Erie *Dispatch*.

THE supply of water in Columbia is very limited, and street sprinkling is among the things that were.

GREENVILLE is considered by the Greenvillains to be the best manufacturing point in Western Pennsylvania.

A COMPANY, for manufacturing Agricultural implements, has been organized in New Castle and $25,000 of the stock has already been taken.

SNYDER county has a luxuriant supply of snakes this year. The season has been unusually favorable there for all of the snake crops but the copperheads.

HON. ELI SLIFER has been suffering from an attack of brain fever, and his friends hardly hoped for his recovery, but we see by the Lewisburgh *Chronicle* that he is convalescent.

GOV. GEARY and Asa Packer have been invited to attend the Fall Exhibition of the Berks County Agricultural Society, and both have accepted. Gen. Grant has also been invited, but had not replied at last accounts.

A FOUR foot vein of coal of excellent quality has been discovered in Hickory township, Mercer county, near Woodford's Corners. It is said to be the nicest quality of block coal yet discovered in Mercer county.

THE Johnstown *Tribune* says: A carpet bag containing the remains of an infant was discovered near the Whisky Springs Hotel on Sunday evening last. The Coroner was summoned, but nothing was learned in regard to who placed it there.

THE barn, stable, corn-crib and spring house of Thomas M. Patterson, Cross Creek township, Washington county, were, with their contents destroyed by fire last week. The fire began in the stable which was struck by lightning. The loss was about $10,000 and no insurance.

THERE are twelve stage lines engaged in carrying passengers to and fro between Pleasantville and Titusville. Also lines from West Hickory. Tidioute and Pithole. These lines are well supported. Some say Pleasantville is "played out," but the amount of travel does not look like it.—*Gas Light.*

THE Ellenville *Journal* is responsible for the statement that a lady in Pike county, whose eyesight is poor, while piecing carpet rags in the basement of her house, a few days since, stooped down to pick up what she took to be a long strip of black cloth, and was somewhat astonished when it commenced moving off in the shape of a large snake.

A SON of Jeremiah F. Werner, Esq., of Schuylkill county, about 12 years of age, while out in the woods, was bitten in the instep by a rattlesnake. Having with him some onions, salt and tobacco, he made a poultice of them, and applied it immediately to the wound. He had much pain, but the swelling was slight. There was no serious effect, and he is now recovering.

ON Thursday last, Mrs. Sarah A. Benedict, of this Borough, stepped on a board that had several old, rusty nails in it. One of the nails penetrated her shoe and right foot. Her foot commenced to swell, but she did not become very ill until Monday last when lock jaw set in, terminating on Thursday morning at half-past one in death. She suffered terribly up to the time of her death.—*Pottsville Journal.*

REV. MR. BOLLMAN, an itinerant preacher, was robbed on Monday evening of last week, near Laughlinstown, in Ligonier township, by a disguised and unknown person, of eight dollars and a silver watch. The ruffian drew a pistol and demanded his money or his life, and the preacher was compelled to surrender and accede to the unreasonable demands of the highwayman.—*Greensburg Democrat.*

THE Greensburg *Democrat* says: A fatal accident occurred on the farm of Patterson Robinson, in Rostraver township, August 20th. While Alex. Robinson was threshing oats for Alex. Frazer, Mr. Frazer's son, Daniel, aged about nineteen years, who was engaged in cutting sheaves, was caught in the tumbling-shaft of the machine, and was carried around the revolving shaft, throwing him against the platform used for feeding the machine from, breaking his legs and mangling his body in a shocking manner.

WE LEARN from the Sharon *Times* that a sad accident befell a little daughter of Mr. Arch. Maxwell, of Hickory township, on last Monday evening. The little girl, who was about ten years of age, was carrying a can filled with kerosene oil past the stove for the purpose of filling a lamp, when by some means the fire communicated with the can, causing an explosion. The child's clothing immediately took fire, and before it could be extinguished she was burned so badly that death ensued at half-past eight o'clock on Tuesday morning, the explosion having occurred on Monday evening.

THE cost of a coal strike in England, by about six hundred Yorkshire miners, according to the statement of the Treasurer of the Union, for the year past, was nearly sixteen thousand pounds sterling —£15,876, or about $79,380! Thousands of workmen lost all their time, and became more or less demoralized. And now these very workmen have adopted, unanimously, at a public meeting in the mining region, the following confession of their impolicy:

"*Resolved*, That this meeting having heard the statement of expenditure for the past twelve months, and the statement as to the present position of affairs in the mining districts of South Yorkshire, regrets that the association should have been called upon to expend so large a sum of money in support of its members locked out and on a strike, when, in the opinion of this meeting, the establishment of boards of arbitration would have settled the various and protracted disputes now existing between some of the coal-owners and their work people."

IN SEARCH OF HIS WIFE.

How a Hasty Marriage, which Canceled a Mortgage, Resulted—An Old Man's Wanderings for Fifteen Years.

[From the Galena (Ill.) Gazette, Aug. 18.]

The following singular story was related to us last evening by an old man, whom we accidently met at the depot. We did not learn his name. He was a man of more than ordinary intelligence, however, and at least sixty years of age, tall and erect; his hair, which was slightly tinged with gray, was long and straight. His eyes were dark and piercing. His general demeanor betokened a man of wealth and refinement. He accosted us in a gentlemanly manner, and after making numerous inquiries in regard to the dead man, who was found on the island in our river, the other day, proceeded to explain his reason for asking the questions. We give the story for what it is worth. It certainly reads like romance.

He said: I resided in New Orleans about twenty-five years ago. I married the daughter of a Southern planter. She had been educated in the North. After her education had been completed she returned to her father's plantation. I held a mortgage on his property, and was at that time attempting to negotiate a settlement, but I found that he had become so deeply involved in debt that in order to collect the amount due me on the mortgage I should be compelled to sell the entire property, and thus leave her father a beggar. I had decided that such a course would be the only alternative, when, one afternoon, as I was engaged in taking an inventory of the furniture, a servant presented me with a message from the young lady, who requested an interview in the parlor. I repaired immediately to the presence of the young lady, whom I found seated behind the curtains in a bay window. She opened the conversation immediately, by stating that she had sent for me for the purpose of effecting some kind of a settlement by which her father's property might be saved. My countenance perhaps betrayed the surprise that I experienced in being addressed in such a business-like manner by such a mere girl, for she hastened to add that, although it might seem strange to me, she had thought of a plan by which a satisfactory settlement might be effected. I seated myself and asked her to explain. She looked me full in the face and asked if I thought she was beautiful. I answered very truthfully when I told her that I thought she was the handsomest woman that I had ever met. "Very good," said she, "How would you like to have me for a wife?" The singularity of the question, and the suddenness with which it was put made me start as though I had been shot. She noticed my tremor, and requested me to retain my composure, adding that we were "talking business," and such a display of nervousness might answer very well in a woman, but it was decidedly unbecoming in a man.

Yankee like, in order to evade answering her, I asked her what such a question had to do with a settlement of her father's debts. She said it had every thing to do with it, and begged me to give her an immediate answer. I do not know what influenced me to answer her as I did. Perhaps it was my innate gallantry. I told her that I should consider myself blessed with all earthly bliss. "That settles the question," said she. "We will be married this afternoon." She rang the bell and instructed the servant to ride over to the minister's and request him to call at two o'clock. "Do not disappoint me," she said to me as she left the room. "We will be married as soon as the minister arrives." I thought that I must be dreaming, but no, it was all too real. What was I to do? I was at that time about forty years of age. I never had been married, and never had thought seriously of such a thing. I tried to reason with myself in regard to the matter. The more I thought upon the subject the further I was from arriving at a satisfactory conclusion. I finally concluded to let the matter take its own course, and "God knows it has been a bitter course to me," said the old man, and we saw a tear trickling down his wrinkled cheek. "At two o'clock," resumed the old man, "the minister called, and we were married. She made the response in a cool and collected manner, but immediately after the ceremony she fainted. She soon recovered, however, and almost the first words she uttered were, 'release the mortgage on my father's property.' Her eyes flashed like a crazy woman's. They seemed to magnetize me. I obeyed her almost mechanically.

About ten days after our marriage we left for Boston, where we resided but a few months, and went thence to New York, from which place we took the steamer for Paris. We traveled all over Europe, spending five years in visiting the continent. She was never at rest, but would start up suddenly after we had become comfortably settled in some pleasant place, and say, "Take me away from here." I obeyed her as a child would. We wandered thus from place to place. She was never happy. The many wonders of the Old World excited in her not the slightest interest. She was pale and listless, and seemed to be waiting with nervous impatience for the end. I brought her back to America. We visited nearly every city in the United States. Ten years ago we started to visit Galena. We came up from St. Louis on one of your river boats. During the passage I discovered a man in the state-room engaged in rifling my trunk. I beckoned to the captain, who seized the only weapon at hand, a carving-knife, and bade me guard the inside door. We captured the man. My wife took an unaccountable interest in him. She said that he must be liberated. I remonstrated with her. She did not deign to make any reply, but flashed back at me a look that I shall never forget. It was the last look she ever gave me. That night my wife and the man whom I had discovered rifling my trunk disappeared. I have spent the last ten years in searching for her. A few months since I learned that a man answering the description of the one whom I had discovered in my state room (making allowances for the changes time would have wrought,) had been captured while engaged in committing some depredations on board a steamboat near the mouth of this river. He was severely beaten and thrown overboard. My informant thought that the man must have been drowned. I caused diligent search to be made for the body, thinking that perhaps some clue might be found upon his person which would lead to the discovery of my wife. The body, however, was not found. Yesterday, while passing through Dubuque, I accidentally learned that the body of an unknown man had been found on an island near the mouth of the river. I took the evening train for this place, but since my arrival here, I have become satisfied that the man found yesterday is not the one I am in search of."

An Assassin in a Berlin Cathedral.

The Berlin correspondent of the London *Times* writes:

"I believe in God the Father, God the Son, and God the Holy Ghost."

"You lie!"

A shot, a cry, general commotion.

On Sunday, August 8th, in the presence of a numerous congregation, this sacreligious scene was enacted in the Cathedral Church of Berlin. The Rev. H. Heinrici was standing before the altar, reciting the Belief, when a young man, rising from a front seat and interrupting the clergyman, gave him the lie, and at once discharged a pistol at his breast. The next moment he was in the hands of the sexton, and quietly suffered himself to be led away to the vestry. A portion of the congregation, seated at a distance, having only heard the report and seen the curling smoke, without any definite notion of what was going on, immediately began to move toward the door, and created considerable tumult; but those near the altar, who had been witnesses of the daring attempt, retained their seats. In preserving their composure they but imitated the noble example of the clergyman whose life had just been placed in such jeopardy. The Rev. H. Heinrici was unhurt; nor had the moral firmness of the man whose body the ball had missed been shaken. No sooner had the trying interlude, the details of which seem to have been observed with terrible distinctness by those near, come to an end than the intended victim calmly resumed reading the Creed, and with redoubled fervor proclaimed that Belief, the utterance of which had imperiled his life. After this the service was continued in accordance with the prescribed ritual. The Rev. H. Heinrici left the altar, when the Rev. Dr. Kogel ascended the pulpit and preached a sermon, in which he introduced a passage expressive of his thanks to God for the miraculous escape of his clerical brother. Quiet has been speedily restored, and the greater portion of the congregation, agitated as they were by the most powerful emotions, left the church only after the final benediction.

In the meantime the criminal had been conducted by a policeman to the nearest station, and examined by a superior officer. To all the questions put to him he replied with the utmost frankness and composure. He says:

"My name is Biland. I am nineteen years of age, a Protestant, and the son of a blacksmith, in the village of Lank, County of Lower Barnim, a few miles from Berlin. My parents sent me to a grammar school, wishing me to become a candidate for the ministry in the Established Church; but my eyes were soon opened to the falsehood of the creed I was expected some day to teach, and my dislike was increased to disgust when I perceived that many of those professing to believe it were liars at heart. I refused to pursue a career which had become so hateful to me, and resisted all attempts of my parents to force me to persevere. Eventually I saw myself left by them to my own devices, and I began to study art—the dramatic art, I mean. I wished to become an actor and preach to the public in my own way; but the religious mendacity rampant around me gave me no rest. Some I saw uttering deliberate untruths, while others, knowing them to be such, listened with contemptuous indifference. Gradually I taught myself that some striking deed was indispensable to rouse the public mind from its apathy and chase away the mists of superstition. I, therefore determined to seize the first favorable opportunity that offered for shooting a clergyman while in the act of uttering his accursed perjuries. I have done it. I have myself cast the ball and done my best to render the shot fatal. I am sound in body and mind, and scorn the suggestion that I have acted under the disturbing influence of temporary insanity. I perfectly knew what I was about, and am convinced there are many able to comprehend the disinterestedness of my purpose, though they may, perhaps, not approve the method chosen to compass it. My design was to shoot Mr. Heinrici, and I was prepared to pay the penalty of the deed."

Such in substance was the statement of the reckless, misguided young man. Inquiries seem fully to confirm his words. His having missed at a distance of three paces at first gave rise to the surmise that he had fired with blank cartridge; but it is only too true that there was a ball in the barrel. The course of the ball has been exactly traced. Passing within an inch of the clergyman's head, it penetrated the open balustrade of the gallery, in which the *Dom Chor*—celebrated for its vocal performances—was stationed, and grazed the cheek of one of the choristers, a boy of twelve. The little fellow, although his cheek instantly began to swell, did not leave the church, but sang his allotted part to the end.

ARTIFICIAL ICE MACHINES are coming into use generally in London and Paris, and have recently been introduced in New Orleans. The principle of ice-making may be thus made plain to the general reader:

"Ice is water deprived of a certain measure of heat. If by artificial means, we can take away that measure of heat from water, we have ice. Put any fluid on the back of your hand, such as ether or ammonia, and you will feel a sensation of cold. That is, heat is abstracted from your flesh. The cause of this is, that fluids require much heat to convert them into vapor, and they will take heat from whatever object they come in contact with. The quicker the evaporation, the greater will be the absorption of heat from whatever the fluid is in contact with. If the air be pumped out of a vessel, and your hand be introduced, and ether poured on it, the evaporation will be greatly quickened, and your hand will experience a cold greatly intensified. Suppose, instead of your hand, there was a cup of water, the water, by thus abstracting heat from it, would be turned into ice. The evaporation from the surface of the water itself would take away heat from the rest of the mass of water, and help to make it ice. Now, you can conceive how a hot steam engine helps to make ice. It is employed to pump air out of a vessel and make a partial vacuum. Ether, or any other rapidly evaporating fluid, is used in connection with the vacuum chamber, and pans of water are quickly converted into ice by abstracting the surplus heat of the water. There are many different combinations patented; but the chemical principle is the same in all."

FRUIT CAN TOPS.

SELF LABELING FRUIT-CAN TOP. COLLINS & WRIGHT, PITTSBURGH, PA.

We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.

It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,

by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing it. mh25

PIPES, CHIMNEY TOPS, &c.

WATER PIPES, CHIMNEY TOPS

A large assortment,

HENRY H. COLLINS,

ap14:h37 2d Avenue, near Smithfield St.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

FALL, 1869.

ROMAN PLAID RIBBONS,

LADY VANDERBILT BOWS,

In Plain and Roman Colors.

A BEAUTIFUL LINE OF

SATIN FRILLINGS

Black Silk Fringes.

SILK BUTTONS,

In all the newest styles. Also, all the elegant designs of

PLAID GLASS BUTTONS,

EMBROIDERIES—A NEW LINE.

Shetland Ribbed, Grey Mix and White

SHIRTS AND DRAWERS.

ALL COLORS OF

Good Country Yarn.

A full variety of colors of

EASTERN YARNS.

All-Wool Flannels.

Ladies' and Misses Balmoral Hose.

GENTS' SHAKER KNIT HALF HOSE,

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

78 & 80 Market Street.

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ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO., No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh, WHOLESALE DEALERS IN Dry Goods and Notions, AT EASTERN PRICES. J. G. STEPHENSON C. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON.

NEW SUMMER GOODS

AT

MACRUM & CARLISLE'S

No. 27 Fifth Avenue,

Dress Trimmings and Buttons.
Embroideries and Laces.
Ribbons and Flowers.
Hats and Bonnets.
Glove fitting and French Corsets.
New Styles Bradley's Shirts.
Parasols—all the new styles.
Sun and Rain Umbrellas.
Hosiery—the best English makes.
Agents for "Harris' Seamless Kids."
Spring and Summer underwear,
Sole Agents for the Bemis Patent Shape Collars. "Lockwood's" "Irving," "West End," "Elite," &c; "Dickens," "Derby," and other styles.

Dealers supplied with the above at

MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

NO. 27

FIFTH AVENUE.

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CARR, McCANDLESS & CO., (Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,) WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,

No. 94 WOOD STREET, Third door above Diamond alley, PITTSBURGH, PA.

WALL PAPERS.

WALL PAPER.

THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE,

W. P. MARSHALL'S

NEW WALL PAPER STORE,

191 Liberty Street,

(NEAR MARKET,)

SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY. mh8

DECORATIONS—In Wood, Marble and Fresco imitations for Walls and Ceilings of Dining Rooms, Halls, &c., at No. 107 Market street.

jy27 JOSEPH R. HUGHES & BRO.

STAMPED GOLD PAPERS for Parlors, at No. 107 Market street.

jy27 JOSEPH R. HUGHES & BRO.

FURNISHING GOODS.

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

GENTLEMEN'S

FURNISHING GOODS.

PUTNAM & ADAMS

WILL CLOSE OUT AT

Greatly Reduced Prices,

The Balance of their Extensive Stock of

SUMMER GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

Gauze Cotton Undershirts & Drawers.
Gauze Merino Undershirts & Drawers.
Gauze Silk Undershirts and Drawers.
Lisle Thread Undershirts & Drawers.

LINEN, JEAN AND

MUSLIN DRAWERS,

INCLUDING THE CELEBRATED

PATENT PANTALOON DRAWERS.

AN IMMENSE STOCK OF

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS

At Very Low Prices.

GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS,
TIES, BOWS,
SUMMER SCARFS,

ALL REDUCED.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN

MEN'S HALF HOSE.

A LARGE LOT OF

FANCY SHIRTS

To be Closed Out Very Cheap.

THE

"QUAKER CITY FINE SHIRTS,"

Of which we are the Sole Agents for this City, are unsurpassed in quality, style, make and excellence of fit.

It is a make of Shirts that has become Standard, and for which the demand is

STEADILY INCREASING.

We have these Shirts in all sizes

FOR EYELETS AND STUDS,

ALSO,

To Open at the Back.

FINE DRESS SHIRTS

MADE TO ORDER.

Also, Wholesale Agents for the Celebrated

"NORWICH MOLDED"

Linen Collars and Cuffs,

SARATOGA,
NEWPORT,
NIAGARA,

At Manufacturers Prices.

PUTNAM & ADAMS

72 Fifth Avenue,

OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.

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CARPETS.

CARPETS,

Floor Oil Cloths,

MATTINGS,

Window Shades,

AT LOW PRICES.

We offer many of our goods much below last Spring's prices. Those needing goods in our line can save money by buying at once.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

21 FIFTH AVENUE.

jy14:d&T

NEW FALL STOCK.

OF

CARPETS,

The First in the Market

AND

THE CHEAPEST.

CHOICE PATTERNS

Two-ply and Three-ply

CHEAP INGRAIN CARPETS.

THE FINEST LINE OF

BODY BRUSSELS

Ever Offered in Pittsburgh.

Save time and money by buying from

McFARLAND & COLLINS,

No. 71 and 73 FIFTH AVENUE,

au25:d&T (Second Floor).

NEW CARPETS!

June, 1869.

We are now opening an assortment unparalleled in this city of FINEST

VELVETS BRUSSELS THREE-PLYS,

The Very Newest Designs,

Of our own recent importation and selected from eastern manufacturers.

MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED

INGRAINS,

VERY SUPERIOR

QUALITY AND COLORS.

An Extra Quality of Rag Carpet.

We are now selling many of the above at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

M'CALLUM BROS.,

No. 51 *FIFTH AVENUE,*

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OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A

FINE SELECTION OF

BRUSSELS,

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS

THREE PLY AND

INGRAIN CARPETS.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF

WHITE, CHECK & FANCY

MATTINGS,

FOR SUMMER WEAR,

IN THE CITY.

STOCK FULL IN ALL DEPARTMENTS

AT

OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO'S.

23 FIFTH AVENUE.

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BENJAMIN SINGERLY.....PHILIP CLEIS.

SINGERLY & CLEIS, Successors to GEO. F. SCHUCHMAN & CO.,

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS.

The only Steam Lithographic Establishment West of the Mountains. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitations, Cards, &c., Nos. 73 and 74 Third street, Pittsburgh.

DR. WHITTIER

CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL

of private diseases, Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produce some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.

A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, pruritis, Amenorrhoea, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhoea, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.

It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.

The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases, that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.

The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms, is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while to others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who has failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A.M. to 8 P.M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P.M. Office, No. 9 WYLIE STREET, (near Court House,) Pittsburgh, Pa.

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, August 30, 1869.

CATTLE.

The supply on sale to-day was not quite up to that of last week, 850 against nearly 1000 last week, and with an improved demand the market was more active and a shade strong, and in some cases, prime fat cattle brought a slight advance, though as a general thing, prices, compared with last week, have undergone but little change. The change in the weather caused the butchers to buy more freely, and it is said that some of them, for reasons not here necessary to mention, bought two weeks supply. Common cattle, however, were no better than last week, with the exception, perhaps, that they sold quicker, while prime butchers stock, as already intimated, sold quick, and that, too at full prices.

As will be seen by reference to the report of sales, prime to extra fat steers, sold at from 7½ to 7¾, and good to medium, at 6 to 7. Fresh cows are in rather better demand, with sales reported all the way from $40 to $80, as to quality and condition.

Of the cattle on sale to-day, Chicago furnished 10 cars; Cincinnati 2; Loudonville 1; La Rue 3; Mt. Victory 1; Newark 2; Utica 1; Salem 1; Toledo 1; Bellair 1; also, several cars of which we did not get the point from where they were shipped. In addition, as will be seen, there were quite a number of State cattle from Butler, Green, Lawrence and other adjoining counties.

Jas Shaw sold 6 head Lawrence Co., Pa., stock at 5,30.

M. Jordan 15 head mixed stock, from same county, at 5,75@7.

Hedges & Taylor 60 head mixed stock from Ohio and Indiana, at an average of 6 cents.

Jacob Rothchilds retailed 18 head of fairish stock, at 5½@6 cents.

S. Lowensteine sold 12 head Washington Co., stock.

Kraws & Haas 70 head mixed stock from Pennsylvania and Ohio, at 5@7¼—some few extra at 7¾.

Traurman & Lobman 50 head from Ohio and Chicago, at 5@6½.

Peter Hartman 43 head from Green and Washington counties, at 5,15@7,50.

Rothchilds & Zeigler 36 head steers from Chicago, at 5½@7½.

Keefer & Katz sold 22 head Chicago steers, at 6@6½.

Hazlewood & Blackstock sold 80 head, from Ohio, at 5½@7 cts.

S Marks & Bro., sold 37 head Chicago steers at 6¼@7½, 43 from Ohio at 5@7¾.

Jacob Needy sold 36 head of fair to extra stock, at 6@7¾.

Holmes, Lafferty & Co. 47 head mixed stock, at 5@7¼.

L. & J. Shamberg 110, fat cattle at 7@7¼; stockers, at 4½@5½.

Smith & Blue 40 head mixed stock.

Greenwald & Kahn sold 60 head Chicago and Pennsylvania stock, at 5¼@7¾.

I. C. McNeese 14 head Butler Co. steers and heifers, at 3@5.

Garwin & Co. sold 23 heifers and cows, at 4@6 cts.

Sheitmantle & Flinner sold 22 head Butler Co, stock, at 5@6.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

There was a full supply of sheep on sale, about 2,200 head, and the market, generally, was very similar to that of last week. Prime fat sheep and lambs sold without much difficulty at full prices, while the common grades were very dull, and, of course, holders had to accept very low figures in order to effect sales. As has been the case for some time past, the great porportion of the supply was from Butler county, through Lawrence, Washington and Crawford counties, were also represented. In regard to prices, the reader is referred to the annexed report of sales.

Jas. R Pringle 220 head from Crawford county; sold 25 head lambs to Geo. W. Smith at $3,50 per head, and 20 sheep to same at $4,50; offered $2,25 for 140 head of remainder.

C H Moulton sold 60 head sheep at $1,50@2.

John Beeler 120; sold sheep at $2,50; and lambs at $1,25@2,50.

John Young sold 50 lambs at $1,25; and 8 sheep for $11.

Flinner & Sheitemantle, sold 200 sheep and lambs at 75c@$2,50.

Ranes Stouffer sold 80 sheep at $1,25 @2,25; 40 lambs at $1@2.

Jacob Rinn sold 42 head sheep at from $1,40@3,50 per head.

John Walters sold 114 head: sheep at $1,50@3,50; and lambs at 50@$3.

Jacob Emmell 135; sold sheep at $1@3; lambs at $1@2,50.

Stakely & Bro 134: sold lambs at $2,50; and sheep at $1@3,50.

Adam Eckert sold 140 sheep and lambs at $1,50@4.

Robt. Kirker sold 55 lambs at $1,50@3,40.

Garwin & Co. sold 140 head.

Wm Young sold 80 head sheep at an average of $2,25.

Abraham Shontz sold 75 sheep and lambs at $3@4,50.

P Banner sold, for W. H. Alexander, of Mercer county, 105 sheep at $1,70@3,50; 75 lambs at $1,25@2,50.

J Davis had 125 head, but would not sell at the prices.

HOGS.

The retail demand continues light and the market is quiet and unchanged; sales of fat hogs, in a retail way, at 10½ to 11¼ cts. Light stock, suitable for feeding, at $9¾ to 10,

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, August 30.—Cotton a shade firmer; 600 bales at 35c for middling uplands. Flour dull and 5@10c lower; receipts 24,077, sales 6,900 bbls at $5,60@6,10 for superfine State and western; $6,30@7 for common to choice extra State; $6,05@7,05, do extra western; $7,10@7,30 good choice white wheat extra; $6,40@7,10 common to choice R. H. O: $6,75@7 common to fair extra St. Louis; $7,25@9 good choice do closing quiet, California flour dull, nominal $6,60@7,85. Oregon flour $7.25@8,75. Rye flour quiet; sales of 200 bbls. at $4,50@6,60. Cornmeal scarce and quiet; sales of 250 bbls. southern and Brandywine at $6.25. Whisky heavy and lower; sales of 200 bbls. western at $1,15 for free. Wheat; receipts. 297,703 bush; wheat opened firm, and closed heavy and 1c lower, with sales of 134,000 bush. at $1,28@1,40 for No. 2 spring, $1,45 for Nos. 1 and 2 do. mixed, $1,50@1,53 for winter red and amber western, $1,47@1,47½ for soft winter red western, $1,50@1,50½ for new and old amber Michigan, latter price for choice, $1,53 for amber Tennessee, $1,55 for amber Maryland. Rye quiet at $1,18@1,20 for western. Barley and Barley malt dull and nominal. Corn; receipts 88,355 bush: scarce and 1@2c better, with sales 54,000 bush at $1,10@1,16 for unsound mixed western, $1,18@1,20 for sound do, $1,13 for kiln dried, $1,23@1,23½ for high mixed yellow western, and $1,30 for white southern. Oats; receipts 28,707 bush; heavy, with sales 39,000 bush at 64c for old western, and 62@65c for new southern and western, the latter for choice. The total amount of Grain in warehouse August 30th is: Wheat, 688,762 bush, including 190,000 bush California; corn, 147,218 bush; oats, 54,715 bush; rye, 56,101 bush. barley, 5,948 bush; malt, 125,201 bush; peas, 14,810 bush. Carolina Rice firm at 8½@9¼c; Rangoon lower, with sales 200 bags 7½@7¾. Coffee quiet and firm 1,000 bags Rio on private terms. Sugar in good demand, 1,300 hhds at 11¼@11¾, Cuba, 12¾@13¾ Porto Rico, 2,000 bags Havana 11¼@12. Molasses quiet and firm. Hops dull. Petroleum quiet and firm, at 16½c for crude and 32c for refined. Linseed oil quiet at 98c@$1. Pork quiet and firmer; sales 500 bbls at $32,12 @32,25, mess do $31,50, old do $27,70@28 for prime and $30,50@32,50 for prime mess, latter price choice. Beef steady and unchanged, 140 bbls; beef hams quiet; sales 125 bbls at $25@30. Cut meats quiet; sales 125 pkgs at 14¾@15¼c shoulders, 17@19c for hams; middles firm, sales 175 boxes ice cured at 17½@17¾c. Lard steady; sales 535 tierces 17¼@19¼c for steam, 19¼@19¾c for kettle rendered. Butter quiet at 16@28c for Ohio, 16@37c for State. Cheese dull at 11@16c. Turpentine quiet and unchanged. Freights to Liverpool are a shade firmer; shipments were made of 40,000 bush wheat per sail at 9d, and 1,000 bbls flour at 2½d. per sail.

Latest.—Flour closed dull and slightly in buyers' favor. Wheat without decided change, and little export inquiry. Rye $1,16@1,18. Oats dull, 61@62½c. for new western. Corn very quiet, $1@1,16 for unsound, $1,18@1,20 for sound. Pork quiet, $32@32,12 for mess. Beef dull and unchanged. Cut meats nominal. Bacon steady, with a fair demand. Lard steady, 19¾c. for prime steam. Eggs quiet, without decided change.

CHICAGO, August 30.—Eastern exchange firmer at par selling, and 1-10 off buying. Flour dull at $5,40@6,75 for spring extras. Wheat dull: No. 1 almost nominal at $1,26; No. 2 declined 2½@3c, and sales were made at $1,23½@1,25 cash: $1,23@1,24 seller September; $1,26 buyer September, and closing at $1,24 cash. This afternoon the market was quiet at $1,23½ for No. 2 seller September. Corn opened dull at 87@87½c, and closed firm at 88@88¼c for No. 2; rejected at 82@83½c, and no grade at 75@80c. This afternoon the market was quiet, at 88c cash and 87½c, seller September, for No. 2. Oats quiet and 3@4c lower; sales of No. 2 at 44@45c cash, 42@42¾c, seller September, and 44@44½c, seller August, closing at 44½@44¾c cash. Rye fairly active and 1½@2c lower: sales of No. 2 at 92@93c and rejected at 81@82c, closing at 92c for No. 2. Barley dull; sales of No. 2 at $1,25@1,26 cash and $1,23@1,23½ seller September. Highwines dull and weak: early sales at $1,18, closing nominal at $1,14@1,15. Sugar firmer, 13½@14¼c. for common to prime Cuba. Provisions dull and easier. Mess pork inactive and nominal at $33,50 cash, and $25,50@25,75 seller January. Lard 18¾@19c. Dry salted shoulders nominal at 13@13¼c. Freights quiet and steady: 3½c. for oats, 5c. for corn, and 5½c. for wheat to Buffalo by steam. Receipts for the past forty-eight hours: 3,785 bbls flour, 94,760 bushels wheat, 217,273 bush. corn, 58,566 bushels oats, 8,870 bushels rye, 6,150 bushels barley, 1,110 hogs. Shipments: 6,503 bbls. flour, 51,556 bushels wheat, 166,957 bushels corn, 54,487 bush. oats, 370 bushels rye, 809 bushels barley, 2,692 hogs.

ST. LOUIS, August 30.—Tobacco in good demand at full prices. Cotton: nothing was done. Hemp: no sales were reported. Flour steady with fair demand for low and medium grades; superfine $4,87@5, extra $5,25, double extra $5,50@6,25, treble extra $6,40@6,50, choice family $7,50. Wheat dull, and all grades above No. 2 fall are 3@5c lower; No. 2 spring sold at $1,05@1,08, No. 2 red fall $1,15, No. 1 do. $1,16@1,18, choice $1,20@1,25, No. 1 white $1,20@1,22½, choice $1,25@1,32½. Corn dull and lower; sales mixed at 88c, yellow at 90@91c: white brought 91@95c. Oats quiet and unchanged at 42@46c in bulk, 48½@50c for mixed in sacks, and 52@53c for white do. Barley; demand good for best qualities but prices kept private; fair spring sold at $1. Rye firmer at 80@85c for good to choice. Whisky dull and drooping at $1,17@1,18. Groceries quiet and unchanged. Provisions; there is brisk order and jobbing business at $34,50 for Pork, 14½c for dry salt shoulders, 17¾c for clear rib sides, 15¼@15¾c for bacon shoulders, 18¾@19c, clear rib sides, 19@19¼ for clear sides, 23@24½ for sugar cured hams. Lard: prime steam sold at 18½c, choice kettle 19½, keg 24c. Cattle in good request and firm at 2@5½c for inferior to prime, but choice stock. Hogs in good demand at 8@10c. Receipts: flour 6,400 bbls, wheat 15,800 bush, corn 8,800 bush, Oats 20,300 bush, barley 1,100, rye 900 bush, hogs 400 head.

CINCINNATI, August 30.—Flour dull at $5,75@6,00 for family. Wheat dull; sales red at $1,15@1,20, no sales, white was offered at $1,30@1,35. Corn opened at $1,10, but closed dull at $1,05. Oats steady at 55@55c. Tobacco firm and unchanged. Whisky dull and nominal at $1,18, no sales. Provisions dull and hardly any demand. Mess pork sold at $33,00. Bulk meats are held at 13¾@16¼c. Bacon—15¼@15¾c for shoulders, and 18¾c for sides, no sales. Lard could have been bought at 19½c. Butter firm at 25@30c. Eggs dull at 13c. Linseed Oil dull at 96@98c. Lard Oil at $1,40@1,45. Sugar firm; raw at 13½ to 15¾c. Coffee steady at 19¾ to 25¾c. Gold at 133¼ per cent. buying, 133¾ per cent. selling. Exchange steady at 1-10 per cent. discount buying, and par selling. The money market is unchanged.

CLEVELAND, August 30.—The flour market is dull and prices tending downward. The wheat market is dull and 1c lower, with sales of No. 1 red western at $1,32 and No. 2 red at $1,29. Corn dull and nominally unchanged; No. 1 mixed held at 97c, and No. 2 do. at 95c. Oats in moderate request at 46c for No. 1. Rye quiet, and No. 1 held at $1; No. 2 do. at 90c, and demand light. Barley; no transactions and market nominal. Petroleum; there is rather more inquiry from the western trade, but buyers and sellers are apart; refined sold at 28@28½c in large lots, and small lots 2@3c in advance; crude quiet but firm at $6,50 per barrel.

TOLEDO, August 30.—Flour quiet. Wheat a shade lower; No. 1 regular $1,30; No. 1 Wabash $1,60; No. 2 do. $1,35; amber Michigan $1,32½; No. 1 red $1,33; No. 2 do. $1,30; No. 3 do. $1,24. Corn firm and held higher; no sales. Oats ½@2c better; No. 1 51c and No. 2 46c. Freights dull, at 3½c to Buffalo and 9c Oswego. Receipts—7,700 bbls flour, 156,000 bush wheat, 41,800 bush corn, 16,000 bush oats, and 1,000 bush rye. Shipments—6,700 bbls flour, 262,000 bush wheat, 18,400 bush corn, and 34,400 bush oats.

BUFFALO, August 30.—Flour dull and drooping. Wheat—spring neglected; a demand for amber and red; sales 23,000 bush red $1,38. Corn duil, sound very scarce; sales 30,000 bush No. 2 western prime 96@97c. Oats in fair demand No. 2 western held at 52c, buyers offer 50c, small lots sold at 50c, and car lots of new at 52c. Rye $1,17 for retail lots. Barley none here. Pork steady at $34,50. Lard steady 19½c. Highwines nominal, about $1,17.

MILWAUKEE, August 30.—Flour dull and nominally 12@25c lower. Wheat very quiet, at $1,28 for No. 1 and $1,25½ for No. 2. Oats quiet at 48c for No. 2. Corn active and nominal. Rye quiet and unchanged. Barley quiet at $1,05@1,25 common to good. Receipts; 1,000 bbls flour, 14,000 bush wheat, 5,000 bush oats, 5,000 bush corn. Shipments: 2,000 bbls flour, 1,000 bush oats.

OSWEGO, August 30.—Flour lower; sales 1,200 bbls. at $7 for No. 1 spring. Wheat dull; No. 1 Milwaukee Club held at $1,45; sales 2,500 bus. on private terms. Corn held at $1,09 for No. 1. Canal freights higher; wheat, 10c; corn, 7¾c, to New York. Lake imports—106,500 bush. wheat, 31,000 bush. corn. Canal exports—36,600 bush. wheat, 6,900 bush. corn and 2,200 bush. Rye.

BALTIMORE, August 30.—Flour dull, declined 25c; western superfine at $6@6,25; do. extra at $6,50@8,25. Wheat irregular; prime to choice at $1,40@1,50; fair to good at $1,25@1,30. Corn firm; white at $1,15; yellow at $1,18@1,20. Oats dull at 53@58c. Rye at $1,10@1,16. Mess pork quiet at $34,50; bacon firm and more active. Lard quiet at 20@21c. Whisky very dull at $1,22.

LOUISVILLE, August 30.—Heavy Bagging 24@24½c. Flour firm; sales superfine at $5@5,25. Grain and Groceries are unchanged. Leaf Tobacco firm; sales 32 hhds at $7,10@20. Provisions unchanged: mess pork $31, bacon shoulders 16¼c, clear rib 19½c, clear sides 20c. Hams: sugar cured 22c, fancy 23½c. Lard sold at 20½c for tierce. Whisky: raw at $1,10@1,20.

PHILADELPHIA, August 30.—Flour is dull and favors buyers. Wheat in better demand and unchanged. Rye steady at $1,16. Corn dull and unchanged. Oats moving slowly at 50@55c for new, and 65c for old. Provisions move slowly. Mess Pork $33,75. Lard 19½c. Petroleum steady; crude 22c. Whisky unchanged.

DETROIT, August 30.—Flour; receipts 4,000 bbls; market unchanged. Wheat; receipts 14,000 bush; market weak for upper grades; extra white $1,57@1,58; No. 1 do $1,36@1,37; regular $1,25; No. 1 amber $1,30@1,31, Corn lower at 98c for No. 1. Oats 56c.

MEMPHIS, August 30.—Cotton at 33c for middlings; receipts 10, exports none. Corn 80@87½c. Oats 62½c. Bran $19. Hay $20@22. Wheat $1,10@1,35. Flour dull and unchanged. Meal $4,65. Bacon dull; sides 19¾c; shoulders 16½c.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, August 30.—The market was active, with a most important change in prices. Allendale 10-4c. Brown sheetings came down from 50c. to 47½c. Withune AA ticks are reduced from 20c. to 28½c. Hampton CC do. are reduced from 21c. to 20c. Trenton 4-4 bleached shirting are down from 12c. to 11½c., and Portsmouth C do. do. from 12c. to 11½c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

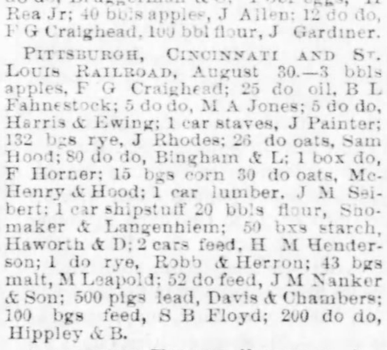
CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, August 30.—1 car brick, Mitchel, S Co; 50 bbls flour, 80 sks feed, H Schnelback; 50 bbls oil, Johnson & Paine; 50 do do, J Spear; 1 car wheat, Culp & Shepard; 4 cars iron ore, Brady's Bend Iron Co; 6 do do. Shoneberger & Blair; 7 do do, McKnight & Co; 28 sks rye, Hitchcock, McCreery & Co; 270 do flour, Watt, Lang & Co; 2 cars Wash ore, Bryan & Caughey; 1 car lumber, R P Rurgam; 25 bxs starch, J Henderson & Bro; 24 bxs hard-ware, Slocum & Co; 10 bbls oil, J Lappe & Son; 50 bbls lime, Reddick & Son; 5 kgs tobacco, J Megraw; 3 casks ware, J J O'Leary; 17 sks rye, 8 do oats, Montgomery & S; 37 bbls apples, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 50 oil bbls, B D Moore; 150 do do, C A Wormcastle; 50 bbls flour, T C Jenkins; 100 sks wheat, J A Graff; 28 bbls apples, W C Armstrong; 8 do do, D Ledger; 9 do do, W H Graff & Co; 30 do do, VanGorder & Shepard; 21 do do, Bruggerman & O; 1 bbl eggs, H Rea Jr; 40 bbls apples, J Allen; 12 do do, F G Craighead, 100 bbl flour, J Gardiner.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, August 30.—3 bbls apples, F G Craighead; 25 do oil, B L Fahnestock; 5 do do, M A Jones; 5 do do, Harris & Ewing; 1 car staves, J Painter; 132 bgs rye, J Rhodes; 26 do oats, Sam Hood; 80 do do, Bingham & L; 1 box do, F Horner; 15 bgs corn 30 do oats, McHenry & Hood; 1 car lumber, J M Seibert; 1 car shipstuff 20 bbls flour, Shomaker & Langenhiem; 50 bxs starch, Haworth & D; 2 cars feed, H M Henderson; 1 do rye, Robb & Herron; 43 bgs malt, M Leapold; 52 do feed, J M Nanker & Son; 500 pigs lead, Davis & Chambers; 100 bgs feed, S B Floyd; 200 do do, Hippley & B.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, August 30.—50 bbls flour, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 50 sks wheat, 40 do rye, 8 do oats, Scott & Gisal; 17 sks, oats, Keil & Ritchart; 1 box mdse, Shepard & Co; 25 sks rye, Dan Wallace; 10 sks wheat, L J Blanchard; 73 do oats, Graham & Marshall; 1 car lime, D L Reynolds; 1 car pig iron, J Moorhead; 4 do limestone, Shoenbeger & Blair; 110 sks rye, W M Gormly.

ALLEGHENY STATION, August 30.—50 bgs barley, Jos Craig; 2 cars do, J Rhodes & Co; 2 do wheat, Kennedy & Bro; 2 do flaxseed, M B Suydam; 3 do lumber, John Nanz; 100 bbls flour, Shomaker & Langenhiem; 2 do eggs, R & A Carson; 2 cars cooperage, Ralya & Robertson; 1 do flaxseed, Ewer Hamilton & Co; 7 do limestone, Superior Iron Co; 1 car metal, Lewis, Bailey & Dalzell; 1 bbl eggs, J O Hanlin; 1 car oats, M Steel & Son; 17 hides 2 bbls tallow, Lappe & Weise; 2 bbls eggs, J V Wilson.

MISCELLANEOUS.



Restores gray and faded Hair to its ORIGINAL COLOR, removes Dandruff,

CURES ALL DISEASES OF THE SCALP,

Prevents BALDNESS, and makes the hair grow Soft, Glossy and Luxuriant.

$1,00 and $1,50 per Bottle. Each Bottle in a Neat Paper Box.

Prepared by SEWARD, BENTLEY & CHENEY, Druggists, Buffalo, N.Y. Sold by all Druggists.

Wholesale Agents—SCHWARTZ & HAZLETT

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Our entire Summer Stock of Boys', Youths' and Children's Clothing, closing out at greatly reduced prices.

GRAY & LOGAN'S,

No. 47 SIXTH STREET

LATE ST. CLAIR.

au19

THE COMMON SENSE WINE AND CIDER MILL, Manufactured by the Ashland (Ohio) Machine Company, is the most practical Cider Mill in the world. By one operation it grinds the apples, presses them as dry as chips between rollers, while the cider passes direct into the barrel. They are run by hand or power, easily operated, durable and substantial. Before purchasing a Cider Mill send for an illustrated Circular. au16:n39

RIVER NEWS.

The river was about stationary last evening, with two feet two inches in the channel. Weather cloudy and cool—mercury 74, in the shade, against 94 on Saturday.

No arrivals or departures, nor is it likely that there will be any for some time.

The Wild Duck is laid up, at or near "Deadman."

Capt. C. A. Dravo was in the city, yesterday. It is not generally known among river-men that Capt. Dravo is one of the city fathers.

—The Emma No. 3 is loading at Cincinnati for New Orleans.

—The Barranquilla, for New Orleans, and Jefferson, for St. Louis, left Cincinnati on Saturday.

—Captain W. S. Beasley, of the Will S. Hays, died at St Louis the other day, of congestive chills.

—The Camelia was at Cairo on Saturday, and the Glasgow was aground at Portland the same day.

—Bathing in the Cumberland at present is perfectly safe to those that can wade. No swimming required to get across that great commercial artery.

—The Vicksburg *Herald*, of the 22d, says: "The Shark and barges are high and dry and a half mile from water, at St. Catherine's creek, sixteen miles below Natchez. There was a rumor on the levee last evening that the Great Republic was aground at Pawpaw Island, about thirty miles above here."

STEAMSHIPS.

TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.

THE INMAN MAIL STEAMSHIPS

Numbering sixteen first-class vessels, among them the celebrated

CITY OF PARIS, CITY OF ANTWERP,
CITY OF BOSTON, CITY OF BALTIMORE,
CITY OF LONDON,

Sailing EVERY SATURDAY, from Pier 45, North River, New York. For passage or further information apply to

WILLIAM BINGHAM, Jr.

143 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS

Will be received by the undersigned until MONDAY, the 30th day of August, 1869, for furnishing Material and Paving Bingham street, from Third to Fourth, at Chestnut street, from First to Second street. Bidders will state the price per yard for the work complete; the kind and quality of gravel and stone to be used to be of the best for the work. The work to be done under the direction of the Borough Regulator, and to be approved by Council.

The Borough authorities reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

Particulars furnished on application to

au26:n58 J. H. ROBERTS, Burgess.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., August 27, 1869.

TO SEWER CONTRACTORS.—The Sewer Commission of the City of Allegheny are prepared to receive proposals for the construction of a

Trunk Sewer, about 2,000 Feet in Length

On Spring Garden Avenue, from Arch street to the city line.

Drawings and specifications can be seen and full information obtained, at the City Engineer's office. Bids will be received for constructing the sewer in brick, and also in stone, and must be delivered on or before SEPTEMBER 4th 1869. Forms of proposals, on which forms alone bids will be received, will be furnished at the City Engineer's office.

The Commission do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any bid.

By order of the Commission,

CHARLES DAVIS

au28:n60 CITY ENGINEER.

CITY CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, August 25th, 1869.

NOTICE.—Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until 3 o'clock P. M., THURSDAY, September 2d, 1869, for NUMBERING THE UNNUMBERED HOUSES IN THE CITY. Bidders will state the price at which the work will be done per number, including the placing of the names of streets at corners where buildings are suitable

au26:n55 W. M. PORTER, City Controller.

OFFICE OF THE HOUSE OF REFUGE, No. 67 Fourth Avenue, PITTSBURGH, August 21st, 1869.

PROPOSALS FOR COAL.—Sealed proposals will be received at this office, until noon of WEDNESDAY, September 1st, 1869, for supplying the House of Refuge with Nut and Lump Coal, from 20,000 to 30,000 bushels, subject to standard weight, the coal to be delivered in the yards of the institution. By order of the Committee. au21:n55

ASSESSMENTS.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., August 24, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for GRADING and PAVING of SPRING GARDEN AVENUE, from Tanner to Main streets; also for Grading of SOUTH ALLEY from Fulton to Chartier streets; and also for Grading of Union Avenue, from Nixon to Charles streets, are now ready for examination and can be seen at the office of the City Engineer until August 31, 1869, when they will be placed in the hands of the City Treasurer for collection.

CHARLES DAVIS,

au25:n51 City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, August 23d, 1869.

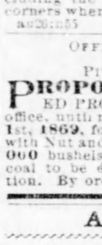
NOTICE.—The Assessment for the Grading, Paving and Curbing Thirty-ninth street, from Britton street to the A. V. R. R., is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until THURSDAY, September 23, 1869, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

au23:n42 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, August 26, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for Paving and Curbing SMALLMAN STREET from Twenty-sixth to Twenty-eighth street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until MONDAY, September 6th, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

au26 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.



TRADE MARK.

DITHRIDGE'S

FIRE-PROOF

Lamp

CHIMNEYS.

mh10:e28

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR.

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE HEADACHE.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE DYSPEPSIA.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE COSTIVENESS.

Price of Marshall's Elixir, $1.00 per bottle. Depot, 1301 Market street. M. MARSHALL & Co., Druggists, Proprietors.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by GEO. A. KELLY, Pittsburgh. fe4:d99-TTH S

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,

GREEN OIL CLOTH
FOR WINDOW SHADES.
TRANSPARENT
WINDOW SHADES.
TABLE AND FURNITURE
OIL CLOTHS
IN EVERY VARIETY.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
26 and 28 Sixth Street

LAKE HOUSE, STONEBORO, PA., (on line of Jamestown and Franklin Railroad,) EDWARD DOLAN, Proprietor. This favorite Summer Resort is now ready for the reception of guests. It is delightfully situated, a few rods from SANDY LAKE, the most beautiful sheet of Water in Pennsylvania, and is accessible by Rail from ALL POINTS. Splendid Medicinal Springs on the grounds. au13:n53

HYDRAULIC CEMENT.—100 bbls Louisville Hydraulic Cement, for sale by J. B CANFIELD

INSURANCE.

PITTSBURGH

GENERAL INSURANCE

AGENCY.

ESTABLISHED 1850.

LIFE, FIRE, ACCIDENT,

AND

INLAND INSURANCE

No. 63 Fourth Street.

CAPITAL REPRESENTED OVER

$30,000,000.

J. A. CARRIER & BRO.,

GENERAL AGENTS

CONNECTICUT

Mutual Life Insurance Co.,

HARTFORD, CONN.,

For Western Pennsylvania.

A PURELY MUTUAL COMPANY,

Numbering Nearly 60,000 Members.

ASSETS, (JUNE 1st, 1869,) OVER

$25,000,000.

SURPLUS, OVER $7,000,000.

Current Dividend from FORTY to SEVENTY PER CENT. Current Income over $10,000,000 Per Annum. Its Income from Interest alone more than pays its Claims by death.

ALL POLICIES NON-FORFEITING.

For Every $100 of Liabilities,

IT HAS $145 OF ASSETS.

Liberal Arrangements made with Insurance Agents and Solicitors upon application at this Office.

ALSO AGENTS

CHARTERED 1819.

The Most Successful

FIRE INSURANCE CO. IN AMERICA.

ASSETS, $5,352,532.96.

Travellers' Accident, cash assets,			$1,250,000
Albany City Ins. Co.,	"	"	400,000
Aetna Ins. Co., N. Y.,	"	"	500,000
State Ins. Co., Cleveland,	"	"	250,000
Lancaster Ins. Co., Pa.,	"	"	250,000

Insurance Effected upon all descriptions of Property at FAIR RATES AND ON LIBERAL TERMS. Applications Solicited. Policies issued without delay and all business attended to with fidelity and dispatch.

au27

STATEMENT OF THE

BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO.,

Of Allegheny, Pa.,

FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30th, 1869.

CAPITAL $100,000.00

ASSETS.

Stock Notes	$ 75,000.00
Bonds and Mortgages	23,899 50
Bills Receivable	8,236 82
Office Furniture	405.00
Cash on hand	1,660.02
	$109,231.34

RECEIPTS.

Premium	$ 15,719 57
Interest	2,783.41
	$18,502.78

DISBURSEMENT.

Dividends	$ 5,000.00
Losses paid	1,709 00
Office expense, taxes and stamps	4,036.24
Commissions	381.71
Return premiums and reinsurance	442.91
	$11 569 92
Amount of outstanding risks,	$1,349,864.00

jy24:m56-TTHS

CASH

INSURANCE COMPANY,

PHELAN'S BUILDING,

No. 22 Fifth Avenue, Second Floor, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Capital All Paid Up.

DIRECTORS.

N. J. Bigley, Dan'l Wallace, Jake Hill, Thomas Smith, H. W. Oliver, jr, S. H. Hartman, S. M'Clurkan, Jno. S. Willock, Capt. M. Bailey, A. Chambers, Jas. M. Bailey,

ROBERT H. KING, President.
JNO. F. JENNINGS, Vice President.
JOS. T. JOHNSTON, Secretary.
Capt. R. J. GRACE, Gen'l Agent.

Insures on Liberal Terms on all Fire and Marine Risks.

ap2:g67

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD. On and after 11 P. M., Sunday AUGUST 29th, 1869, Trains will arrive at and depart from the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Mail Train	1:20 am	*Day Express	12:30 am
Fast Line	1:45 am	*Pacific Ex	7:45 am
Wall's No. 1	6:20 am	Wall's No. 1	6:30 am
Brinton Acc'n	7:50 am	Mail Train	8:10 am
Wall's No. 2	9:05 am	Brak's Ac No 1	5 10 pm
Cincinnati Ex	8:25 am	Cincin'ti Ex.	12:30 pm
Johnstown Ac	10:20 am	Wall's No. 2	11:35 am
Brak's Ac No 1	7:00 pm	Johnstown Ac	4:05 pm
Pittsb'h Ex.	12:40 pm	Brak's Ac No 2	2 pm
Phila. Express	1:00 pm	Phila. Express	3:50 pm
Wall's No. 3	1:50 pm	Wall's No. 3	3:05 pm
Brak's Ac No 2	9 55 pm	Wall's No. 4	6:05 pm
Wall's No. 4	5:50 pm	*Fast Line	7:30 pm
Way Passn'r	10:20 pm	Wall's No. 5	11:00 pm

*These trains make close connection at Harrisburg for Baltimore.

The Church Train leaves Walls Station every Sunday at 9:05 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:05 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m. and arrives at Walls Station at 2:10 p. m.

*Cincinnati Express and Pacific Express leaves daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

For further information apply to

W. H. BECKWITH, Agent.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for wearing apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All Baggage exceeding that amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

au30

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—On and after July 25th, 1869, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will arrive at and depart from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Springd'e No 1	6:40 a m	Mail	6:20 a m
Freeport No. 1	8:40 a m	Freeport No. 1	9:30 a m
Express	10:40 a m	Sharpb'g No 1	11:20 a m
Sharpb'g No. 1	1:40 p m	Express	2:20 p m
Freeport No. 2	3:05 p m	Springd'e No 1	3:10 p m
Mail	5:30 p m	Freeport No. 2	5:20 p m
Springd'e No 2	6:40 p m	Springd'e No 2	6:30 p m

Above trains run daily except Sunday.

The Church Train leaves Allegheny Junction every Sunday at 8:40 a. m., reaching Allegheny City at 9:50 a. m. Returning, leaves Allegheny City at 1:40 p. m. and arrive at Allegheny Junction at 3:30 p. m.

COMMUTATION TICKETS—For sale in packages of Twenty, between Allegheny City, Chestnut street, Herr's, Bennett, Pine Creek, Etna and Sharpsburg and good only on the trains stopping at Stations specified on tickets.

The trains leaving Allegheny City at 7:00 a. m. make direct connection at Freeport with Walker's line of Stages for Butler and Hannahstown. Through tickets may be purchased at the Office, No. 151 Clair street, near the Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, and at the Depot, Allegheny.

For further information apply to

JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent
Federal Street Depot.

The Western Pennsylvania Railroad will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for wearing apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All baggage exceeding this amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS.
au30 General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

1869.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. W. and CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R. From August 30th, 1869, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city time, as follows:

Leave.		Arrive.	
Chicago Ex.	3:08 a m	Chicago Ex.	1:40 a m
Erie & Ygn Ex.	7:38 a m

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY

PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors.

F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
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Editors and Proprietors.

OFFICE:

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OFFICIAL PAPER

Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

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One year...$8,00	One year..$2.50	Single copy...$1.50
One month 75	Six mos.. 1.50	5 copies, each 1.25
By the week 15 (from carrier.)	Three mos 75	10 " " 1.15 and one to Agent.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 31, 1869.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE.

FOR GOVERNOR:

JOHN W. GEARY.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:

HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

COUNTY.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK,

ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS,
FRED'K. H. COLLIER.

STATE SENATE—THOMAS HOWARD.
ASSEMBLY—MILES S. HUMPHREYS,
ALEXANDER MILLAR,
JOSEPH WALTON,
JAMES TAYLOR,
D. N. WHITE,
JOHN H. KERR.
SHERIFF HUGH S. FLEMING.
TREASURER—JOS. F. DENNISTON.
CLERK OF COURTS—JOSEPH BROWNE.
RECORDER—THOMAS H. HUNTER.
COMMISSIONER—SHAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK.
REGISTER—JOSEPH H. GRAY.
CLERK ORPHANS' COURT—ALEX. HILANDS.
DIRECTOR OF POOR—ABDIEL McCLURE.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second Page: Pennsylvania News, "In Search of a Wife," Miscellaneous. Third and Sixth pages: Finance and Trade, Pittsburgh Produce and Petroleum Markets, Allegheny Cattle Markets, Markets by Telegraph, Imports by Railroad and River News. Seventh page: Farm and Garden.*

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 55½f.

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 88⅜.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 133½@133⅝.

CALIFORNIA chooses two Supreme Judges and a Legislature on Wednesday of next week, September 7th. Vermont elects State officers and a Legislature on the same day. Maine will elect the same officials on the Tuesday after, the 13th of the month. No other elections are to be held in September.

THE coming State Fair, to be held at Harrisburg September 28th, promises to be an unusually popular and successful exhibition. All articles and animals intended for exhibition will be admitted free of charge under the fixed regulations. A premium list of about $10,000 offers liberal attractions for an extended competition.

NEW YORK has ratified the XVth Amendment, but her Democratic Governor, Hoffman, in disregard of his obvious duty, has omitted to certify that action in the proper form to the State Department. His partisanship will be remedied by the intervention of the Legislative officers, who will transmit the certificate of ratification to Washington.

SPAIN declines the American proposal to guarantee the bonds for the purchase of Cuba. She also declines to recognize our mediation in her Cuban difficulties. Such are the latest rumors from over the Atlantic, and only one of them—the latter—is likely to be entirely correct. We have no doubt a friendly mediation has been proposed by our Government, and that it is not acceptable to the Regency. But it is asking us to believe too much, to credit the absurd story that this Administration has been so reckless of the financial credit of the nation, or so oblivious to all the prudential considerations which are forced upon us by an immense public debt, as to commit itself, directly or indirectly, to a proposition to assume an additional fifty millions of liability upon any foreign account, no matter how seductive might be the promise of its issue. The Spanish authorities may have been sounded, in the direction of a sale of Cuba, but never by any accredited agents, open or secret, of the present Administration.

THE pending proposition, for the ratification of the XVth Article by the present Legislature of Tennessee, will, it is presumed, have the concurrence of Gov. SENTER. His preference for a disposition of the matter in that way had been freely signified some days in advance of the meeting of the leading Republicans at Nashville, on Friday. Whence, we may infer that the meeting was held for the specific purpose of expressing and supporting his wishes. By this ratification, the pre-existing doubt, as the final adoption of the Amendment by the requisite number of States, will be satisfactorily relieved. And that satisfaction will be shared by moderate Democrats on all sides. Partisans of the Rosecrans and Adams school, are getting plentier in those ranks every day. The moment is not very far distant when they will assert their qualifications and their right to take the Democratic lead. These wiser opponents of ours welcome the new Article as a dismissal of the African question forever. Hereafter, ceasing from an exterminating warfare, the sensible Democracy will devote themselves to a kindlier missionary work among the millions of our newly enfranchised citizens.

THE ELECTION TO-DAY.

The Park question will be submitted to the voters of this city at the special election to be held to-day. It is to be hoped that there will be a large vote out, and that a fair, full and satisfactory expression of public opinion will be obtained, as the subject is one in which every citizen is directly interested. The election will be held under the regular law and at the customary time and places. Let no one entitled to a vote neglect to discharge his duty, and afterwards be found among those finding fault with the result.

THE MEETING ON THURSDAY.

The hearers of Senator MORTON's address, which will be delivered at the City Hall, on Thursday evening next, will never regret time lost. We are told, now and then, of a few excellent citizens, here and there, who "are tired of politics," and propose to rest themselves this year, keeping wholly aloof from the excitements of the canvass, perhaps even from the polls. They can see no occasion for the least anxiety about the issue of the coming election, in a State which was last year handsomely Republican and "must be so now." Perhaps there are others, again, who fancy that the present is a safe and convenient season for indulging their peculiar notions upon side-issues, since the main principles of the Republican policy are no longer in jeopardy from Democratic hostility. It is possible that we have among us a small number of citizens, who fail to appreciate how much Republicanism, in the State and National Administrations, has really done in the redemption of its electioneering pledges to the people. We cannot promise that Senator MORTON will agree with such of our careless or discontented friends as we have here alluded to, but we do feel willing to engage that it will do none of them any harm to hear his address.

As for the masses of our party, we know that they intend to make a good old-fashioned turn-out on Thursday, packing the City Hall from one end to the other, and extending the old-fashioned Pittsburgh welcome to this distinguished and powerful advocate of sound political opinions. As a popular speaker, Senator MORTON stands among the foremost of American orators, while, as a shrewd politician, it is he who has, more than once of late years, first touched the true key-note of the campaign.

Let us again, therefore, urge the attendance at the meeting of every good citizen who would not afterwards regret his opportunity needlessly lost.

NAVAL DISCIPLINE.

The tragedy of the brig Somers—in which Lieut. Slidell Mackenzie tried a junior officer at the drum-head, and sent him up swinging to the yard-arm, hung none the less as a mutineer and pirate that he was also the son of an American Cabinet Minister—has, after twenty-seven years, found even more than its parallel within the wooden walls of another of our men-of-war. A brief telegram announced yesterday morning the discovery of a desperate plot among the crew of the frigate Sabine, now at sea as a practice ship for this year's graduating class of midshipmen, to blow up the vessel, involving all on board in a common destruction. The revelation was followed with a court of inquiry, and the summary execution of seven of the convicted conspirators.

Midshipman Spencer, of the Somers, was hung for the highest crime known to naval-law—a plot with a few of the crew to take possession of the brig and turn her into a pirate. With him, two others of the crew were also executed, their bodies swinging together over the shrouds, all distinction of official rank being properly obliterated in their common guilt. The trial and punishment were strictly in accordance with the Articles of War governing our public ships, but the event created, nevertheless, a profound sensation when it became known within the United States. The distinguished parentage of the leading criminal, the moral courage and stern obedience to the requirements of duty which were exhibited by Lieut. Mackenzie, and the startling atrocity of the plot which the proof revealed, awakened an intensely interested and bitter discussion by the American public. Its result was to sustain that officer, relieving him completely from any imputations upon either his discretion or his kind treatment of the officers and crew under his command.

The present case, it is to be hoped, will equally bear the examination and criticism of the American people. The magnitude of the offense—contemplating as it did the wholesale murder of three hundred men, nearly one-half of them officers in the service, and one-fourth of them, the graduating class of midshipmen, being in fact, the flower and hope of the profession—is attested by the enormity of the penalty. The seven mutineers, whose bodies swung from the yards of the Sabine in the same hour, were mute but awfully impressive witnesses to a tragedy the whole of which we do not yet know. It is not to be doubted that their crime was clearly proved, and that the discipline of the service demanded their instant execution. We hope that this is all.

The statements have been multiplied, of late, that our naval service has been and is systematically dishonored by the tyrannical harshness, the unofficer-like cruelty of the commanders to their subordinates. The Pawnee and the Nipsic are two ships which have just come into port, and are scarcely fastened to their moorings before the air has begun to fill with rumors of the most shocking barbarities perpetrated by quarter-deck despotism upon the seamen. Investigation has been freely demanded, but, if made, its results are hidden from the public eye, except that so much of the truth transpires as goes far to confirm the odious accusations. Now, we will not deny that here is revealed the faults of a system. Naval discipline must be arbitrary, but it is for all that capable of the grossest abuse by an incompetent commander. The dark stories which have floated lately through the press, and which this sad event upon the decks of the Sabine will be certain to revive, with more or less of substance at their base, demand a searching and unsparing examination in the highest quarter. If the Department fails to satisfy the public sense of justice, Congress should take the matter up, for the good of the service and for the honor of the national name. Whether this Sabine tragedy had its first cause in the illegal and cruel oppressions of the officers in command, or whether it be only the just punishment of an unprovoked outbreak of wickedness in the forecastle, it is due to all the men on board that ship, to the young officers who there read their first awful lesson of professional experience, to the American Navy and to the American people, that a thorough enquiry into the facts should be followed with the proper remedies for all existing deficiencies or abuses in the service. The old flag, either by sea or by land, should not be suffered to shield oppression, or to rob the humblest manhood of its rights.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

SCRANTON, August 28, 1869.

The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company's miners resumed work in part to day, on the same wages as have been paid by the Pennsylvania Coal Company to their miners, and the remainder of their men will go to work on Monday. A few days must elapse before full operations will be attained. As I write, droves of mules, which have been out to pasture for months, are passing through the streets, on the way to the blacksmith shops, to be shod, and they are welcomed with smiling countenances by all classes of citizens.

The miners of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company will hold a meeting at Carbondale to-night, and the impression is general and confident that they will go to work on Monday, on the same conditions.

The terms of the Pennsylvania Coal Company thus adopted are $1,31 for each *mine* car of coal, through September, the car to contain one and a half tons. This increased contents of the car makes a variation of the statements heretofore published. But these rates are forty-seven per cent. higher than were paid last Spring. The companies and the miners are alike bound to give one month's notice, if they intend not to abide by these rates: so that operations are pretty certain to continue to the end of October.

I think I see indications that the great coal companies of this county will not put down wages for some months to come, at least. They are evidently incensed at the part taken by the individual operators of Lehigh and Schuylkill counties, early in the season, in bringing on the strike, and afterwards in continuing it. Having shorter lines over which to reach the seaboard at New York and further east, they can put coal on the market at those points cheaper than is possible, without loss, over the lines running through the Lehigh and Schuylkill, and the appearances incline me to the opinion that they mean to use their advantage as a punishment to their competitors. High wages to miners and low prices for coal will enable them to drive the Lehigh and Schuylkill men to the wall. The retribution is deserved, and likely to come.

The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western will resume its sales of coal at public auction early next month. Probably, however, the New York newspapers will continue to be sufficiently stupid to perceive in that resumption of auction sales the most conclusive evidence of "combination" or "monopoly." The newspapers of that city, have unaccountable spectacles, through which to examine all matters in which the interests of Pennsylvania are involved.

As for the miners, they have not suffered by the strike. The supply of coal put on the market, so far, this year, is as large as last year. This implies that most of the Luzerne miners have been employed in Lehigh and Schuylkill, at advanced rates. The rest of them have been employed in building railroads, especially the one to run from Carbondale, up the Lackawanna to the water-shed, and thence down the Starucca to the Susquehanna at Lanesboro, and thence up the Susquehanna, intersecting the Albany and Binghamton road at or near Ninevah. These miners have been subjected to inconvenience and cost in being from their homes at work; but, on the whole, they have made as much as usual.

Nevertheless, heavy losses have been sustained, and a general stagnation of business has followed in Luzerne, and all along certain lines thence to New York. The railroad hands of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroads have nearly all been idle, or idle to such a degree as to spoil entirely their summer's work. The same is true of the railroad hands of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company. Then the boatmen on the canal of the latter Company have had their year's work spoiled. When spring opened the Company had, say 800,000 tons stacked at Honesdale, that quantity having been brought over during the winter by rail, and deposited at the head of the canal. This quantity the Company has sent forward, furnishing about half employment to the boatmen. Many men have, also, been idle at the manufacturing and repair shops of the companies. The wages which these men would have earned had the season, been as common, have not flowed into the channels of circulation, and hence the distress. True, as has already been observed, the mines and transportation lines of Luzerne and Schuylkill have been pushed, and there have been realized unprecedented wages there, but the operatives have made little or nothing after all. The miners have absorbed the increased prices in increased wages, so that the firms that accepted the basis were constrained to recede from it.

Nor is this the whole case. The manufacturers of iron, all through the regions in which anthracite coal is used, have been cruelly stuck. They entered into contracts in the spring for iron, based on the then cost of coal, and have encountered serious losses. No possible way of escape was open to them. They all feel that their business rests upon an exceedingly precarious basis, so long as the coal market is not regulated by the natural law of supply and demand, but by the artificial rule of strikes to enhance prices. These manufacturers, in common with the manufacturers of all other kinds of goods, feel that this condition of affairs cannot and ought not to last.

It is doubtless true that the coal strike has created an intense indignation against Pennsylvania and her peculiar interests. The free trade organs of New York have been both ignorant and malicious in their misrepresentations of the essential facts. But, then it must confessed that the ignorance of the facts involved evinced by the organs of protection in that city has been about equally prejudicial. That a movement will be made, soon after the assembling of Congress, to reduce impost duties, with a view to knocking down prices, is clear enough. But the rate of profits in most lines of manufactured goods is now so small that diminished prices must inevitably result either in lessened wages or total suspension of operations. What this implies the workmen understand as well as employers; and this is the problem which both these classes are likely speedily to be called upon to confront.

Not much stir is visible, in this section, on either side, in politics. Mr. Packer's business operations extend into this valley, but he is not popular either with his own men or those employed by other companies or firms. The Democratic papers here are republishing some kindly remarks made editorially in the GAZETTE of Mr. Packer personally, suppressing, as was natural, the sharp criticisms upon his utter lack of capacity for the Governorship. A good many people here think the GAZETTE, influenced by personal acquaintance, was somewhat too charitable, and set an example of magnanimity, as is its habit, which its opponents are careful never to imitate. But, be this remembered, that a journal that always carps and cavils, in its judgments of opponents, and is never generous, certainly fails to win confidence or inspire respect.

Over in the northern tier of counties, the Republicans have commenced holding mass meetings, and will render a good account of themselves.

In Susquehanna county it was proposed to send Mr. Grow to the Legislature, but he declined, preferring to remain in private life.

When at Northumberland, on the way hither, I found the Democratic Senatorial conference in session. A fierce opposition was manifested to Mr. Buckalew. It is becoming fatal to a man's popularity to have brains and substantial acquirements. This is not the fault of politicians, as some foolishly aver; but one of the results of republican government. Monarchs select the ablest subjects as their helpers. Under popular government the average men are necessarily selected. The masses ordinarily take the man who strikes their level nearest. The fact is not encouraging; but so it is. F. B. P.

AN ADMIRABLE PLATFORM.

A Tennessee Republican of merited distinction communicates to the Memphis *Post* the following synopsis of the new features which should be incorporated in the State constitution. The platform is worthy of consideration in more States than Tennessee alone. Thus:

First. Manhood, or universal suffrage.

Second. The perfect equality of all men before the law; and in regard to the privileges, immunities and duties of citizenship, without regard to race, color, creed or condition.

Third. General amnesty for all past political offences.

Fourth. Restrictions upon the debt-creating power of the Legislature.

Fifth. Provisions for funding the present State indebtedness, and providing a sinking fund for the future.

Sixth. Prohibition upon the Legislature loaning the credit of the State to corporations or public enterprises, without submitting the same to a vote of the people.

Seventh. Adoption of means to compel railroads that have received State aid to relieve the State of the load of debt thereby incurred, or in default to sell the roads to pay the same.

Eighth. Equality of taxation as between the commercial and agricultural branches of industry.

Ninth. The encouragement of foreign immigration.

Tenth. A thorough free school system.

Eleventh. A Lieutenant Governor to be elected by the people.

Twelfth. Vesting the veto power in the Governor.

Thirteenth. Making the offices of Secretary of State and Comptroller elective by the people.

Fourteenth. Doing away with the present frequency of popular elections.

Fifteenth. Liberal provisions in regard to the acquirement of citizenship.

Sixteenth. Encouragement of manufactures.

Seventeenth. Equality of married women with the husband, as to the rights of property and the custody of their children.

THE PARK QUESTION.

EDITORS GAZETTE: As a matter of grave importance to the citizens of Pittsburgh of the present, as well as to those countless people who are to follow after us, the citizens should to-day act with wisdom in deciding the important question of "Park or no Park." It has been truthfully observed that no community in the world need more a health giving and life invigorating place of resort, a God's green acre, a free and public breathing spot, than the rapidly driven and overworked mechanics, artizans, manufacturers, merchants and clerks who go to make up our population, and who are compelled year in and year out to sweat and toil in the sulphurous atmosphere of the city. We need a park; it is a thing of necessity that must come sooner or later, and why not now? That is a blind and narrow policy which dictates a folding of arms and a criminal apathy on the subject now when we have within our grasp a golden opportunity for securing, free of all cost, a magnificent site for the creation of a public park. The gentlemen who have in behalf of the people worked diligently to procure a park, have matured arrangements whereby, it consent is not withheld to-day by the voters, the city will be placed in possession of a magnificent site for a park containing from three to five hundred acres of ground of immense value, without incurring a dollar of additional municipal debt! Would it not be suicidal to refuse with our votes such a gift? Should we not have confidence in the members of the Commission who promise that much, as they are all gentlemen of large estates, honest in their purposes and earnest in the matter? They look on the park project as one of self interest to property holders, as in the near future public grounds must and will come, and, perhaps at a time when millions of dollars will have to be paid for them out of taxes collected for the purpose.

Allegheny City, younger than our own, is now showing a most excellent example and her citizens are proud of the noble work in which she is engaged, in beautifying and adorning her public grounds. Why should they across the water be more enterprising than ourselves? Why should we halt before such glorious opportunities for procuring a park, in face of the fact that all the leading cities of the country have long since arrived at the conclusion that such a place is indispensable to the health and welfare of the people, and positively essential to public morals?

There are a few tax-payers who have taken great trouble to poison the minds of the people against the park by vague hints as to costs for improvements when the grounds are secured, but they carefully conceal the fact that the great enhancement to follow to the property within a mile on all sides of the proposed park and the consequent increased assessment on valuation, will add to the treasury annually more than can be possibly expended in adornment. Another objection is the proposed location being too far from the Court House, but no intimation is given out that a passenger railway affording cheap trips will strike the park as soon as it is opened thus placing it as near the city as any can desire.

If merchants, manufacturers and the working classes have any local pride, have any desire to establish in our city a place of interest to strangers, have any public spirit they will vote for a park to-day. X

School for Deaf and Dumb.

A school for deaf and dumb children was opened on Monday, in room No. 6 of Duquesne (First ward) school building—an announcement we make with more than ordinary pleasure, knowing the want of such an institution is felt to a considerable extent in this locality. The Central Board of Education, we are pleased to learn, will afford substantial aid to this school, the opening of which is attributable to the efforts of a few philanthropic citizens, who have already established a Sunday school of like character in the old Sixth church, at which some forty scholars are in regular attendance. Deaf and dumb children from districts near the city will be received at the rate of twenty dollars a year, to be paid either by the parents or out of funds at the disposal of the local boards of directors, and persons knowing of such unfortunates living in ignorance, either through lack of means or indifference of parents or guardians, should interest themselves in securing their attendance, if practicable, at this school just opened in the First ward. Application can be made through the Central Board of Education.

Change in Collectors' Districts.

U. S. Collector, T. W. Davis, of the thirty-second District, announces that on and after tomorrow

No. 1 Collection District will consist of the Twenty-three Wards of the City of Pittsburgh, Boroughs of Birmingham, East Birmingham, Ormsby, South Pittsburgh, West Pittsburgh, Monongahela, Temperanceville, Mount Washington, Union, and the township of Lower St. Clair. Taxes due the United States in the above District will be payable at No. 169 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh.

No. 2 Collection District, Wm. E. Harrison, Deputy Collector, will consist of the townships of Forward, Elizabeth, Lincoln, Versailles, Patton, Plumb, Pine, Baldwin, Chartiers, Union, Scott, Upper St. Clair, Robinson, Mifflin, North and South Fayette, Finley, Neville, Jefferson, Snowden, Crescent, Moon, Boroughs of Elizabeth, West Elizabeth, McKeesport and Braddocks.

Resulted Fatally.—Andrew Tiernan, the man who was stabbed by Michael Gill at Snyder's saloon on Penn street, Saturday night, an account of which we published yesterday, died from the effects of the injuries received, at half past nine o'clock last night. Gill is in jail, and will doubtless be indicted for murder.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—There was a fine rain at Memphis yesterday afternoon, with prospect of continuance.

—Geo. Peabody left White Sulphur Springs, Va., yesterday. His cough is almost entirely relieved and health much improved.

—Several houses and barns near Binghamton N. Y., were struck by lightning on Saturday afternoon. Two ladies were rendered insensible, but recovered.

—Conrad Meir was yesterday sentenced at Toledo to be hanged on Friday, November 5th, for the murder of Solomon Feldenheimer, near the neighboring village of White House, in June last.

—Domingo Ferrera, member of the Vigilance Committee appointed by the Government to enforce the collection of customs, at Havana, has been dismissed for engaging in contraband traffic.

—The merchants of Quebec have agreed to second Mr. Weirs' scheme for the exportation of silver, the exportation to commence on the 1st of October. Over $40,000 have already been subscribed.

—Prince Arthur attends a ball at St. Johns, N. B., on the 7th of September. A Government steamer will meet him at the river Du Loupe, below Quebec, on the 13th.

—The first report of the explosion at Phœnixville, Pa., was exaggerated. Four men, names not ascertained, were injured, two of them so badly they cannot recover. A portion of the building was torn away and other damage caused.

Additional Markets by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, August 30.—At the open board wheat was dull, with free sellers; $1,24 cash; sales were made at $1,23½ for delivery next month. Corn firmer and higher, closing at 88½c. cash, 87½c. seller September. Oats firmer; 42@42½c seller all September, 42¾@43c. last half of September; on spot was offered at 44½c. Provisions and freights dull. In the evening the market was dull, and prices nominal as above.

NEW ORLEANS, August 30.—Cotton nominal; sales 17 bales; receipts 157 bales. Flour dull: superfine $5,85, double extra $6,30, treble extra $6,35. Corn firm; sales mixed at 95c, white $1. Oats 66@67c. Bran $1,05. Hay $26@27. Pork: unchanged. Bacon 16¾, 19¾@19¾c. Lard, Sugar, Molasses and Coffee dull and unchanged. Whisky $1,27½@1,30. Gold 133⅛.

ALBANY, August 30—Under light receipts of better qualities, cattle advanced ¼@½c., and realized the price of $6@9 per cwt. Sheep and lambs are in fair demand, 4½@6½c. for sheep, and 5½@7½c. for lambs. Hogs: receipts light and the demand fair; sales of 1,000; Michigan $9@9,60, Illinois $9,75@10,50, extra $10,75—an extreme.

The Second Ward Geary Republican Club will hold a meeting on business of great importance to-night at headquarters, No. 66 Smithfield street. Full attendance is earnestly requested. The marching corps, gun squad and all members, are expected to be present.

On Time.—The Pacific Express from Chicago arrived in New York on time yesterday, by the new fast traveling schedule, which goes to show that no mistake was made in the management of the tables.

The Marching Phalanx of the Seventh and Eighth ward, will meet at the School House, on Franklin street, this evening at 6½ o'clock. Let there be a large turn out.

DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE

Cures Diarrhea.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Dysentery.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Bloody Flux.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Chronic Diarrhea.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Bilious Colic.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Cholera Infantum.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures the worst case of Bowel Disease.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Cholera Morbus.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Will cure in one or two doses.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Ought to be in every family.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Is a sure cure for Griping.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE.
Will not fail in one case.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Ulceration.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Summer Complaint.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Will cure Watery Discharges.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Never fails.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Is a valuable medicine.
Dr. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Is a protection against Cholera.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Will save hundreds of valuable lives
If early resort is had to it.

DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CUEE is one of the most valuable remedies ever discovered for all diseases incident to this season of the year. Hundreds of sufferers could be relieved in less than a day by a speedy resort to this most valuable medicine, particularly valuable, when the system is apt to become disordered by the two free use of unripe and crude vegetables.

Price 50 Cents. Sold at DR. KEYSER'S GREAT MEDICINE STORE, 167 Liberty St., and by all druggists.

PAINLESS DIGESTION.

"No man," says Sir Astley Cooper, "ought to know by his sensations that he has a stomach." In other words, when digestion is perfect there is neither pain nor uneasiness in the region where it takes place. Nausea, want of appetite, flatulency, oppression after eating, shooting pains in the epigastrum, a flushing in the face at meal times, and a furred tongue in the morning, are among the direct symptoms of indigestion. Constipation, biliousness, headache, nervous irritability, physical weakness and low spirits, are its almost invariable accompaniments. All these indications of DYSPEPSIA, whether immediate or secondary, are usually aggravated by hot weather.

The close of summer is therefore the season when the victim of dyspepsia most urgently needs a tonic and regulating medicine. Of course, every invalid has many advisers. One friend recommends one drug, another another; but in a multitude of counsellors there is not always safety. The STANDARD REMEDY OF THE PRESENT AGE FOR INDIGESTION, in all its stages, is HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. Time, that proves all things, has established its reputation on an impregnable foundation,—the spontaneous testimony of millions of intelligent witnesses. No acrid oil or acid defiles its stimulating principle: its tonic constituents are the finest that botanical research has yet discovered; it combines the properties of a gentle evacuant, a blood depurent, and an anti-bilious medicine, with invigorating qualities of the highest order, and is admitted both by the public and the profession to be the surest protection against all diseases that are produced or propagated by pestiferous air or unwholesome water, that has ever been used either in the United States or Tropical America.

In cases of constipation, resulting from a want of muscular tone in the intestines, the effect of the BITTERS is perfectly marvellous; and without the dangerous sequences of mercury, it restores the disordered liver to a normal condition.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ **SECOND WARD REPUBLICAN CLUB, ATTENTION!**—There will be a meeting of the SECOND WARD GEARY REPUBLICAN CLUB on business of great importance this evening, at headquarters No. 66 Smithfield street. By order of the
au31 PRESIDENT.

CENTRAL BANK
PITTSBURGH, August 24, 1869.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Bank have declared a dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable to Stockholders on demand. J. W. DAVITT,
au31 Cashier.

MONONGAHELA INSURANCE COMPANY.—This TUESDAY EVENING, August 31st, at 8 o'clock, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street will be added to former list
20 shares Monongahela Insurance Co.
au31 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

YOUNG LADIES' SCHOOL,
No. 29 NINTH STREET, late Hand,

Will open WEDNESDAY, Sept 1st. The School has elegant and commodious rooms, a full corps of able and competent teachers, and every facility for a thorough education. Besides the usual advantages of Maps, Charts and Philosophical Apparatus, pupils will have the benefit of a large and valuable Cabinet of Natural History. Applications for admission may be made personally or by letter to the principal, at No. 37 FIFTH AVENUE.

REV. S. M. GLENN, A. M.,
a. 31:n76-TTHS PRINCIPAL.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY.

PAN HANDLE ROUTE.

CHANGE OF TIME.—On and after SUNDAY, August 29, 1869, trains will leave and arrive at the Union Depot, as follows:

	Depart.	Arrive.
Mail	2:08 a. m.	12:03 p m.
Fast Line	8:53 a. m.	7:08 p. m.
Express	1:43 p. m.	7:13 a. m.
Mixed Acc'm	5:43 p. m.	6:53 p m.
McDonald's Acc'n, No. 1	11:38 a. m.	7:38 a. m.
Steubenville Accommod.	3:53 p. m.	9:48 a m.
McDonald's Acc'n, No. 2	5:53 p. m.	3:18 p. m.
Sunday Church Train..	14:58 p. m.	9:58 a. m

☞ 1:33 P. M. train will leave daily.
12:03 P. M. train will arrive daily.

All other trains will run daily, Sundays excepted. The 8:53 a. m. Train makes close connections at Newark for Zanesville.

S. F. SCULL,
General Ticket Agent, Columbus, O.
W. W. CARD, Sup't., Dennison, Ohio.
au31

SCHOOL AND COLLEGE
TEXT BOOKS.
AT THE
METHODIST BOOK DEPOSITORY,
129 Smithfield Street,
(Corner of Virgin Alley.)

Teachers, School Officers and the Trade are invited to send for our School Catalogue.

JOSEPH HORNER, Agent.
au31:TTHS

THE
SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY
Of Pittsburgh.

Incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania, January 24, 1867. For the safe-keeping of Bonds and other Securities, Gold and Silver, Silver Plate, Books, Records, Diamonds and Valuables of all descriptions, under guarantee, and for the renting of Safes in its burglar-proof vaults. Building and Office:

No. 83 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

PRESIDENT—WILLIAM PHILLIPS.
VICE PRESIDENT—HENRY LLOYD.

DIRECTORS:

WM. PHILLIPS,	JAMES I. BENNETT,
HENRY LLOYD,	BYRON H. PAINTER,
WILLIAM REA,	JOS. S. MORRISON,
WILLIAM M. LYON,	GEORGE BLACK,
	CURTIS G. HUSSEY.

SECRETARY AND TREASURER:
S. F. VON BONNHORST.
au28:n67

GEARY, WILLIAMS AND VICTORY!
A GRAND
RATIFICATION MEETING
Of the Republican Nominations,
WILL BE HELD AT
CITY HALL
By the National Union Republicans of Allegheny county, on
THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 2d,
AT 7½ O'CLOCK.
Hon. O. P. MORTON,

U. S. Senator of Indiana, the eloquent orator and distinguished statesman, will address the meeting. Turn out Republicans, and let us begin with a rousing, old-fashioned meeting—a thundering report from Allegheny's first gun in the campaign. By order of the Executive Committee,
W. S. PURVIANCE, Chairman.
au27

FOR SALE.—One of the FINEST BUILDING LOTS

Ever offered to the Pittsburgh public. Suitable for either public or private buildings; having a front on a 60 feet street of 100 feet by 240 feet to a 40 feet street and a 20 feet alley, the whole depth on one side. Less than three miles from the Diamond, and but 70 feet from Butler street. Inquire of
D. S. WILLIAMS.

Seventeenth ward, opposite St. John's Episcopal Church. au30:n72

MOUNTAIN HOUSE,
Cresson Springs, Pa.,
WILL REMAIN OPEN UNTIL
SEPTEMBER 25, 1869.
G. W. MULLEN, Proprietor.
au30:n73

PROCLAMATION.

The qualified voters of the City of Pittsburgh will meet at their usual time and place of holding elections, on
TUESDAY, August 31, 1869,
TO VOTE
For or Against a Public Park.

The ballots voted shall be marked on the outside "Park," and upon the inside "For Park," or "Against Park."

The elections shall be held by the officers authorized to hold the general elections in said city.
JARED M. BRUSH, Mayor.
AUGUST 7, 1869. au10:n25

BISHOPTHORPE SCHOOL for GIRLS, will begin its second year D. V. on the 15th of SEPTEMBER next. The number of pupils all of whom live in the house, is limited to thirty. French is taught by a resident governess, and so far as possible is made the language of the family. Address, for circulars, etc., MISS CHASE, Bishopthorpe, Bethlehem, Penna. au30

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

KAY & COMPANY,
Booksellers and Stationers,
65 WOOD STREET,
(LAFAYETTE BUILDING.)
SCHOOL AND COLLEGE
Text Books,
SCHOOL STATIONERY,
Wholesale and Retail.
WILSON'S SCHOOL & FAMILY READERS,

Recently adopted in the Pittsburgh Public Schools.

Price Lists and Descriptive Circulars sent by mail to any address. au31:TW

DESIRABLE GOODS
Received This Day by
JOSEPH HORNE & CO.

NEW STYLES
NECK, BOW AND SASH RIBBONS.
PLAIN, BROCADE AND FANCY
ARAB SHAWLS,
In choice styles. The new
SAILOR AND BLONDE HATS,
IN DIFFERENT COLORS.

HAT PLUMES AND BIRDS,
CHOICE FRENCH FLOWERS,
COLORED SATINS,
COLORED VELVETS in every shade,
HAIR NETS, TAPE SWITCHES,
NEW FRENCH and GERMAN CORSETS,
TRAVELING SATCHELS,
FINE SILK FANS,
LINEN FANS,
KID GLOVES

Another lot, including the Bright and Light Shades.
HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES in new designs.
FURNISHING GOODS. New styles in NECK WEAR,
FINE SUSPENDERS,
WHITE AND FANCY SHIRTS,
NEGLIGEE SHIRTS,
PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS,
NEW RUBBER JEWELRY,
SHELL BRACELETS AND BANDS,
And a general assortment of Notions,
Wholesale and Retail,
77 and 79 MARKET STREET.
au31

AN ORDINANCE

To Authorize the Construction of a Lateral Sewer on Hazlep's Alley.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the Sewer Commission be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the construction of a Sewer located as follows: On Hazlep's alley, from Fairmont street to North Avenue, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said Sewer shall be fully ascertained, the same shall be levied, assessed and collected as provided for, by an Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled 'a supplement to a supplement of the fourth section of an act entitled an act relating to Allegheny City,' approved March 24, A. D. 1869.

SEC. 3. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 26th day of August A. D. 1869.
JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. au31

RESOLUTION

To Open Jefferson Street.

Resolved by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, That Jefferson street be opened an uniform width from west line of Beckfield's lots to Ackley alley, in all about 50 feet, and that S. W. McGinness, James Graham, Andrew Davison, freeholders, be and they are hereby appointed viewers to view and assess the damages and benefits in accordance with the provisions of the act of Assembly, approved May 1st, A. D. 1861, and that the Clerks of Councils notify them of their appointment.

CITY OF ALLEGHENY, August 28, 1869.

We do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of the resolution passed by the Select and Common Councils of said city, at a stated meeting held on Thursday, 26th inst.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
Attest: ROBT. DILWORTH,
au31 Clerk of Common Council.

AN ORDINANCE

Fixing the Width of Sidewalks for Alleys.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same,* That hereafter the width of sidewalks on all alleys 24 feet wide and over shall be five feet.

SEC. 2. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 26th day of August, A. D. 1869.
JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: JOSEPH R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President of Common Council.
Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. au31

AN ORDINANCE

Changing the Name of Spring Alley.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the name of Spring alley, in the First ward, be changed to Coleman street.

SEC. 2. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 12th day of August, A. D. 1869.
JAMES McBRIER,
President of the Select Council.
ATTEST: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President of Common Council.
Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
au31 Clerk of Common Council.

GOOD COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT AGNEW STATION AT AUCTION.—On MONDAY, September 6th, at 11 o'clock, will be sold on the premises, the present residence of Mr. Agnew, at Agnew Station, between Glendale and Haysville. There are over eleven acres ground, laid out in fruit and ornamental trees, garden, 1,200 grape vines, shrubbery, &c., &c. The house is a two story frame, containing nine rooms, substantial in construction and pleasant appearance. Living spring water in the house. Barn, spring house, coal house and tenant house within calling distance of the dwelling. The river view is exceedingly fine. The railway station is right on the ground. Eight trains to and from the city daily; time, thirty minutes. Parties contemplating buying a country place will do well to give this property and sale their special attention, as similar opportunities rarely occur. Visitors invited to examine prior to the sale. Possession given in sixty days, as the owner moves at that time. Terms will be made very liberal. Passengers from the city for the sale will take train at Federal street, at 8:50 or 9:40.
A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer,
au31 159 Federal street, Allegheny.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW FALL
AT
WILLIAM
Nos. 180
FEDERAL STREET,

New Style Delaines,	Bright Plaid Poplins,
New Dark Chintzes,	Silk Warp Poplins,
New Dark Calicos,	Black Poplin Alpacas,
Black Alpacas,	Fine Black Alpacas,
Colored Alpacas,	Poplin Alpacas,
Wool Delaines,	Black Empress Cloth,
French Merinos, &c.,	Cashmeres, &c., &c.

New Arab Shawls,
New Black Shawls,
New Woolen Square Shawls,
New Striped Shawls,
Paisley Square Shawls,
Paisley Long Shawls.

Sheeting Muslin,	White Flannels,
Pillow Case Muslin,	Shirting Flannels,
Tickings,	Cassimeres, Cloths,
Towelings,	Waterproofs,
Table Linens,	White Bed Quilts,
Napkins,	Colored Bed Quilts,
Linens,	Blankets.

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
Wholesale
au27

LATEST OIL STRIKE.

JUSTICE!
LIBERTY!
ECONOMY!
AND
FREE TRADE!

To secure even handed JUSTICE, just come and see what splendid bargains are offered in the gorgeous stock of spring and summer Clothes just prepared and exhibited to the public by
S. C. TRAUERMAN.

The fullest LIBERTY to be enjoyed when the man who enjoys it is neatly dressed in a suit of new Summer Clothes which fit him so comfortably as not to abridge the freedom of his motions. Such clothes are to be had at S. C. TRAUERMAN'S.

To practice ECONOMY, don't spend vast sums of money where extortionate people charge fancy prices for unsatisfactory clothing, but come and get the worth of every dollar you spend, at
S. C. TRAUERMAN'S.

FREE TRADE of the freest sort, practiced every day, and all day, at the Big No. 11 Clothing Hall. There the people bring their cash, and there they get their clothes. Every man free to buy at all times. Trade tremendous just now at the Big No. 11 Clothing Hall.

LOOK AT THE PRICES.
Cocoa nut suits for $7 worth $15.
Spanish suits for $9 worth $20.
Skating park suits for $12 worth $25.
500 suits, linen, at $4 50 each worth $5.
Black suits for $10 worth $20.
Boys' suits $5 worth $10.
And a great many more too numerous to mention. Call early and secure your bargains, as we have but a few days to sell. Remember Big No. 11 Sixth street.

S. C. TRAUERMAN.
jy10:TU-8

DREKA
Importer and retail dealer in
FINE STATIONERY,
WEDDING, VISITING, PARTY AND BUSINESS
CARD ENGRAVING,
MONOGRAMS, ARMS, ILLUMINATING, &c.
Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Send for samples.
1,033 Chestnut St., Phila,
my6:177-THS&T

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE,
Collector's Office, 22d Dist. Pennsylvania,
PITTSBURGH, August 28, 1869.

IMPORTANT TO TAX PAYERS.—On and after September 1st, 1869, No. 1 Collection District will consist of the Twenty-three Wards of the City of Pittsburgh, Boroughs of Birmingham, East Birmingham, Ormsby, South Pittsburgh, West Pittsburgh, Monongahela, Temperanceville, Mt. Washington, Union, and the township of Lower St. Clair. Taxes due the United States in the above District will be payable at No. 109 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh.

No. 2 Collection District, WM. E. HARRISON, Deputy Collector, will consist of the Townships of Forward, Elizabeth, Lincoln, Versailles, Patton, Plum, Pine, Wilkins, Baldwin, Chartiers, Union, Scott, Upper St. Clair, Robinson, Mifflin, North and South Fayette, Finley, Neville, Jefferson, Snowden, Crescent, Moon, Boroughs of Elizabeth, West Elizabeth, McKeesport and Braddocks.

Notice of time and place of payment in the above District will be given by the Collector.
au30

CAUTION.

We call attention of consumers to the practice of Adulterating Lard Oil, by mixing with it Cotton Seed Oil, Rosin Oil and other inferior Oils.

OUR LARD OIL
WARRANTED PURE.

Any person altering our Brand or copying our Trade Mark will be proceeded against according to law.

PROCTER & GAMBLE,
au24:n44 TF CINCINNATI.

ESTABLISHED 1828.
H. HIGBY.....ALBERT HIGBY.
H. HIGBY & CO.,
Importers and dealers in
China, Glass & Queensware,
Fine Plated Ware, Table Cutlery, Castors, Waiters and Brittania Ware.
No. 189 LIBERTY STREET,
A few doors above Sixth street, (late St Clair.)
N. B.—Glass Ware engraved to order on short notice. au26:n50

FIRST NATIONAL, OF ALLEGHENY, EXCHANGE, SECOND NATIONAL, &c., PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING CO.

TUESDAY EVENING, August 31st, at 8 o'clock, will be sold on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street,
50 shares Exchange National Bank;
15 shares First National of Allegheny;
10 shares Second National Bank;
40 shares Cash Insurance Co.;
50 shares Pittsburgh Paper Manuf'ng Co.
au30 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

STRAYED.—One small, dark BAY MULE was taken up as an estray by the Police on Monday, August 23d, 1869. The owner is notified to come forward and claim property and pay charges, or the Mule will be sold on FRIDAY, September 3d, 1869, at the Stables of Rody Patterson, Jr., Fourth Avenue.
ROBERT HAGUE,
au30 Chief of Police.

CHEESE.—50 boxes Factory Cheese; 25 boxes Goshen do., for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DRY GOODS
AT
SEMPLE'S,
and 182
ALLEGHENY CITY.

New Style Hats,	Ladies' Stockings,
Ribbons & Flowers,	Children's Stockings,
Handkerchiefs,	Gloves,
Collars and Cuffs,	Skirts and Corsets,
Dress Trimmings,	Ladies' Underwear,
Embroideries,	Infants' Robes & Waists,
Rufflings,	Hair Switches & Curls.

At 25c. Fine Nainsook Muslins.
At 12 1-2c. Lace Handkerchiefs.
At 8 1-2c. Hemstit'd Handkerchiefs.
At 19c. Linen Cambric Handk'fs.
At 12 1-2c. Heavy White Stockings.
At 12 1-2c, Men's Heavy Socks.

Men's Undershirts,	Traveling Satchels,
Men's Drawers,	Ladies' Satchels,
Men's Socks,	Jet Jewelry,
Men's Paper Collars,	Fancy Jewelry,
Silk Neck Bows,	Fans, &c., &c.
Men's Handkerchiefs, &c.	

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
and Retail.
ROBERT H. PATTERSON & CO.,
CORNER OF
Seventh Avenue and Liberty St.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Will on Saturday, July 31st, 1869, and on each succeeding Saturday, hold an Auction Sale of
HORSES, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, WAGONS,

And everything appertaining to the Horse.

Parties desiring to sell will please leave their notice of consignment on or before Thursday of each week in order for advertising. Prompt attention and good care will be given all Stock left for sale.

JOHN H. STEWART, Auctioneer.
jy28-m66

OFFICE OF THE
COMMISSIONERS OF THE SINKING FUND,
Treasury Department of Pennsylvania,
HARRISBURG, August 20, 1869

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED for the redemption of ONE MILLION DOLLARS of the loan of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, due July 1st, 1870, until 12 o'clock M. OCTOBER 1st, 1869. Communications to be addressed to R. W. MACKEY, Esq., State Treasurer, Harrisburg, Penna., and endorsed bids for redemption of State Loan.

F. JORDAN,
Secretary of State.
J. F. HARTRANFT,
Auditor General.
R. W. MACKEY,
State Treasurer.
Commissioners of the Sinking Fund.

N. B.—No newspaper publishing the above without authority, will receive pay therefor.
au23:n38

R. M. M'COWAN.....J. R. M'KOWN,
R. M. McCOWAN & CO.,
Boulevard Pavers,
Office, No. 65 OHIO ST., ALLEGHENY.

Orders left at GAZETTE OFFICE, Pittsburgh, promptly attended to.
Pave Sidewalks, Cellars, Inst Yards, Drives, &c.
Warranted against changes of heat and cold.
REFERENCES—Max. Moorhead, Lyon & Shorb, Rody Patterson, Wm. Park, James N. Long & Son, Hartley & McKee, Anderson's & Maxwell, Aiken & Campbell, Isaac Craig. jy16:m23

ALPERT & KOHLER,
Manufacturers and Dealers in BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS, No. 38 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Particular attention given to Custom Work.

We beg leave to direct the attention of the public to the fact that we are now prepared to manufacture Boots and Shoes for persons troubled with Corns, Bunions, or deformed feet, under the personal supervision of our Mr. ALPERT, formerly of Allegheny City, who will be pleased to see his old customers again. We have adopted Mr. Alpert's mode of measuring the foot, by which we can be safe in warranting easy and comfortable Boots and Shoes for the tenderest feet. Give us a trial and be convinced.
ALPERT & KOHLER,
au9:n21 38 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.—To the citizens of adjoining counties, who are forming Militia or Military Companies,
LANE & TOWNSEND,
430 Market St., Philadelphia,

Offer for sale a large quantity of the All-Wool Dark Blue Cloth Infantry Frock Coats in sound condition, for the low price (in quantities of 100 or upwards) of $5.00 each, cash on delivery. au23:n40

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN the partnership heretofore existing between ROBERT HAY and LEWIS HAY, under the firm of R. Hay & Son was dissolved on the 25th day of August, 1869, by mutual consent. All debts due to said firm are to be paid to, and those due from the same discharged by the said Robert Hay, at No. 145 Federal street, Allegheny City, where the business will be continued by said Robert Hay. J. WALTER HAY,
au27:n62 ROBERT HAY.

H. B. LYON,
Sealer of Weights and Measures,
Office—No. 5 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh.
Capt. JOHN MESSNER, Deputy, Pittsburgh Market.
Lieut. GEO. B. McNULTY, Deputy, Allegheny Market.

NEWSPAPER FREE.—Coal Miners, and persons desiring a Western Home, and others, can have a spicy Weekly Paper FREE FOR SIX MONTHS by sending name and Postoffice address to GARDNER JOURNAL, Gardner, Illinois. 31:m18

GAME PATES.—Put up by Tourtelott Preserving Co. Just the thing for lunches, pic nics and travellers' use, for sale by JOHN A. RENSHAW,
au28 Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

HUBBELL'S PREPARED WHEAT.—A fresh supply just received and for sale at the Family Grocery Store of
au28 JOHN A. RENSHAW.

☞ *NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES, will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED.—By a Lady from the east, a situation as housekeeper or companion, or as governess for small children. Address, for two days, Mrs. A., 54 Sheffield street, Allegheny.

WANTED.—SITUATION, by a married man as a driver. Can give good reference. Address GEORGE, GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED—TINNER—SITUATION desired to work at the Tinning business. Would prefer to work under instructions. Address, L. H. M., Box 64, West Andover, Ohio.

WANTED.—A SITUATION by Married Man as carriage driver for either Livery Stable or private family. Country preferred. Address B. X H., GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS Clerk, Salesman, or Travelling Agent for a wholesale or manufacturing establishment. Can give good city references. Address Box "51," New Cumberland, W. Va.

WANTED---HELP

WANTED—GIRLS—One Cook for Restaurant and one to do Chamber work. Apply at No. 52 Smithfield street.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY.— 5 GOOD TINNERS at LACOCK & HAWTHORN'S, 28 Ohio street, Allegheny City, Pa.

WANTED.—A first-class MA- CHINE BLACKSMITH. Enquire at the INDUSTRIAL WORKS, corner Point alley and Duquesne Way.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EM- PLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED—100 Confidential AGENTS to dispose of a good paying article. An energetic and trustworthy man can make $50,000 in two months. Particulars free. Call on or address DAILEY & CO., 208 Broadway, N. Y. au2:n23d&T1

WANTS.

WANTED.—PARTNER.—A good, reliable Traveling Agent, who can invest from three to eight thousand dollars in a good paying manufacturing business can learn of an opportunity seldom offered, by addressing, with name and address, R. & B., GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED.—10,000 Acres of LAND WARRANTS and AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE LAND SCRIP, wanted. Address, JOHN S. BRADDOCK, Mount Vernon, Ohio.

WANTED.—A good second- HAND ENGINE AND BOILER; engine about 7 inch cylinder; Boiler from 18 to 20 feet, 36 to 46-inch, and flued. Parties having such machinery to sell will please address Box 384, Pittsburgh Postoffice, stating size, make and price.

WANTED.—A SMALL HOUSE, of three rooms, in Manchester or Lawrenceville. Also, a SITUATION in a clothing store as salesman. Good reference given. Address W. P. BRANDON, Pittsburgh Postoffice.

LOST.

LOST.—ON WEDNESDAY AF- TERNOON, between Allegheny and East Liberty, by way of Sharpsburg bridge and Morningside road, a HEFTED BLACK AND WHITE PLAID SHAWL. A suitable reward will be paid for its return to the GAZETTE OFFICE.

TO LET.

TO-LET—A second Story Front ROOM, suitable for single gentlemen, at No. 31 Ninth (formerly Hand) street.

TO-LET—ROOM.—A furnished FRONT ROOM, in one of the most desirable portions of the city. Enquire at 52 SMITHFIELD STREET.

TO LET—FOUR NEW HOUSES of SIX ROOMS each on Jalappa street, Fifth ward, Allegheny, near Allegheny avenue, one square from Manchester street cars. Enquire of T. M. SHOLES, 89 Federal street, corner of Stockton avenue, or CHARLES P. STRIGHT, 171 North avenue, corner of Webster street.

TO-LET.—ROOMS, on Second floor, with Boarding. Location the most desirable in the city, with the conveniences of bath rooms, the comforts of a private family, as few boarders are kept. 181 North Avenue, Allegheny City.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Grocery Stand, STOCK AND FIXTURES located on Fifth Avenue, six squares from the Court House, cheap for cash. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—The Stock, Good WILL AND FIXTURES of that old established RETAIL GROCERY STAND, at No. 255 Sandusky street, Allegheny City. Also the store room for rent. Enquire on the premises of MARY MEREDITH.

FOR SALE.—Beautiful coun- TRY RESIDENCE, near Perrysville; modern improvements and 16 or 53 acres of choice land. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth Avenue.

FOR SALE.—Lease and good will of a TAVERN STAND in a desirable locality. Terms easy; doing a good business. Apply of WM. JACKSON, 73 Grant street.

FOR SALE—Five acres within ten minutes' walk of the Leetsdale Station, P., Ft. W. & C. R.R., 14 miles from the city, 4 acres cleared, House of 3 rooms, Small Fruits, &c., &c. Will be sold at a bargain. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—HOUSE AND LOT. —Situate at Hulton Station. Lot contains 1¼ acres, on which is erected a good Frame Dwelling containing 6 rooms, with fruit trees, &c. Address JOHN CUPPS, Hulton Station.

FOR SALE—THE CHEAPEST FARM IN ARMSTRONG COUNTY, Pa., 101½ acres for $4,000, well improved, good Orchard, good Buildings, good Water and good Neighborhood. There is a bargain in this property; we have seen it and know it. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—One-half of a valuable PATENT for Pennsylvania. A small article used in all houses. A chance for an active young man with a few hundred dollars. Address PATENT, Postoffice Box 699.

J. W. BARKER & CO.,
59 MARKET STREET.
ARE NOW RECEIVING
A LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
SEASONABLE DRY GOODS,
AND ARE SELLING
At Very Low Prices
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
J. W. BARKER & CO.,
59 MARKET STREET.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—PROPERTY. 8 lots 23x131 feet, graded, only $500—$100 per year. 4 lots 24x132 feet, $400—$100 per year. 1 lot 25x129 feet, $500; good street. Frame house of 5 rooms, lot 25x100 feet; only $1,100. Brick house of 7 rooms, bath room and stable; 22x100—$4,500. 2 three-storied brick houses on Fulton street, each $2,500. 2 nine roomed pressed brick houses finely finished, new; lot 6x100. Two brick houses, pumps and hydrants, all for $4,000. New two room and cellar brick house, lot 20x100; $1,400—$600 cash and $100 per year. Good seven roomed house and lot 24x260 feet, $2,500, and easy terms. 6 roomed frame house, lot 24x60, $1,500—$500 cash and balance in 1 and 2 years. 2 lots on Wylie street 24x80; $950. 1 lot on Wylie street 27½x145; $1,500. 11 lots on Centre avenue 22½x125; $900 each. 150 feet front on Centre avenue by 125 feet deep, will divide to suit. 6 lots on Centre avenue from $300 to $800. The above property is well located and within 10 to 12 minutes walk of the Court House, and on the New Central Passenger R. R. 20 acres on Western Penna. Railroad, 4 miles from the city. 20 acres on Pan Handle Railroad, 4 miles from city. New 6 room frame house 1 mile from Court House. 225 acres Missouri land.

Persons desiring to purchase a home or make an investment, and those wishing to sell, please call on or address,
McCLUNG & RAINBOW,
au30 Nos. 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue.

FOR SALE.

A LEASE EIGHT YEARS TO RUN of a lot of ground fronting 138 feet on Strawberry Lane, running back 258 feet immediately in rear of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Manchester Passenger Railway Co's stable, and on the line of the of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Company, adjacent to the Ohio river, on which is erected TWO GOOD FRAME TENEMENT HOUSES of three rooms each, with good stabling and out houses complete. This property is well adapted for lumber or coke business, there being already erected thereon eight coke ovens with all the necessary appliances for carrying on that business.

ALSO, for rent or lease, a comfortable FRAME HOUSE of three rooms, in a good location within five minutes walk of Wood Run Station, P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., to which there is attached about half an acre of ground. This property will be rented low for a term of years to a good tenant. Inquire of
ALEXANDER PATTERSON,
Lumber Yard corner Preble and Juniata streets, or No. 157 Rebecca street, opposite the Gas Works, Allegheny City. v29:m77

FOR SALE.

House and 4 Lots on Spring Hill, 7th ward; 10 acres at Fleming Station; House and 1½ acres; also 6½ acres at Glendale Station; 16 acres about 1 mile from Fleming Station; 34 acres at Fair Oaks Station; 17 acres at Glendale on P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.; House and Lot corner Hemlock and Poplar street; Lot on Troy Hill; House on Sandusky street; 3 Houses on Boyle street; 3 Farms in Ohio; 2 Houses in Eighth ward; Farm in Sewickley township; Farm near Perrysville; House on Ledlie street; Farm in Westmoreland county; Farm in Butler county; 5 Lots near Bredd's Grove; 2 acres on Heaberson's Hill; 1 acre at Jack's Run; House and Lots on Beaver street; House and Lots on Beaver street; House and Lot in Salem, Ohio; 2 Lots on Fremont street; other Houses and Lots in good localities.
M. WHITMORE,
Real Estate Agent, corner Ohio and Sandusky street, Allegheny. au27

FOR SALE.

SECOND AVENUE.—Two houses, 3 stories, 9 rooms, with all modern improvements. Will sell for $5,500 and $6,500 each. Easy terms.

SQUIRREL HILL.—4 acres of ground, with splendid view over the Monongahela Valley; Adapted for private residence or to be laid out in Building Lots. At a bargain.

THREE MILES FROM SHARPSBURG.—20 acres of best garden land, with 500 of the choicest fruit trees in just bearing condition. Convenient to flour and saw mill. For particulars enquire at
57 Grant Street.
TUSTIN & KLEE.
au14

FOR SALE.—THE SUBSCRI- BER wishing to retire to the country, wishes to sell the Stock, Fixtures and Good Will of his business, and will lease the warehouse for one or more years. The business has been established some thirty years, some eighteen years of which the present proprietor has been its head. The trade is Wholesale and Retail. Mercantile and Manufacturing, and will pay on an average 50 per cent. profit. From $12,000 to $16,000 will be required, time for part of which may be given. Can be increased indefinitely, with but little more capital. Address, with real name, Box C, GAZETTE OFFICE, Pittsburgh Pa.

PERSONAL.—All persons seek- ING HOMES, or investments in Real Estate, will save time, trouble and money by procuring a copy of the "PITTSBURGH REAL ESTATE REGISTER." It is given away GRATIS or will be sent by mail FREE to any requesting it. Persons cannot fail to get suited out of the large list it contains. CROFT & PHILLIPS, Publishers and Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

SALE OF VALUABLE PROP- ERTY of 60 ACRES in South Buffalo Township, Armstrong county, Pa., on Buffalo Creek, adjoining the Freeport line. Flouring Mill, Saw Mill, and best Water Power in the State. Frame Dwelling House of 6 rooms and cellar, handsomely situated on the W. P. R. R., now building from Freeport to Erie. Will be sold at Public Sale on THURSDAY, August 26, 1869. For further particulars address
au20 JOSEPH B. WAY, Freeport.

FOR SALE.—LEASE.—THE premises lately occupied by the Eureka Paint and Color Works, situated on the corner of Morgan street and the Railroad, in the 4th ward, Allegheny, consisting of a three story Brick Building, 20x80 feet, containing Engine and Boiler complete, together with Shafting. Also, a large shed suitable for storage, and a two story Dwelling. For further particulars apply to I. M. PENNOCK, No. 19 Seventh (late Irwin) street, Pittsburgh, Pa. au21 n56

FOR SALE—MANUFACTUR- ING SITE, fronting on the West Penna R. R., and the Allegheny river, in Eighth ward, Allegheny city, (formerly Duquesne Borough.) Lot is 94 feet on river, 104 on Railroad by 335 feet deep, splendid location for any kind of a manufactory. Terms easy. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—A Drug Store and all the Fixtures, Drugs, &c., of the latest style, situated on the corner of Tunnell street and Fifth avenue. For full particulars inquire at the Store or WILLIAM WARD, No. 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

FOR SALE—FARM AT A BAR- GAIN—$40 PER ACRE will purchase a good Farm of 239 Acres in Westmoreland county, Pa., two miles from Railroad. Good soil, well watered, underlaid with coal and limestone. House, Barn, Orchard, &c., &c. Terms easy. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

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INDEPENDENT TEMPER- ANCE CANDIDATE.
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.
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CROW BARS, WEDGES & HARROW TEETH, SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL, STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS cut to pattern, STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A. B. STEEL.

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The superior quality imparted to good iron, the great improvement in inferior iron, and the reduced cost, commend it to all manufacturers of iron.

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NEW GOODS.

FINE VASES,

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NEW STYLES,

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GIFT CUPS,

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A large stock of

SILVER PLATED GOODS

of all descriptions.

Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.

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Engine Builders, Founders and Machinists.

Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.

Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horse power.

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RIGS for Oil Wells, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the

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All orders promptly filled. TRY US.

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Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.

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In our assortment will be found all the LATEST PATTERNS AND IMPROVEMENTS, and the reputation of our Stoves is such that any one in want of a good article should purchase none but those manufactured by us, as they will be found the most durable as well as economical. Would call particular attention to our new VOLCANO STOVE, for churches, halls and stores. Over 500 sold in three months. Intended for with or without casing. All who have used them pronounce them superior to any other and far cheaper.

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Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.

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These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by Superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET, Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

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Stockholders Individually Liable.

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SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on time deposits. Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas on most favorable terms.

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CITY BANK.

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CAPITAL, $100,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

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Bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canada.

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JAY COOKE & CO.,

Bankers,

114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

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STOCKS and BONDS of all descriptions bought and sold.

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BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Corner Third and Wood Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

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PACIFIC RAILWAY GOLD LOAN.

Messrs. DABNEY, MORGAN & CO., 53 Exchange Place, and M. K. JESUP & CO., 12 Pine Street, N. Y., offer for sale the Bonds of the Kansas Pacific Railway. These Bonds pay seven per cent. in Gold; have thirty years to run; are Free from Government Taxation; are secured by a Land Grant of Three Million Acres of the Finest Lands in Kansas and Colorado. In addition to this special grant the Company also owns Three Millions of Acres in Kansas, which are being rapidly sold to develop the country and improve the road. They are a first mortgage upon the extension of the road from Sheridan, Kansas, to Denver, Colorado. The road in operation NOW EARNS MORE THAN ENOUGH NET INCOME TO PAY THE INTEREST ON THE NEW LOAN. There is no better security in the market—this being in some respects better than Government Securities. PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD. Price 96, and accrued Interest, in Currency. Pamphlets, Maps and Circulars furnished on application.

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BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

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GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE,

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, August 30, 1869.

Money easy at 6 per cent., with exceptions at 5@7 per cent. The Assistant Treasurer has commenced disbursing the 10-40 interest due on September 1st. The total amount is $4,887,000, a large portion of which is payable here. Sterling is dull and heavy at 9¼@9½ per cent. Gold is lower, opening at 134, fell to 133¾, and closed at 133½@133¾. Carrying rates at 6 per cent. to flat. The clearances were $82,000,000.

Governments active and higher, closing strong. Coupons 81, 123½@123½; do. '62, 123½@123¼; do. '64, 122⅝@122½; do. '65, 122⅜@122½; do. new, 121¼@121¾; do. '67, 121¾@121⅝; do. '68, 121¼@121½. 10-40's, 115⅜@115¼. Pacifics 111¼@111⅜.

State bonds are dull and weak; Missouris, 87⅛; old Tennessees, 61¾; new, 52½; new North Carolinas, 49½.

Stocks dull, without features of interest. Prices were a trifle off, generally closing steady.

Five-Thirty Prices: Canton, 59½; Cumberland, 33; Western Union Telegraph, 37¼; Quicksilver, 13½; Mariposa, 7; do. preferred, 13; Pacific Mail, 80; Adams Ex., 56½; Wells, 19½; American, 35¾; United States, 62½; Merchants, 11¼; New York Central, 200⅞; Harlem, 160; do. preferred, 160½; Hudson, 184; Reading, 95¾; Erie, 32¾; do. preferred, 55¼; Michigan Central, 129; Michigan Southern, 105⅞; Illinois Central, 137½; Pittsburgh, 106½; Northwestern, 83¾; do. preferred, 74⅝; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati, 77; Rock Island, 114¼; St. Paul, 79; do. preferred, 86⅞; Wabash, 82¾; do. preferred, 82; Fort Wayne, 89; Terre Haute, 34¾; do. preferred, 58¼; Chicago and Alton, 154; Ohio and Mississippi, 32½; Dubuque, 112; St. Joe, 125.

Mining shares quiet: Gregory 225, Smith & P. 265, Quartz Hill 120.

Coppers at Boston: Copper Falls, 8; Franklin, 13; Quincy, 25.

Sub-Treasury balance, $82,291,676.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, August 30, 1869.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 133⅝; Silver, 128; Eighty-one's, 123½; Five Twenties, 1862, 123½; do 1864, 122⅝; do 1865, 122¾; do 1865, Consols, 121½; do 1867, 121⅜; do 1868, 121⅛; Ten Forties, 115⅛; New York Central, 200¾; Erie, ——; Reading, 96; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 189; Ohio & Mississippi, 132½; Michigan Southern, 105⅞; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 106½; Chicago & Rock Island, 114¼; Chicago & North Western, 83¾; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 94⅝; Adams Express Company, 56; Merchants Union Express, 11¼; Pacific Mail, 80; Western Union Telegraph Company, 37¼; American Express Company 35⅝.

EXCHANGE,	*Large.*	*Small.*
London, per £	$6,60	$6,70
Paris, per franc	27¼	28⅛
Berlin, thaler	97	99
Frankfort, florins	56¾	58½

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co. Gold: 133⅝; United States Sixes, 1881, 123¼; Five-Twenties: 1862, 123⅛; do. 1864, 122⅜; do. 1865, 122⅜; Ten-Forties, 115⅛; Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 121¼; do. do. 1867, 121⅜; do. do. 1868, 121⅛; Due Compounds, 119; Union Pacific Railroad, 88; Central do, do, 99; Cy. Pacific, 111¼; Lake Superiors, 96.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, August 30, 1869.

Notwithstanding the advices from Europe are encouraging, Antwerp having still further advanced, our market continues dull and unsatisfactory, and prices are but little, if any higher than they were when Antwerp was down considerably below where it now is. It is more than probable, however, that the advance in Antwerp has been caused by the advices there from this side of the water, particularly in regard to the suspending of operations by a large number of refiners, both here and other places, and it is quite natural that they would have that effect, and this is why it is desired—put refined up and keep crude where it is, or anything at all, so that a fair margin can be secured for the manufacturer. This is what there is not now, nor has there been for some time past, and the sooner the market gets into shape to afford this, the better for the trade at large.

CRUDE.

Sales 1,000 spot, at 14¾; 1,000 seller September, at $5,75; on cars at Venango City: 500 do same; and it was reported that there had been sales for same delivery and option, here, at 14¾. There were buyers at 15, for buyer all year, but no seller. Sellers all year, held at 14½—no buyers.

REFINED.

But a single sale reported, 500 August, at 31⅞—a slight advance. September quoted at 32¼@32½; and September to December at 32⅜; bid and 32½ asked.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	80c

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

Fisher & Bro.	160 bbls.
Pool & Bro.	120 "
J. Wilkins	720 "
A. W. Raymond	80 "
E. H. Long	400 "
McKelvy & Bro.	800 "
G. S. Thomas	130 "
Pennock & Beeson	80 "
Citizens Oil Co.	80 "
R. T. Leech	80 "
Total	2,630 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Citizens Ref. Co., 507 bbls refined to Tack & Bro., Philadelphia.

Liberty Oil Works 295 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Fawcett, L. & S. 202 bbls refined to W. to, Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

M. Kobler & Co., 450 bbls oil to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Total Refined..... 1,454

OIL SHIPMENTS PER WEST PENNA. R R.

J. H. Speer & Co. 100 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Mentzer, Hepler & Co., 407 bbls ref. to to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Raslston & Waring 370 bbls ref. oil to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined..... 877

OIL SHIPPED EAST AT DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Brooks, Ballentine & Co., 52 bbls ref. to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Hutchison Oil & Refined Co., 228 bbls to Warden, Frew & Co. Philadelphia.

Total Refined..... 280

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, August, 30 1869.

The general markets are moderately active, with a fair volume of business in the aggregate, but devoid of anything new or really important. The demand for almost everything is confined mainly to supplying immediate wants, while in regard to values, there are no essential changes.

APPLES—Dull, with a supply in excess of the demand; sales at $1@3 per bbl, as to quality.

BERRIES—Almost out of season—but very few offering.

BUTTER—Sales of good to strictly prime, at 20@25.

CHEESE—May be quoted at 15@17 cents—the outside figure for New York goshen.

CEMENT—Johnstown Hydraulic Cement is quoted at $2,25 per bbl.

CARBON OIL—Still quoted at 27@28 for round lots, and 29@30 in a small way.

EGGS—Demand better and supply light; we now quote at 16@17.

FEATHERS—Dull; quoted at 80@85 cents to the trade, and the usual advance for small lots in store.

FLOUR—Is quiet with only a moderate local demand, and prices remain unchanged. Sales of winter and spring wheat flours at $7@7,50 per bbl, with but little inquiry for the latter.

GRAIN—Wheat is dull, and cannot be fairly quoted above $1,35. Oats quiet, may be quoted at 46@47 on spot, 45 to arrive, and 50 in store. Rye $1,15. Corn dull: $1@1,05. Barley $1,20@1,25.

HAY—Is being sold from country wagons, at $15@20.

HIGHWINES—Are still quoted, in a jobbing way, at $1,23@1,25.

HEMP—Very dull. $205 per ton.

HUSKS—Sales at 2¾@3 cts per pound.

LIME—White Lime is quoted at $1,50, and Cleveland at $2 50 per bbl.

LARD OIL—F. Sellers & Co. quote Extra No. 1, at 1,43, and No. 2, at $ 1,05@1,08

MELONS—Sales at $18@27 per 100, as to size, condition and quality.

POULTRY—Sales of spring chickens, at 50@55 per pair.

PROVISIONS—Market easier, and Hams are lower. We now quote as follows: Shoulders, 15¾; Ribbed sides, 18¾: Clear do, 19¾; Sugar Cured Hams, 23; Dried Beef, 22; Lard, 20¼ in tierces, and 21½ in buckets; Mess Pork $34@34,50.

POTATOES—Sales of sweets at $5@6 per bbl. The outside figure for Jerseys.

PEANUTS—Have still further advanced, and we now quote at 15.

PLUMS—Quoted at $8@9 per case, or $4,50 per bushel.

PEARS—$2@3 per bbl.

PEACHES—Sold at from $1,50 to 1,75 per box.

SEEDS—There is nothing doing in Clover or Flaxseeds. Small sales of Timothy at $4,75.

SALT—Is quoted at $1,75 by the car load, and $2 for small lots in store.

TALLOW—Rendered quoted at 10½.

Live Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, August 30.—The excitement of to-day was the grand opening of the Weehawken Yards with 1,600 head of cattle. The drovers and butchers had a jolly time, champagne flowing freely. The Yards are yet incomplete but are admirably located, and when finished will be very fine. There were also 1,790 head of cattle at Communipaw, and trade was lively at both places, prices being ½c better than on Friday, the best cattle selling at 16½c, and the poorest at 11c, most of the sales being between 13 and 15½c, averaging 14½c. The quality was variable, there being several very fine Kentucky droves of fat cattle and an equal number of Texans. A drove of one hundred Kentucky of 7¾ cwt. brought 15½@16½c, and a drove of ninety-four Texans of 6 cwt. 12c. Total of beeves 6,550; or 1,000 more than last week. The market closes firm with all sold. Total of sheep, 31,550 head, with 8,300 to-day; the trade is active for fat lambs, which are scarce, and worth 8@8½c; a lot of 66 pound lambs brought 9c. Sheep are unchanged. Receipts of hogs: 21,000 were in 44 cars to-day; live are worth 9¼@9¾c, and dressed 12¼@12½c; one car of Illinois of one hundred and eighty-four pounds brought 9¾c.

PHILADELPHIA, August 30.—Beeves in fair demand and firmer, with sales of 1,750 head at 9@9¾c for extra western steers, 7@8½c for good do., and 5@6½c gross for common. Sheep dull, with sales of 1,000 head at 4@6c gross. Hogs 25@50c lower, with sales of 3,000 head at $13,00@13,25 for slopped, and $14,00@14,50 for corn-fed, latter for choice.

CHICAGO, August 31.—Cattle steady and fairly active for the best grades and quiet and easy for low grades, at $5,15@5,25 for cows and Cherokee steers, $5.50@6,25 for fair to medium, and $6,75@7,50 for good to choice shipping steers. Hogs dull, at $9@9,75 for fair to choice.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

BONING PASTURES.

Every boy that has driven cows to old pastures has noticed in them a singular taste for chewing old bones. Let a piece of the size of a big potato lie in the grass at the roadside, and a cow will see it and turn aside for it as quick as though it were an ear of corn. Is this a mere whim or fancy in the dumb brute, like the fondness of boys for chewing cherry gum, or the taste school girls display for chalk? Not at all. Cows and oxen chew bones as medicine. Nature tells them that they need it, and they cannot get it in the grazing which old pastures afford. Nobody sees such a taste in horses and sheep.

Let us consider the subject in the light of one or two well settled facts. The milk of a cow for all the season contains on an average twelve pounds of phosphate of lime. That milk is consumed in or near the house or it is carried hundreds of miles from the farm in the form of cheese. Nobody thinks of carrying the concentrated manures of the hog pen to the cow pasture; hence, no part or constituents of the milk ever gets back to the pasture where the grass grew, from which the milk was made. The proper inference is easy. All old pastures require a manure that contains phosphate of lime. Suppose milch cows have been on a range of pasture for sixty years at the rate of a cow to five acres. Each acre had been robbed of one hundred and twenty-four pounds of phosphate of lime. The duty of the dairyman, admits then, of no discussion. He is requiring of his cows to produce milk from grass that is wanting in one of the most valuable constituents of milk. He is as unjust as old Pharaoh when he made the Hebrews make brick, but gave them no straw. Ground bones contain more of the substances that his cows and his pastures require than any available manure. It should be sown on the pastures at the rate indicated above. That is, if a pasture has received no bone for sixty years, and bankrupt as a range for cows, it will require one hundred and fifty pounds of phosphate per acre. Two hundred pounds of raw bone meal would be no more than a proper dressing, and this dose should be repeated every few years.—*Exchange.*

Stable Windows.—Diseases of the eye in horses may, in many cases, be traced to the wretched custom of confining animals in dark stables. Any one who has been for some time in a dark room, knows what the effect is, of coming suddenly out into the bright sunlight. The horse is no less sensitive. Bring him suddenly out and you notice that he stumbles against almost everything that is in his way, and steps with the utmost uncertainty. This blundering is not the fault of the poor beast, but of his owner. The eye must gradually become accustomed to the change. The effect of the common mode of treatment cannot fail eventually to be disastrous to the eyesight. The detention in dark stables must have a deleterious influence upon the optic nerve, by weakening it. The return feels it also. Objects are reflected upon a dull surface and they are not clearly discerned. The master wonders what is the matter. His horse used to be sure of foot, but now he stumbles entirely too frequently for his credit in the market. He used to be very gentle and could be warranted as altogether safe, but now he shies so abominably that several times he has very nearly upset the carriage, and the ladies of the house are afraid of him. He is losing character, and rapidly getting a bad name, when the poor brute is as deserving of confidence as ever. The animal would in fact be safer with absolute blindness than with imperfect vision, for it is constantly alarmed by objects which are seen indistinctly, whereas, in the former case, it trusts entirely to the bridle. Farmers will do well to make a note and let their horses have light.

Harvesting Buckwheat.—Buckwheat is the most peculiar of the grain family in the manner of its ripening—a considerable portion being in the milk state when another will be fully matured. The point is to cut it in that stage which will save the most, and this is when about half of the grain has turned brown. If the straw were less sensitive to cold than it is, harvesting might be delayed longer, but when stricken by frost the growth is entirely arrested and the straw disposed to an early decay, preventing any further maturing of the grain. But cut when a portion is in the milk and set up in bunches in the field, the juice of the straw, in which it is peculiarly rich, will cause the immature portions to ripen and little will be lost by over ripeness or a lack of it. The common grain cradle will be found the best implement for harvesting this grain, as it leaves the straw in a condition to be easily gathered in bunches for setting up for drying.

Chow-Chow.—To one peck of tomatoes add three good sized onions, six peppers with the seed taken out,—chop together and boil three minutes in three quarts of vinegar; throw this vinegar away after straining; then to three quarts of new vinegar, scalding hot, add two cups of sugar, one cup of mixed mustard, one table spoonful of cloves, one of alspice, two of cinnamon, three of salt; then pour over the tomatoes, etc., hot.

Pickled Tomatoes.—Slice a peck of tomatoes;—take 1 gallon of vinegar, 2 table spoonsful of cloves, and 2 of alspice; mix the vinegar and spice together; then throw in the tomatoes, and let them come to a boil, and they are fit for use.

Apple Jam.—Core and pare a good quality of apples, chop them well, allow equal quantity of weight, apples, make a syrup of your sugar by adding a little water, boiling and skimming well, then throw in some grated lemon, peel, a little white ginger, with the apples, boil until the fruit looks clear.

Putting up Pickles.—Wash the cucumbers, put them in a jar, sprinkle on a little salt, and pour on boiling water enough to cover them. Let them stand until cold, drain off the water, add more salt and water and repeat, until they have been scalded five times. Then scald them in a brass kettle, in good cider vinegar, (not too sharp,) alum, in the proportion of a small tablespoonful to a gallon of vinegar, a handful of allspice and a few pepper corns, and you will have pickles that will keep the year round as crisp as when first put up.

Apple Jelly.—Fall pippin apples are decidedly the best for jelly. To one peck of apples, after they are pared and quartered, take three pints of water and the juice of one lemon, with a very little lemon peel; stew until soft, then pour into a jelly bag and let drain; to every pint of juice add a pound of sugar; set it on the fire; take off any scum that arises; let boil twenty or thirty minutes, trying occasionally with a spoon to see if it jellies. If ready to put in glasses the syrup will drop thick.

Apple Tarts.—Stew eight tart apples as if for sauce, sweeten and add cinnamon and a tablespoonful of butter while hot; when cold add half a teacup of bread crumbs, and the yolks of four eggs well beaten, with a cup of sweet milk; bake with under crust; when done beat the white of the egg and four large spoonsful of white sugar, an extract to suit taste, beat stiff, pour over the tarts, set them in the oven to gain a light brown.

Tomatoes in a New Fashion.—Take good ripe tomatoes, cut them in slices, and sprinkle over them finely pulverized white sugar, then add claret wine sufficient to cover them. Tomatoes are sometime prepared in this way with diluted vinegar, but the claret wine imparts to them a richer and more pleasant flavor, more resembling the strawberry than anything else.

Preserving Peaches.—The Doylestown *Democrat* furnishes the following seasonable receipt, which will be regarded as an interesting item by many a matron: The clear-stone yellow peaches, white at the stone, are the best. Weigh the fruit after it is pared. To each pound of fruit allow a pound of loaf sugar. Put a layer of sugar at the bottom of the preserving kettle, and then a layer of fruit, and so on until the fruit is all in. Stand it over the fire until the sugar is all dissolved; then boil them until they are clear; take them out piece by piece, and spread them on a dish free from syrup. Boil the syrup in the pan until it jellies; when the peaches are cold fill the jars half full with them, and fill up with boiling syrup. Let them stand a short time covered with a thin cloth, then put on brandy paper, and cover them close with corks, skin or paper. From twenty to thirty minutes will generally be sufficient to preserve them.

Short and Useful Rule to Find How Many Bushels Are in a Box.—Multiply its length breadth and depth, in feet, together, and you have the number of solid feet, which being multiplied by 45, and the product divided by 56, gives the number of bushels. Because one solid foot is just 45.56 of a bushel.

Example.—How many bushels in a box four feet wide, two feet deep and ten feet long? 4,2 and 10, multiplied together, give 80 solid feet, which multiplied by 45.56 gives 64½ bushels. If it is ears of corn, deduct what you wish for space occupied by cobs.

Cure For Lockjaw.—A correspondent of the *Scientific American* recommends turpentine as a certain cure for lockjaw He says: "Let any one who has an attack of lockjaw take a small quantity of turpentine warm it, and pour it on the wound—no matter where the wound is, or what its nature is—and relief will follow in less than one minute Nothing better can be applied to a severe cut or bruise than cold turpentine, it will give certain relief almost instantly. Turpentine is also a soverign remedy for croup. Saturate a piece of flannel with it, and place the flannel on the throat and chest—and in very severe cases three to five drops on a lump of sugar may be taken inwardly—Every family should have a bottle of turpentine on hand." The remedy is simple and can be easily tested. In all serious cases an application should be made under medical advice.

Treatment of Bee Stings.—Just as soon as the sting is extricated prick the part where punctured with a pin or needle until the blood starts; then squeeze or suck out the blood.

PROSECUTING CARELESS FARMERS.

The West Chester *Republican* states that during the session of the Legislature of 1867, through the influence of a Farmers' Club in that county, a bill was passed applicable alone to Chester county, making it a penal offence for "any person or persons, owning, possessing, or occupying and holding land or lands, in the county of Chester, to allow any or either of the following weeds to mature seed on land owned or occupied by him or them; viz: The common mullen, the moth mullen, wild carrot, Canada thistle, horse nettle and ox-eye daisy. Any person owning, occupying or holding land upon which said weeds, or either of them, shall be found with matured seed, shall be deemed and taken as maintaining a nuisance, and shall be subject to such penalties as are now, by law, imposed." Railroad companies are also made liable to the same provisions.

The first two cases that have occurred under the law, took place before Justice Whitehead, of West Chester, last week. Mr. Ferdinand Wood made complaint against John Ortlep for allowing ox-eye daisies, and other noxious weeds to mature upon his property. He was held to bail in the sum of $100, to answer the charge. Subsequently Ortlep made complaint against Wood, for the same offense, and he was likewise held to answer. Both parties reside in the township of Londonderry.

THE Waynesburg *Messenger* says:

Last week we dug a portion of our potatoes—very fine looking ones indeed—and put some of them in sacks. In looking at these a few days after, we found many of them already rotted—the real *potato* rot—while another portion dug at the same time and poured out on the floor, where they had the air, gave no signs of decay. From this it would seem that potatoes should be spread out and thoroughly aired and dried before being packed away. This hint may be of value to our potato raisers. The potatoes that showed the *rot* were white Neshannocks; those that did not were Buckeyes. The potato crop in this county is unusually good, though we have reason to fear that the rot will destroy many of them.

A PHILADELPHIA paper says that an eminent surgeon of that city had his horses washed in the morning with water in which one or two sliced onions had been steeped. He found that the flies kept at a respectable distance, while no harm was done to the animals. A separate bucket or vessel other than that used to water the horses, would be necessary, and great relief would be obtained at a small cost.

THE Erie Railway has introduced the system of reserved seats. The passage ticket has a coupon, the same as a theatre or concert ticket, which secures a particular seat to the holder. This is a return to the "first principles" of railroading on the Albany and Schenectady road, where the passenger had a seat in the coach bearing the letter of his ticket. That plan avoided over crowding, and enabled parties to get sure contiguous seats.

MR. CHAS. E. WISE, an experienced æronaut, is about to make a balloon ascension from Lancaster.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the livor and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abcesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all billious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $3. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. my19:151-d&F

DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps*. ap2

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *Black or Brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. my21:j62

THE MARRIAGE RING.—Essays on the ERRORS OF YOUTH, and the FOLLIES OF AGE, in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. my21:163-d&F

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,

IMPORTERS OF

WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, &C.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

PURE RYE WHISKIES,

409 PENN STREET,

Have Removed to

NOS. 384 AND 386 PENN,

Cor. Eleventh St., (formerly Canal.)

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,

Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195,

FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.

Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS. HOPS, &c. mh28.n52

FLOUR.

PEARL MILL FLOUR.—We are now receiving very choice Southern Wheat and making our Flour entirely from it.

PEARL THREE STAR GREEN BRAND, CHOICE PASTRY AND FANCY FLOUR, made from selected White Winter Wheat.

PEARL TWO STAR BLUE BRAND, the best family flour in the market, made from choice White and Amber Wheat.

PEARL ONE STAR RED BRAND, made from choice Red Wheat, high ground and gives very good satisfaction. As a CHEAP FLOUR it takes the lead of any in the market.

Our cleaning machinery is not surpassed by any in the country.

See that all sacks are sealed and labeled with date of manufacture.

R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,
Pearl Steam Mill, Allegheny.
August 9, 1869. au10

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!

MINNESOTA BAKERS FLOURS.

480 bbls. Legal Tender, 347 bbls Ha Ha, 367 bbls Ermine, 170 bbls Summit Mills 270 bbls Winona Co., 580 bbls Red River, 133 bbls May Day.

CHOICE WISCONSIN FLOURS.

560 bbls Riverside, 465 bbls White Star, 500 bbls various brands Spring Wheat Flour.

WINTER WHEAT FAMILY FLOUR.

City Mill of Springfield, Ohio, Pride of the West, Depot Mills, Massillon, A, Paragon Mills Ringleader and Crown, choice St. Louis,

For sale lower than can be brought from the West. WAIT, LANG & CO.,
jy21 172 and 174 Wood Street.

HAIR AND PERFUMERY.

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. 123 Third street, near Smithfield, Pittsburgh.

Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies, WIGS, BANDS, CURLS; Gentlemen's WIGS, TOPPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. ☞ A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner. mh2 a1

EDUCATIONAL.

BISHOP BOWMAN INSTITUTE.—A Collegiate School for Young Ladies, No. 62 GRANT STREET. The Fall Term of this School will open on MONDAY, September 13th. Both Day and Boarding Pupils received.

For information or admission apply to
au 5: REV. R. J. COSTER, Rector.

CHEGARAY INSTITUTE, 1527 and 1529 SPRUCE STREET, Philadelphia, Pa. ENGLISH AND FRENCH. For Young Ladies and Misses, Boarding and Day Pupils, will reopen on MONDAY, September 20. FRENCH is the language of the family, and is constantly spoken in the Institute.

MADAME D'HERVILLY,
jy20:TTHS Principal.

STEUBENVILLE (O.) FEMALE SEMINARY.—Delightfully situated on the banks of Ohio. Forty years in successful operation. Unusual advantages in solid and ornamental branches. School Year of Forty Weeks begins September 7 1869. Entire expense about $5 00 a week. Twenty-five per cent. deduction for daughters of ministers. Send for Catalogue to REV. CHARLES C. BEATTY, D. D., LL.D., Superintendent, or REV. A. M. REID, A. M., Principal. au5:THSTF3t

EPISCOPAL CLASSICAL ACADEMY.

The Fall Term of this School begins SEPTEMBER 6, at 9 A. M., in its new rooms, 293 LIBERTY STREET, (Keystone Bank Building.)

Application for the admission of pupils may be made at the School Room during the week preceding the day of opening, between the hours of 10 and 12 A. M.

It is very desirable that all pupils be present the first day of the term.

Parents having sons to educate for College or business are invited to communicate with the Principal.

Rev. T. L. BELLAM, A. M.
au26:n47

CLASSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. WM. H. WAKEHAM,

(A well-known and successful Teacher), having returned from the East, will resume his professional duties by opening a Select School for boys preparing for College or Business. Fall Term will begin on MONDAY, September 6th, in a handsome suite of rooms (now being fitted up) over the Allegheny Savings Bank, Federal street, Allegheny City. Apply to Principal at his former residence, 37 Union avenue, Allegheny. Circulars can be had at the Book Stores.
au27:n60 WM. H. WAKEHAM.

Miss M. MARKHAM,

(Late Associate Principal of Irving Institute,)

WILL OPEN A SCHOOL FOR

Young Ladies and Misses,

MONDAY, September 6, 1869.

At the rooms lately occupied by the Curry Institute, No 52 and 54 Sixth street (late St. Clair).

Circulars can be had at all the principal Bookstores, or any information may be obtained of Miss Markham, at 312 PENN ST., Pittsburgh. au18-n52

PITTSBURGH FEMALE COLLEGE, REV. I. C. PEBSHING, D.D., President.

A strictly select Ladies' School for Boarders and Day Pupils. The leading Female College in the State and the first in the United States. Superb buildings, with all the modern improvements. Every private room and hall and school room covered with carpets and mattings.

The institution has full collegiate powers and privileges, and grants diplomas to all who complete the English or Classical course. Thorough and well-selected course of study. TWENTY-TWO TEACHERS. Every department made a specialty.

Parents are earnestly requested to call and make themselves acquainted with the excellent accommodations and unsurpassed facilities.

Fall Term commences SEPTEMBER 1. Send for a catalogue.

au26:n 9 M. SIMPSON, Pres. Trustees.

PENNSYLVANIA MILITARY ACADEMY,

At CHESTER, DELAWARE Co., Pa. (For Boarders only.) The eighth annual session commences Thursday, September 2nd. The buildings are new and very complete in all their appointments. Very thorough instruction in English, ancient and modern languages, and Practical Science. Two graduates of the United States Military Academy devote their time exclusively to the departments of Mathematics and Engineering. Careful attention is given to the moral and religious culture of cadets. Circulars may be obtained of C. H. PAULSON, Esq., No. 40 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, or of

COL. THEODORE HOVATT,
President of P. M. Academy, Chester, Pa.
Au 3 m86.

WYERS' SCIENTIFIC AND CLASSICAL INSTITUTE,

At West Chester, Pa.

The Scholastic Year of 10 months begins WEDNESDAY, September 1st next.
For catalogue, apply to

WM. F. WYERS, A. M.,
au7:n17 PRINCIPAL AND PROPRIETOR.

FEMALE EDUCATION.

MR. AND MRS. H. M. TWINING'S

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,

No. 2024 Mt. Vernon St., Philadelphia,

The object of this School is to impart a practical and useful education. For this purpose the rooms are fitted up with every necessary comfort and convenience for twenty scholars only. The most efficient teachers of French, German and Drawing are engaged.

An ample supply of Philosophical and Chemical apparatus is provided for the illustration of natural science.

A pamphlet Prospectus of the School will be furnished on application by letter or otherwise. au18-d&F

ST. XAVIER'S ACADEMY,

Under the Care of the Sisters of Mercy,

WESTMORELAND CO., PA.

This Institution is situated near the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, in a most beautiful and healthy part of Westmoreland county, about three miles from Latrobe.

The scholastic year is divided into two sessions, commencing the Monday after the 15th of August.

Board and tuition per session, (payable in advance)	$95 00
Bed and bedding per session	5 00
Stationery " "	2 00
Doctor's fees " "	2 00

The Modern Languages, Music, Drawing, &c., form extra charges.

All communications should be directed to the Directress of St. Xavier's Academy, St. Vincent's P. O., Westmoreland county, Pa.

N. B.—A carriage is in attendance at Beaty's Station every Wednesday, to meet the morning accommodation train from Pittsburgh.

Studies will commence August 23d.

Prospectuses can be had on application to the Directress of the Academy. au4:n4

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,

(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND ELOOE.

Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.

All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,

ANCHOR COTTON MILLS.

PITTSBURGH.

Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT

ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

FOR SALE

"HOBOKEN" STATION PROPERTY FOR SALE.

This beautiful situation cannot be surpassed for private residences in any direction, so close to both cities, being only eight miles up the Western Pennsylvania Railroad. Any person desiring information about this property can obtain it by calling at the office of the IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, 75 Federal street, Allegheny. Lots from one-half acre to five acres; also, small lots to suit purchasers. There is a good location for a manufacturing establishment, between the Railroad and Allegheny river. au19:n28

FOR SALE.

Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,

TWO LOTS,

Containing About Two Acres Each

QUIRE OF

W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,

195 Liberty Street,

mh15

SOUTH PITTSBURGH PROPERTY FOR SALE.—320 feet front on Carson street by 100 feet deep to Bingham street; a good two story Brick House of hall, two parlors, sitting room, four chambers, dining room, kitchen and wash house, cellar and coal vault, gas fixtures, cistern, well and hydrant water, yard and carriage house on Bingham street. Persons who wish to purchase a desirable residence should examine this property. Apply to

S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
au25 39 Sixth avenue.

VALUABLE STOCK FARM FOR SALE, situated in Westmoreland county, three miles north of "New Florence." Contains 540 acres, 400 of which is cleared and and a large portion in grass. The land is rich and well watered. The building consists of a large frame Dwelling, two frame Barns and numerous outbuildings. All the stuff on the ground to erect a fine new dwelling; Cellar dug. This farm is offered at the low price of $40 per acre, with easy payments. Apply soon to

R. McLAIN & CO.,
au14 No. 104 Fourth Avenue.

GARDENERS TAKE NOTICE.—FOR SALE.—The FOURTEEN MILE ISLAND, on the Allegheny River, and now used for gardening purposes; well improved and in a high state of cultivation; containing 40 or 50 acres, now offered at a bargain. Call soon.

Also, other Farms in good locations. Woolen Factory, two Houses, and twenty acres of land on the Central Railroad. Houses and Lots For sale and To-let in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD,
fe26 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

LEGAL.

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION of "The Hopewell Old School Presbyterian Church, of Findley Township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania" for a Charter of Incorporation, at No. 604 September Term, 1869.

Notice is hereby given that the "HOPEWELL OLD SCHOOL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, of Findley Township, Allegheny county, Pa.," have made application to the Court of Common Pleas for a

CHARTER OF INCORPORATION,

And that the same will be granted at the next term of Court, unless sufficient reason should be shown to the contrary.

au2 J. H. WALTER, Prothonotary.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, of Allegheny County, No. 427 of September Term, 1869: In the matter of the Incorporation of "THE ARTISANS BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION OF ALLEGHENY CITY, PA."

Notice is hereby given that on the 17th day of July, 1869, application was made to said Court to grant a Charter of Incorporation to said Association; and that if no sufficient reason be shown to the contrary, the same will be granted at the next term of said Court.

D. W. & A. S. BELL,
Attorneys for Petitioners.
JULY 19, 1869. jy20:m25

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that an application has been made to the Court of Common Pleas for Allegheny county for the granting of a CHARTER OF INCORPORATION to the THIRD NATIONAL BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION OF PITTSBURGH and if no sufficient reason be shown to the contrary, the same will be granted at the next term of Court.

BY THE COURT.
JACOB H. WALTER, Prothonotary.
jy15:m16-T

NOTICE.—Whereas, letters of administration *cum testamento annexo* on the estate of JAMES BARR, Sr., late of the Borough of Birmingham, Allegheny county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned; all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate of said decedent will make known the same without delay to

W. C. AUGHINBAUGH, Administrator,
jy20:m37-T 87 Diamond street Pittsburgh

BUSINESS CHANGES.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing between JOHN M. COOPER and HENRY BIER, under the name and style of JOHN M. COOPER & CO., was this day dissolved by mutual consent, John M. Cooper retiring from said firm.

JOHN M. COOPER,
HENRY BIER.
PITTSBURGH, August 12, 1869.

The business will be continued at the old stand, corner of Thirteenth and Pike streets, by the undersigned, who is authorized to settle all business of said firm. HENRY BIER.

ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., }
AUGUST 9, 1869. }

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

The Co-partnership, heretofore existing under the firm name of HILLIER, BONAWITZ, SCHEMP & CO., and known as the KEYSTONE COFFIN MANUFACTURING CO., is dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be settled at the office of Rush & Brown, No. 242 Beaver avenue, by Jacob Rush, who is authorized to settle the same.

W. M. ABRAMS,	CHAS. DAHLINGER,
ALEX. CAMPBELL,	JACOB RUSH,
J. C. COUCH,	R. T. RODNEY,
JOHN BONAWITZ,	WM. W. BROWN,
G. O. SCHEMP,	JAMES LOWRIE,

au20 n52 SAM'L HILLIER.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given, that the partnership heretofore existing between MARY MEREDITH and WM. C. MEREDITH, engaged in the retail Grocery Business, at No. 256 Sandusky street, was dissolved on August 20, 1869. All accounts will be settled by the undersigned; also, the undersigned will pay no debts contracted by WM. C. MEREDITH after this date.

au25:n45. MARY MEREDITH.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

B. TIEGEL,

(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.

se26:v21

NEW SPRING GOODS.

A splendid new stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,

Just received by HENRY MEYER.

se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

LIVERY STABLES.

JOHN H. STEWART.....ROBT. H. PATTERSON.

ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,

LIVERY, SALE AND

COMMISSION STABLES

COR. SEVENTH AVENUE & LIBERTY ST.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ap26:h4

WHITE LIME.—100 barrels Cleveland White Lime; 200 bbls Eastern do., for sale by J. B. CANFIELD,

AMUSEMENTS.

☞ NEW YORK

CIRCUS.

From the Hippotheatron Iron Buildings, 14th Street, opposite the Academy of Music, New York.

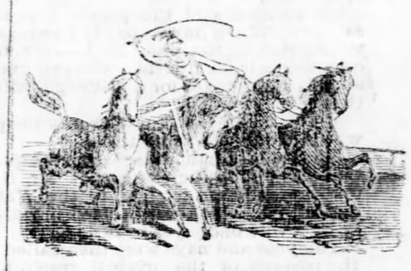
L. B. LENT, - - - - Director,

WILL EXHIBIT ON THE

Diamond, Allegheny City,

MONDAY, TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY,

August 30th and 31st, and Sept. 1st.



THIS CELEBRATED TROUPE,

Which is permanently established in a splendid iron edifice on Fourteenth street, New York, will occupy the usual summer vacation, during which the building is closed, with a

GRAND EXCURSION BY RAILWAY

through the country, traveling by special trains chartered for the purpose, with the intention of giving the inhabitants of other cities and towns an opportunity of witnessing a carefully selected programme of those

Brilliant, Exciting and Elegant

EQUESTRIAN ENTERTAINMENTS.

Which for years have proved one of the most popular and successful features of the public amusement in New York. To those who have ever witnessed the performance of this troupe, either at the Hippothestron Buildings in New York or during the former summer excursions, it is only necessary to say that this year

New Artists, New Features,

And New Attractions

Combine to render its resources for the production of novelty

Greater than Ever Before,

And that it is confidently believed that in all respects the performances to be given the present season will be found not only superior to anything of the kind hitherto witnessed in America, but positively

UNEQUALED IN ANY COUNTRY.

NO CATCHPENNY SIDE SHOWS are allowed with this establishment.

ADMISSION.....50 cents.
Children under ten.....25 cents.

NO STANDING ROOM. SEATS FOR ALL.

Doors open at 2 and 7. Grand Entree at 2½ and 7½ P. M.

For the convenience of Ladies and Families, Tickets can be secured at Hoffman & Hale's Music Store.

C. W. FULLER, Agent.
au21:25:28:30:31:1

☞ **FIFTH AVENUE HALL.**—No. 65 Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the coolest and most desirable place of resorte. Liquors can be had at this place Pure and Good. The Billiard Rooms are on the ground floor in the rear.

AUCTION SALES.

NOTICE.

LARGE SALE OF IRON.

DEPOT Q. M. OFFICE, }
JEFFERSONVILLE, IND., August 16, 1869. }

I will sell at PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Depot, at

JEFFERSONVILLE, INDIANA,

AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M., ON

WEDNESDAY, 22d Day of September, 1869,

A LARGE LOT OF IRON, consisting of various sizes, as follows:

About 88,585 lbs. of band iron, of the following sizes, viz:

3½x3-16 in.	3¼x3 16 in.		2½x⅜ in.		1¼x3 16 in.
2½x¼ "	3½x¼ "		2½x½ "		4½x3-16 "
4¼x¼ "	4 x¼ "		3½x¼ "		4½x3-16 "
3½x3-16 "	5 x¼ "		4½x¼ "		5 x3 16 "
4½x3 16 "	6 x¼ "		5½x¼ "		1¾x ¼ "
4 x3-16 "	4½x¾ "		2¼x3-16		1¾x ¼ "
¾x ⅝					

About 54,098 lbs. round iron of the following sizes, viz:

2⅛ in.	2¼ in.	2⅜ in.	2½ in.	2⅝ in.	3½ in.
2 "	5½ "	4½ "	3½ "	4 "	1½ "
3 "					

About 20,410 lbs. square iron of the following sizes, viz:

2½ in.	3¼ in.	3 in.	3¾ in.	3½ in.	2⅜ in.
5 16 "	2½ "	1½ "			

About 314,367 lbs. bar iron, consisting of the following sizes:

4 x ¾ in.	4 x1¼ in.	5 x ½ in.	4½x1 in.		
3½x⅜ "	4 x ⅝ "	5 x ⅝ "	4 x ⅝ "		
5 x ¾ "	4½x ⅝ "	5 x ¾ "	5 x ⅝ "		
5 x ⅝ "	5 x ⅞ "	5 x1 "	4 x1 "		
2 x1½ "	6¾x ¼ "	2 x ½ "	2½x1 "		
1⅝x ¾ "	1½x ¼ "	1½x1 "	1½x ⅝ "		
1⅜x ⅞ "	2 x ⅜ "	2 x ⅝ "	2¼x ⅜ "		
2¼x1 "	2¼x1½ "	2 x1½ "	2½x1¼ "		
2½x1½ "	2¼x ½ "	2 x1¼ "	3½x1 "		
3⅜x ¾ "	3½x ⅝ "	3½x1 "	3½x1½ "		
2 x ¾ "	2 x ⅝ "	2 x1 "	4½x ⅝ "		

CITY COUNCILS.

(Continued from First Page.)

promised this two months ago, but the work was still going on. He did not question their motives but simply stated the facts.

Mr. Weldon thought the gentleman should bring his authority for such statements. He should not make such assertions without proof. The Water Committee were doing all they could to supply water facilities, and *had* accomplished their object, although in the outer districts it was not as large as was desired. The Committee should be allowed to proceed with laying these pipes, as it was absolutely necessary to do so, in order that the large amount already expended might be got back in the shape of revenue.

Mr. Morgan said the people were not satisfied. When he was out in Lawrenceville weighing the pipe he heard many complaints from citizens, who grumbled about paying taxes for a privilege which they did not enjoy.

Mr. Bell said he knew twenty people who told him the same thing.

After some further discussion the question was put on the passage of Mr. Barton's amendment to refer to the Water Committee, which was decided negatively by a vote of 24 ayes to 28 nays.

The yeas and nays were then called on the passage of the original resolution, resulting as follows:

Ayes—Messrs. Berger, Black, Booth, Carroll, Case, Dain, Gildenfenney, Hare, Jahn, Jones, Kremer, Lanahan, McCandless, McCarthy, McClaren, McKelvy, McMasters, Meyer, Moore, Morgan, Potts, Rook, Rosewell, Sims, Schott, Vick, Waughter, Wilson, and Tomlinson, President—24.

Nays — Messrs. Albeitz, Anderson, Barr, Barton, Batchelor, Bell, Boggs, Chislett, Daub, Dunseath, Fleming, Gerner, Houston. Hutchinson, McCleane. Morton, Palmer, Pearson, Penney, Rebman, Reed, Scott, Verner, Vetter, Weisenberger, Weldon, and Welsh—27.

Mr. Morgan moved the passage of the second resolution, which was agreed to.

The third resolution was then taken up, when Mr. Morgan detailed the difficulties in the way of the Committee, which had delayed them until some of the pipe alleged to have been deficient had been laid, and which rendered it necessary to have further power placed in their hands.

Mr. McCarthy asked if this work of taking up and laying down pipes, was to be done at the expense of "those philanthropic gentlemen." He wished to know whether the money for these pipes, and tripods, and all such apparatus talked about was to be paid out of the city treasury; if so, the investigation was about to cost more than it would come to, and looked like "fishing with a golden hook."

Mr. Morgan stated the Committee did not intend to charge anything for their services. They only wished to have expenses paid. The only expense so far had been fifteen dollars, while the amount alleged to be overcharged would be about $2,000. He only desired the facts to come before the people, and had put nothing in his report which could not be substantiated by facts.

Mr. Potts, said the Committee should be encouraged. They had already developed things which looked very much like fraud. He thought the facts should be fully investigated.

Mr. M'Carthy thought members should be careful in making charges of "fraud" and "heavy frauds," and all that, against honest men, unless these charges could be substantiated still more than they had been thus far.

Mr. Chislett thought in view of the fact that men occupying high positions in the business community had been attacked, it was due them that the matter be fully investigated.

Mr. McCandless was in favor of giving the Committee the power they asked, as sufficient had been already adduced to demand further investigation.

The question was then put on the resolution, which was carried.

ELIGIBILITY OF MEMBERS.

Mr. Morgan said he had another report to present from the Committee on Retrenchment and Reform, concerning the Common Council exclusively.

Mr. Houston inquired whether the report was signed by the Committee?

Mr. Morgan said it was signed by himself as Chairman.

Mr. Houston—Then it is not a proper report.

The President read rule sixth, requiring all reports of special, or other Committees, to be signed by all the members, or a majority thereof.

Mr. Morgan—Can't I offer it as a minority report?

President—No. sir. There is no majority report presented yet.

Mr. Morgan here sat down, remarking, "that's a new rule on me."

Mr. Houston—If the gentleman states what the purport of the paper is, I'll have no objection to having it read. But I have been informed that it has been prepared in a spirit of malice, and in order to gratify private revenge. For that reason, unless the gentleman states what it is about, I object to its reception.

Mr. Morgan—I hurl back with contempt the charge of malice and revenge. I have put nothing in the paper except what the law warrants. If the law goes against certain gentlemen on this floor, I have nothing to do with that.

Mr. Reed—I guess I am one of the members he alludes to, and about whom this report has been made. I believe it is made out of malice and personal spite, but I would like to hear what he has to say; since the matter has been introduced, I think it ought to be heard.

Mr. Batchelor—So do I, Mr. President. The paper has been brought up, and I think Councils should hear it, and they can be the judges of its merits afterwards.

Mr. Houston—Councils can have an idea of its character when all his colleagues refused to sign it.

Mr. Morgan—I tried to get my colleagues together; but though they promised me day after day, they never came, so that I had to prepare the report myself.

Mr. Jones—I suppose you mean me as one of the delinquents. Did I ever say I would meet you anywhere about the matter in that report, and did—

Mr. Morgan—No sir; but if you will allow me I can tell why you didn't sign it. You thought one of your colleagues would be hurt if it was accepted.

Mr. Jones—I thought before any attack was made on my colleague he should have a hearing.

After some further discussion, several members desiring to hear it read, Mr. Houston withdrew his objection, and the paper was read as introduced thus

"That part of the Committee of Retrenchment and Reform having a seat in this body (Common Council) beg leave to call your attention to the following correspondence between J. F. Slagle, Esq., City Attorney, and your Committee, in relation to the right of certain members of the Common Council to hold seats in the body."

Here follows a letter signed "B. W. Morgan, Chairman," addressed to "J. F. Slagle, Esq., City Attorney," dated August 10th, calling his attention to a clause in the 27th section of an act entitled "a further supplement to the Acts incorporating the city of Pittsburgh," approved April 6th, 1867, which reads "*Nor shall any such member be interested directly or indirectly in the profits of any contract or job for work or services to be performed for the corporation,*" and asking his opinion, as the legal officer of the city, as to the right of A. W. Rook, of the firm of O'Neill & Cook, proprietors of the Pittsburgh *Dispatch*, city printers, representing the First ward, T. P. Houston and N. P. Reed, of the firm of Penniman, Reed & Co., proprietors of the Pittsburgh GAZETTE, also city printers, the former representing the Second ward, the latter the Eleventh ward, E. F. Anderson, of the firm of A. A. Anderson & Sons, city job printers, representing the Fourteenth ward—all of whom "receive money from the City Treasury for doing work for the city,"—and F. P. Case, representing the Sixth ward, who holds the position of Assistant Assessor of Internal Revenue; also, "whether if any member of Council can enter into a contract with the city, whereby money is drawn from the Treasury, and still hold his seat, and whether any contract would bind the city when it is entered into in violation of law."

To which "J. W. F. White, for J. F. Slagle, City Solicitor," under date of August 20th, responds thus:

"After an examination of the acts of Assembly and the ordinances bearing on the subject, I am of the opinion the proprietors of newspapers and printing establishments, which have been elected by Councils to do the city printing, ought not to retain their seats in Councils and at the same time be interested in those establishments. I am also of the opinion that the office of Assistant Assessor of United States Internal Revenue tax is incompatible with that of City Councilman."

The report then concludes as follows:

"In pursuance of the above opinion your Committee offer the following resolution:

"*Resolved*, That the seats of Mr. A. W. Rook, member from the First ward, Mr. T. P. Houston, from the Second ward, Mr. F P. Case, from the Sixth ward, Mr. N. P. Reed, from the Eleventh ward, and Mr. E. F. Anderson, from the Fourteenth ward, be and they are hereby declared vacant."

During the reading, Mr. Reed asked if the legal opinion was that of the City Solicitor?

Mr. Morgan stated it was, and proceeded with the reading.

At its conclusion Mr. Reed said it was not the opinion of the City Solicitor, but that of Mr. White, whose opinion, no matter how correct it might be, could not be received by the Councils.

Mr. Morgan—It is the report of the City Solicitor. Mr. White has a right, as his partner, to sign Mr. Slagle's name.

Mr. Reed—Mr. White told me personally that Mr. Slagle had never seen it. It don't make any particular difference, only I want to show up the spirit of the business, which is malice from beginning to end.

Mr. Morgan—I don't care for that; its Mr. Slagle's opinion.

Mr. Jones—Mr. President, I rise to a point of order. Mr. Morgan was simply allowed to read that report as a question of privilege. He has, therefore, no more right to the floor.

The President decided all debate out of order.

Mr. Case—I would like to say a word as a question of privilege. I think the report does me injustice. I have never had an opportunity of resigning since I accepted my office, even if I was ineligible. I suppose Mr. White's opinion will be sufficient, but I ought to have an opportunity to resign, if I like.

A personal discussion of a rather rambling character ensued, when the Chairman decided that the report could not be received unless a motion to that effect was made.

Mr. Penney contended that the paper as a report could not be received at all, as no one but the Chairman of the Committee had signed it, and it was unjust to bind the other members down in this way into a tacit endorsement of a paper which they had never signed.

The President decided the point well taken.

Mr. Morgan—Well, then, I'll offer the resolution as a personal matter, outside of my connection with the Committee.

M. McKelvy objected to the resolution. There was no proof that these gentlemen were connected with the business indicated. He knew, himself, of only one member that was directly connected as charged in the resolution. The proper way to proceed was to adduce proof of the fact, which could not be taken by a mere assertion.

Mr. Penney and several others favored the postponement of the subject for another month until the whole matter could be examined, and the gentlemen interested allowed an opportunity to act in accordance with the law.

Mr. Morgan—Well, I am satisfied. I'll bring it up again, though in a month.

Mr. Houston—That's a threat.

Mr. Batchelor said the whole proceeding was out of order, and read a section from the City Code, showing that in such a case as that under discussion, Councils were required to pass an ordinance and proceed to try the matter regularly, as in a court of justice, subpœning and examining witnesses, &c.

A number of members deprecated any such formal action. They thought it better to allow the matter to lie over for one month, when it could be arranged without so much circumlocution.

Mr. McKelvy moved to refer the matter to the Ordinance Committee to report.

Mr. Morgan—There to slumber till after the next election.

The President decided this motion out of order.

Mr. Houston urged an immediate settlement of the matter. He was opposed to having it postponed.

Mr. Reed—Yes, and every member friendly to the press will vote for immediate action. Let the members see how far his personalities will be allowed in Council.

Mr. McCarthy moved to amend by refering the business to a committee of three, in conjunction with the City Solicitor, to report as soon as possible.

Mr. Barton, moved to drop the name of Mr. Case from the resolution.

Mr. Penney thought it was urging matters pretty fast to expel five respected members of the Council, on such a resolution.

Mr. Morgan said he did not desire to show any indecent haste in the matter. He had not sought this. It had been forced upon him, and it began to hurt, as was evidenced by several of the members interested jumping up at the bare mention of such a report, even before they knew anything about it. How could they know anything about it until it was read?

Mr. Houston—Did you not see it published in a Sunday paper yesterday, that this was to be brought before the Councils to-day? And has it not been the street talk for some time? Did you not yourself circulate it through the city? Don't you know these things?

Mr. Morgan—No I don't.

Mr. Houston—Well I do.

Mr. McCarthy here arose to a point of order, and the debate between the gentlemen was cut off.

Mr. Reed—Mr. President I don't think we need any more high-cock-a-lorum-speeches from the gentlemen; the discussion has gone about far enough.

Mr. Morgan—The gentleman don't indulge in such speeches. His words are few but weighty. The speaker here launched out into a lengthy discussion of himself, but after proceeding some time was interrupted by

Mr. McCarthy—Mr. President, the gentleman is out of order. I don't think, as members of Council, we need to have his biography to settle this question. We can do without that, although it may be edifying to the gentleman himself.

Mr. Morgan—Well, I am not ashamed of my "biography," as some people ought to be of their's.

Mr. McCarthy—Well, that's nothing. Some people are not ashamed of anything. [Laughter.]

The members had now about worked off their superabundant vitality and wit in the discussion, and settled down to sober business. The discussion was resumed for a short time, but

Finally Mr. McCarthy's motion to refer the matter to the City Solicitor and a special committee of three, prevailed, and the Chairman appointed as the Committee Messrs. McCarthy, Barton and Penney.

Mr. McClaren now offered a minority report, which he had been prevented from presenting during the debate. He held that as the question had been raised as to the eligibility of certain members, it was the province of Councils, and not the committee, to decide the matter, and as the most feasible method, accompanied the report by a resolution providing for the appointment of a committee of three, to act in conjunction with the City Solicitor in examining the question, and report at the next regular meeting of Councils. He stated that inasmuch as this had been anticipated by the action already taken, he merely wished to read the paper.

It was received and filed.

RESIGNATION OF MR. CASE.

PITTSBURGH, August 30, 1869.

To the President and Members of the Common Council.—Gentlemen: Having accepted the appointment of Assistant Assessor of United States Internal Revenue, and learning that the holding of said office is incompatible with that of City Councilman, I hereby tender my resignation as a member of this body from the Sixth ward.

Very Respectfully,
FRANK P. CASE

Mr. Barton moved the reference of the paper to the Special Committee on Eligibility, just appointed. From his examination of the law he believed Mr. Case was clearly eligible to his place of Common Councilman, notwithstanding the fact of his holding an office under the Government.

The motion was agreed to.

NEW ORDINANCES.

Mr. Pearson offered an ordinance for changing the place of holding elections in the Seventeenth ward to the new School House. Read three times and passed.

Mr. Palmer, an ordinance changing the width of Colwell street to fifty feet. Read three times and passed.

INVITATION ACCEPTED.

The President read an invitation from the Secretary of the Humboldt Centennial Celebration Committee, asking Councils to participate in the ceremonies of the fourteenth of September. Accepted and filed.

AFTER THE BOARD OF HEALTH.

Mr. McCarthy offered a resolution, providing for the appointment of a committee of three to inquire into and report upon the manner in which the Board of Health grant licenses to parties for cleaning cess pools. Adopted and Messrs. McCarthy and Palmer appointed in behalf of C. C.

THE "MUNICIPAL RECORD."

Mr. Batchelor offered a resolution instructing the City Controller to certify a warrant for the payment of $150 to the Pittsburgh *Commercial* for printing the "Municipal Record," for one half year.

Referred to the Committee on City Printing.

OLD BUSINESS.

Mr. Weldon called up the following ordinances, laid over June fifteenth:

Ordinance for opening Twentieth to Thirty third streets, inclusive, from Penn street to Allegheny river. Passed finally.

One for opening Smallman street from Twenty-first to Twenty-third street. Passed finally.

Ordinance for the construction of a public sewer on Third avenue. Passed finally.

Ordinance granting Walter Slocum & Co. privilege to lay a tramway across Second avenue. Laid over under the rules.

None of the C. C. business was acted upon S. C.

Adjourned.

The Public Schools.

Pursuant to a call of the City Superintendent of Common Schools, a meeting of Principals was held at five o'clock Monday evening in the Grant School House.

On motion, Mr. Burtt was chosen Chairman and Mr. J. N. Stephenson, Secretary.

It was stated by the Superintendent that the object of the meeting was to adopt measures to secure the teaching of drawing in all the schools of the city.

On motion of Mr. L. H. Eaton, it was resolved that this meeting of Principals recommend the several Boards to take immediate action, and that each Principal call the attention of his Ward Board to this resolution.

On motion of Mr Andrews, it was resolved that the synopsis of gymnastics prepared by Mr. Fox be printed for the use of the teachers of the City, and that each school appoint a committee to attend the drills held by Mr. Fox, for the purposes of securing uniform practice in all the schools.

On motion, it was resolved to have a drill from 4½ till 5½ and from 7 till 9 during each evening, of this week.

On motion, it was resolved that the first meeting be held on Tuesday, in the Rawlston School House. The second in the Washington School House on Wednesday. The third and fourth in the Grant School House, each to commence at the hour above named.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the city papers.

On motion adjourned.

Freak of Lightning—Narrow Escape.

During the storm Saturday afternoon Mr. William Young, formerly a resident of Pittsburgh, but now of Lawrence county, while driving a lot of sheep for the Allegheny market, narrowly escaped death by lightning. He had reached a point near Hecker's grove, about twelve miles from Allegheny City, when the storm came on, and sought shelter under a tree, remarking to a companion, who had taken to the bushes near at hand, that he did not think the tree a very safe place. A moment afterwards the tree was struck by lightning, shivered to pieces, and Mr. Young thrown to the ground in an insensible state. He soon revived, however, and discovered that the fluid had come in contact first with his left shoulder, passed across his breast and down his right leg, tearing his shirt and ripping a large hole in his boot near the ankle. Save a slight burning of his flesh, however, he sustained no injury whatever. A number of the sheep were prostrated by the shock.

The Election on the Park Question will take place to-day throughout the city. We suggest that the returns be made from the outer wards over the police telegraph wires to the Central Station.

The Allegheny Commons.

MESSRS EDITORS: Thank you for your plea on behalf of the *unrepresented* and therefore *neglected* South Commoners. It fails in completeness only in the omission to refer to the picturesque *mortar-bed* for private and Pittsburgh uses, with which the dwellers on Stockton avenue are treated by way of offset, I suppose, for the costly and sparkling fountain that gladdens the eyes of the President of the Commission at the opposite extremity of the Common ground. The press has glorified the latter with its prospective Dolphins and Naiads—why not a word on the rustic and rectangular but utilitarian wooden box, with its heaps of unslaked lime, its creamy slush, and its attendant contraband?

You might have gone further, however, and extended your sympathies to all the Southern and Western borderers, who in the unhappy condition of antipodes, are of course *invisible* from a Northeastern stand-point, and upon whom, therefore, although highly taxed, no beneficent ray of the boreal light has kindly fallen. Look, for example, at the equally picturesque *ash piles* that stud the treeless and herbless and dreary expanse that sweeps down in chilling nakedness and desolation, with here and there a fetid rivulet or a stagnant and stinking pool of ink-black ooze from the Penitentiary in front of Sherman avenue, so called perhaps from the avenging track which that General is said to have left in Georgia and the Carolinas—and where, at the South and Southeast, no spade has ever visited the ground while two long summers have been spent in embellishing the more favored region of the North with the money collected from themselves. I beg pardon, a week or two ago did witness a spasmodic effort to *re construct* a fence that had been moved to grace some more favored spot, but the effort seems to have been too much for the hot weather or the treasury, and the pioneer forces have been withdrawn, no doubt to recruit their wasted strength or to put the last finishing touch upon the verdant parterres of the new Eden of the North.

You have occasionally lauded the taste and activity of the Commissioners. Is it the law of *contrast* as an element of beauty on which they have relied to enhance the attraction of the walks and fountains and flower-beds on which they have been expending their energies; or do they intend only to secure the temporary advantage of a two or three years' start upon the favored localities? If the residue is to serve only as a *foil*, it is hardly fair to charge those who are condemned to look out upon it, with such cheap embellishments as mortar-beds, ash-piles, and unsavory surface-scum, which may be had almost anywhere for nothing. If the object, however, is only to get a few years' start over them, they ought not, of course, to be called upon to pay until they are reached. Nothing is clearer than the duty of carrying forward the whole work together, without favor to any section of it. It was no very big affair in the aggregate. The people have paid two years' assesments and it cannot be said that there is a dearth of either money or labor where there is enough of both to build expensive fountains in one compartment while others are totally neglected and ignored.

A TAXPAYER.

New York Circus.

This establishment gave its initial performances yesterday afternoon and evening on the Diamond in Allegheny City, and fully redeemed the promises put forth in its preliminary advertisements. After seeing the entertainment given by this company it is easy to account for its great prosperity in New York. The performances are certainly unique in their way. Mr. Lent, the experienced director of the troupe, has succeeded in producing an entertainment which combines with the most wonderful and exciting exhibition of equestrain and athletic skill a careful attention to the requirements of taste, which entitles the exhibition to the favorable regard of the best class of amusement seekers. In short, the performances are altogether unlike any thing of the kind that has preceded them. In the first place, the immense tent is not surrounded by minor tents with their attendant players of hand organs and urgent solicitors for the patronage of people with physiological taste. No fat women, living skeletons or bogus gorillas haunt the precincts of the New York Circus. The visitor enters the tent, is shown to his seat and quite free from furtive attempts upon his pocket book from the exhibitors of unnatural curiosities, awaits the "feast of wonders" before him. Prompt at the time the programme commences: First, a cavalcade of riders—the same as of old, only with more spirited steeds and better dresses than are usually seen. Then, some twenty acts of equestrianism and gymnastic feats, interspersed with singular exhibitions of sagacity, in which dogs, ponies, an Arabian horse and the conventional mules figure, and finally the sides of the tent dropped down and some three thousand people issuing upon the square, delighted with what they have seen. In this brief notice we have not mentioned the great Melville with his wonderful infant son, Mi'lle Caroline Rolland, who rides as woman never rode before, nor Robert Stickney, the most agile and the most splendid of athletes; these are only a few of the stars comprised in Mr. Lent's unrivalled troupe. But it is worth mention that from the first to the last act of the entertainment there is not a feature which could be objected to by the most scrupulous moralist. The New York Circus is entitled to the credit of presenting an entertainment more brilliant than anything of the kind hitherto witnessed here, and at the same time entirely unexceptionable. Performances will be given to-day, both afternoon and evening.

A Pittsburgher in the West.

The Walla Walla *Statesman* speaks as follows of an old Pittsburgher: "Hon. J. K. Kennedy, the newly appointed Judge for the First Judicial District, arrived at Walla Walla in the early part of the week and at once entered upon the discharge of his official duties. Judge Kennedy is extremely radical in politics, but being a courteous, genial gentleman, and withal a thorough-trained lawyer, we feel quite sure that he will fill his high office to the satisfaction of the people of the district. A stranger in our midst, we bespeak for him what we know he will receive—a courteous reception." Judge Kennedy was formerly connected with this paper and was widely known in the city, where there are doubtless still many of his friends, who will hear such good news of him with satisfaction. The Judge's reputation in Washington Territory must be especially good to command so complimentary a notice from a Democratic journal.

Mr. Glenn's School for Young Ladies.

We yesterday called to see the new undertaking in the way of educational facilities for our young ladies. It is located in the late residence of James S. Craft, Esq., next door to St. Andrews Church, on Hand street. It struck us as an excellent feature that instead of a large hall away up over some of our large buildings, that Mr. Glenn had selected a commodious private residence and appropriated the parlors and best rooms to the purposes of the school. These are neatly and tastefully furnished so as to convey the idea of home-like comfort, rather than the stiff formality of an ordinary school room. In conversation with Mr. Glenn we learned that this is no accident, but is a part of his plan, to make his school a place of *pleasure in pursuit of knowledge* rather than a place of *harsh constraint*. Order, perfect silence, strict conformity to numerous minute rules may become such an object of attention on the part of teacher and pupil as to frustrate the legitimate object of a school. The developing of the best powers of all connected with it. The earnest attention secured by a deep interest in study, and by a true affection and sympathy between the teachers and pupils: this is what our children need, rather than a rigid conformity to austere rules, however correct and good in themselves. Oral instruction previous to learning the lesson, and leading the pupil to *think* for herself and to *express* her thoughts in her own language, rather than to repeat the precise words of the text-book: securing ideas rather than the bare meaningless words, seems so obviously the dictate of nature and good sense, that we have long wondered that so little of this has been sought after in our advanced schools. We could not help recognizing with pleasure, therefore, Mr. Glenn's views on these points. Mr. Glenn has been fortunate in his selection of assistants. Miss Anna C. Woods, we learned, is to be the assistant principal. Many of her former pupils are to be with her in Mr. Glenn's school. By her pleasant manners, bright cheerful spirit and her enthusiasm in her profession, she has so endeared herself to them that they will rejoice to be again with her, and a few will feel sad that they are deprived of the same privilege. Many will be glad to know that Miss Anna H. Parker, the orphan daughter of the late gallant Lieutenant Parker, of the United States Navy, who so nobly lost his life for his country before Vera Cruz, is to be one of Mr. Glenn's aids.

Mrs. McLaughlin's studio in the third story will be a place of no ordinary attraction. Those who have seen her work at the exhibitions of the School of Design, and have seen her quiet energy, tact and enthusiasm in the various branches of art, will not fail to appreciate the advantages of the school in this department.

In regard to Mr. C. G. Marshall, the teacher of the advanced pupils in music, we have only to say that he brings the highest testimonials from New York City, where he has been pursuing his studies under the accomplished artist, M. Pychowski, and that his ability is vouched for by our well known townsman, C. C. Mellor, Esq. He will be an acquisition not only to this school but to our City. French and German will be taught by Madame Danse.

Altogether we cannot help congratulating Mr. Glenn on his prospects. It seems likely that his number of pupils will be complete from the beginning.

If enterprises of this kind are fostered, it will not be long before parents will find that they can have their children thoroughly educated here at home, and under the shelter of the family circle, without the expense and risk of going to distant cities. We recognize with pleasure that the cause of education is on the advance in Pittsburgh, and feel assured from what we have seen that Mr. Glenn's school will compare favorably with the best.

Probably Fatal Occurrence.

William Wilson, a traveling tinker, was yesterday arrested and brought to the lock-up for committing an aggravated assault and battery on a boy. It appears that Wilson passed through Spring alley with his tinker's cart, and when between Ninteenth and Twentieth streets John Cooder, a little boy about eight years of age, was running along behind him. He stopped and ordered the boy to go back, and Cooder not going immediately, he struck him on the head with a soldering iron, knocking him down. The boy was picked up insensible and carried into his father's house, and a physician sent for, when it was found that his skull was fractured. Wilson will be held in custody to await the result of the boy's injuries.

Important Revenue Decision.—Collector T. W. Davis has received the following decision regarding stamps on judgment notes from the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, which will prove of interest to the legal fraternity:

"A judgment note under seal is stamped the same as a note without seal. (Series 5, No. 10, page 16.) No stamp is required for the power of attorney to confess judgment (Revenue Law Compilation, Sec. 160.) There are several waivers and stipulations which require an agreement stamp in addition to stamp at rate of notes."

Five Dollars Reward will be paid for any information that will lead to the arrest of the boy who threw a rooster in our church window, on last Sabbath evening, the 29th inst.

DANIEL JACKSON,
R. PATERSON,
W. ARMSTRONG,
} Trustees.

Dr. WILLIAMS, Pastor Wesley M. E. Chapel.

Linen Table Damasks,
Tea Napkins,
Dinner Napkins,
Embroidered Handkerchiefs,
Hemmed Handkerchiefs.
BATES & BELL'S.

Williamson's Shop, 190 Federal street, Allegheny, is first class for a luxurious bath, for shaving, hair dyeing, hair cutting and dressing, plain or by curling and frizzle; also, for cupping and leeching. T

Marvin's superior crackers may be procured at 91 Liberty street, or at any grocery in the two cities. Buy them, try them.

Black Alpacas,
Hoop Skirts,
Swisses,
Jaconets,
Tarlatans.
BATES & BELL'S.

Marvin's Lemon Biscuit are simply delicious, and will be found an exceedingly pleasant and excellent substitute for sour bread during the hot weather.

Real Estate.—See advertisement of McClung & Rainbow, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue. tf.

Bates & Bell are selling Japanese Silks, Summer Silks, Thin Dress Goods and Shawls, at very low prices to close the stock.

Special Reduction.—Bates & Bell offer Shetland Shawls, a fresh stock, 25 per cent under regular prices.

The language of nature and experience demonstrates that whoever would enjoy the pleasures of food, the beauties of landscape, the joys of companionship, the riches of literature, or the honors of station and renown, *must preserve their health*. The effect of foul, injurious food, entering the stomach, is to derange the digestive organs and produce headache, loss of appetite, unrefreshing sleep, low spirits, feverish burnings, etc., which are the symptoms of that horrid disease, *Dyspepsia*, which assumes a thousand shapes, and points toward a miserable life and premature decay. PLANTATION BITTERS will prevent, overcome and counteract all of these effects. They act with unerring power, and are taken with the pleasure of a beverage.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. TH.S.T.F.

Lemon and Fruit Biscuit, Water, Butter, Sugar, Boston. Cream and Wine Crackers, and Ginger Snaps, Spiced Jumbles, &c., are some of the varieties obtained at Marvin's, 91 Liberty street. Everything sweet and fresh coming from this superior establishment.

Hecker's Farina forms a very agreeable light nutritive food, a superior article for puddings and jellies, and is highly recommended by physicians for invalids and children. Sold by all grocers. T

One of the best evidences of the superiority of Marvin's crackers is the fact that every grocer keeps them on sale. Popularity in this instance is a severe test of merit. They are manufactured at No. 91 Liberty street.

Figured Grenadines.—Bates & Bell offer Silk Grenadines for 50c, worth 75c. All Granedines proportionably cheap.

It has no equal, exclaimed a lady who, after using Milk of Violets a short time, pronounced it the only article of the kind really perfect for producing a most beautiful complexion. Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers. V. W. Brinkerhoff, agent of U. S.

Constitution Water is a certain cure for Diabetes and all diseases of the Kidneys. For sale by all Druggists. TTHS:T.

All annoyance and trouble from sour bread during the hot weather, may be avoided by purchasing Marvin's crackers at 91 Liberty street, or at any of the groceries.

Buy Marvin's Superior Crackers, which can be had at all the groceries, and at No. 91 Liberty street. Don't eat sour, unwholesome bread this warm weather, if you wish to avoid dispepsia.

MARRIED:

WEAVER—MILLER—On August 19th, 1869, at Freeport, Pa., at the residence of the bride's mother, by Rev. William Hilton, HORACE S. WEAVER to Miss AUGUSTA MILLER.

DIED.

HANNA—August 28, 1869, at 9½ o'clock, AMANDA B. HANNA, aged 17 years and 11 months.

Funeral TUESDAY MORNING at 10 o'clock from the residence of her parents, 57 Craig street, Allegheny. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

PATTERSON—In Brooklyn, New York, on the 24th of August, SARAH E., wife of Isaac W. Patterson, late of Birmingham, in the 37th year of her age.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Carriages furnished for city funerals at $2 00 each.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. R. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob S. Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

JOSEPH MEYER & SON,
UNDERTAKERS,
No. 424 PENN STREET.
Carriages for Funerals, $2.00 Each.
COFFINS and all Funeral Furnishment at reduced rates. au7

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.

NEW GOODS!

Having just returned from the East with a splendid stock of

Watches, Jewelry, Silverware,
OPTICAL GOODS, &c.,

I am now prepared to offer them at greatly reduced prices. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

W. G. DUNSEATH,
Jeweller, No. 56 Fifth Avenue,
au28; Opposite Masonic Hall.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

HENRY G. HALE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that his

SPRING STOCK OF GOODS
IS NOW COMPLETE,
SOLICITING AN EARLY CALL.
Corner of Penn and Sixth Streets,
mh9

W. HESPENHEID & CO.,
No. 50 SIXTH STREET, (late St. Clair,) have just received from the East the best lot of New Goods for Spring Suits ever brought to the market. The firm warrant to cut and fit and make Clothes cheaper and better than any first-class house in this city. A new and splendid assortment of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS are at all times to be found at his house, the Number is 50 SIXTH STREET.

BANKS.

PITTSBURGH
BANK FOR SAVINGS,
NO. 67 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
CHARTERED IN 1852.

OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of six per cent., free of tax, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

Board of Managers—Geo. A. Berry, President; S. H. Hartman, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. M'Kinley, Secretary and Treasurer.

A. Bradley, J. I. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, Jno. Scott, Robt. C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.

D. W. & A. S. Bell, Solicitors. my23-TF